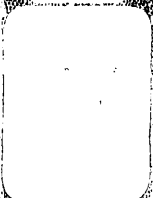


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THE TEXT ACCORDING TO MARK

BY

SILVA LAKE, PH.D.

LONDON: CHRISTOPHERS

1936

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FAMILY II AND THE CODEX  
ALEXANDRINUS

THE TEXT ACCORDING TO MARK

BY  
SILVA LAKE, PH.D.

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**TO  
K. L.**



## PREFACE

The greater part of the collating necessary for the preparation of this text was done from the manuscripts themselves during the two years (1929-31) when I was a John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Fellow. The reconstructed text and the introductory chapters were presented in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy at Brown University in the spring of 1936. Finally, publication was made possible by a generous grant from the American Council of Learned Societies towards the expense of the volume. To these institutions, therefore, and to those connected with them who helped to make easier a rather complicated task, I wish to express my most sincere gratitude.

I desire also to offer my warmest thanks to Dr. Norman Huffman for the collation of cdd. 489 and 1780; to Dr. David O. Voss for the note on the characteristics of the *K*<sup>r</sup> text given in Appendix D; to Miss Suzanne Halstead of Radcliffe College for her patient help in the preparation of the copy; to Prof. Robert P. Casey of Brown University and to my husband for their constant criticism of my theories; and finally to the Provost of Queen's for suggestions made some years ago during a long evening of discussion of the problems of the text of the New Testament. Although he has probably forgotten them, they have been of constant help to me.

The text to which the manuscripts were collated was Lloyd's edition of Stephanus, Oxford, 1894. I hope that the apparatus criticus and the collation of the Codex Alexandrinus in Appendix C will be found reasonably free from error. On the other hand, the tables in Appendix A were drawn up to illustrate tendencies and relationships and, while every effort was made to ensure their accuracy, they were not checked with the same meticulous care as was the apparatus criticus, which in cases of divergence should be given the preference. Under ideal condi-

tions, each manuscript should be collated at least twice before its publication and no one is more aware than I of the danger of error which arises when this is not done. On the other hand, the exigencies of travel or the regulations of libraries make it in some cases impossible to spend as much time on any one manuscript as might be desirable. In particular, among those included in this volume, I should have liked to have been able to check the collations from the library of the Monastery of St. Catherine on Sinai. These were among the first which I made, at a time when the characteristics of the text had not yet clearly emerged and when I had as yet no hint of the great importance that Cod. 1219 was to assume in the history of the Family. Since the regulations of that library forbid photography, I have no means of checking my original collation, made in 1929. In spite, however, of the obvious possibility that there may be mistakes, there is no reason to suppose that further collation would alter the position of the manuscript.

I would have preferred to have printed the tables on pp. 117-129, like those on pp. 130 ff., but the cost of this was prohibitive and the form in which they appear seemed to the editors the best compromise.

In printing the reconstructed text, the orthography and punctuation of Lloyd's edition of Stephanus were preserved, except in the very few cases where the manuscripts of the Family preserve a variant which affects the meaning of a passage. Purely orthographic variants are not usually quoted in the apparatus criticus, but may in some cases have been accidentally included. Only samples of the variant spellings of the manuscripts are given in the tables in Appendix A.

Inevitably, in a book where the preparation has covered so long a period, during which it has been necessary at times to lay it aside for some months, inconsistencies will be found both in method and expression. For example, to cite a very simple case, it is probable that  $f^{13}$  or  $fam^{13}$  sometimes appear instead of  $fam\ 13$ .

It will perhaps be useful to summarize the results of this investigation and to expound some of the problems which are plainer to the author than to any reader, just because they concern

not what has been written, but what it would be desirable to see written.

In working on the manuscripts included in this study, it became clear to me that von Soden's *K*<sup>a</sup> text was a real entity, although he had confused the issue by grouping the Codex Alexandrinus with *K* and *II*,—in much the same way as he had confused the issue of what is at present called the "Caesarean" text by associating Codex Bezae with *Θ* and 565. Just as Codex Bezae is connected with *Θ* and 565 in a very different manner from that in which they are related to each other, so the Codex Alexandrinus is connected with *K*, *II*, and the cognate minuscules in a very different way from that in which they are related to each other. *K*, *II* and a certain group of minuscules are a definite Family. This Family and the Codex Alexandrinus had, at some point in their history, a common ancestor which differed very little from the text which is found today in *II*, rather more from that of *A*. The reconstructed text of Family *II*, therefore, represents a manuscript older than the Codex Alexandrinus and affords another witness to a text which must have existed in the early part of the fifth century, if not before. Moreover, both the text of Family *II* and the Codex Alexandrinus were elements in the formation of the Ecclesiastical text,—the more or less standard text of the Middle Ages,—since it differs from each about equally and to the same extent that *II* differs from *A*.

Although the establishment of this relatively early text can be accomplished with considerable certainty, it is not equally easy to localize it. I am hardly more certain about the provenance of the text than when I started the work. On p. 67 I have ventured the guess that this may be the text of the Lucianic recension, a suggestion sure to occur to any one reading the discussion. Since, however, this is only a guess, I did not wish to discuss the point in the text, but it may perhaps be presented a little more fully.

There is sufficient but not overwhelming evidence that Jerome knew of three earlier recensions. These he connects with the names of Hesychius, Origen and Lucian. We know further that he associated the Hesychian text with Egypt and Alexandria, the Origenian with Palestine and the Lucianic with Constantinople and Antioch. No one of these three texts can be certainly identi-

fied with any manuscripts now extant. It is probable that in  $\Theta$ , 565 and the Georgian version we have a somewhat modified form of the text used by Origen in Palestine. Many critics believe that in  $\aleph$  and  $B$  we have the text of Hesychius, that is, of Egypt. It is, however, possible to ask whether the newly discovered Pap. 45 may not more nearly represent the text of Egypt in the early period. Finally, Westcott and Hort tended to identify with the Lucianic recension that text which they call the Syrian, others the Antiochian, Byzantine or Ecclesiastical.

A step in the right direction was taken by von Soden, who pointed out that the great mass of Greek manuscripts which are not witnesses to any one of the older forms of the text are similar in their general tendencies but vary considerably in detail and, moreover, that they can be separated into certain larger and smaller groups. He, however, inclined to identify his  $K^1$  text ( $\Omega$ ,  $V$  etc.) with the Lucianic recension. It seems to me thoroughly improbable that this late and most colorless text should be the Lucianic recension and, moreover, there is no proof that it existed at an early date. It is much more likely that Lucian is to be found in one of the earlier and more aberrant forms, or perhaps in von Soden's  $B$  or  $K^a$  (Family II) texts. In this connection it is important to remember that although at first von Soden looked on the  $K^a$  text as a variant from the  $K$  form, as shown by its symbol, he afterwards rightly regarded it as an aberrant form of the  $I$  text.

Clearly, there is at present an even less firm basis for identifying Lucian's text than that of Origen or of Hesychius. The problem does not seem, however, to be beyond hope. The key to the situation lies in the patristic quotations and in extending the study of the text of groups of manuscripts to the other three gospels. The reason for beginning with Mark was good. There are more, and more important, variants in the average chapter of Mark than in the average chapter of Matthew or Luke. The disadvantage is that Mark is, as a rule, not quoted by patristic writers nearly so much as the others.

There are, indeed, problems in dealing with patristic quotations of the New Testament. Perhaps the most difficult is that of determining whether the text of Matthew or Luke quoted in the

extant codices of any patristic work is that which the author himself used, or has been modified by scribes who eliminated what they believed were mistakes in the Biblical quotations. The situation is, however, not so bad as it was fifty years ago, thanks to the labors of the Kirchenväterkommission of the Berlin Academy. As each critical text of a patristic writer appears it is easier to determine the Biblical texts which he used, and to disentangle from the internal problem of the transmission of the text of any given author the external problem of the history of the text of the New Testament. With due allowance for textual aberration the problem is not impossible to solve, but only a matter of long-continued and laborious research.

With the study of more groups of manuscripts in the other two Synoptic Gospels, another problem will also approach solution, viz. the question of the texts of parallel passages. At present we can define with reasonable accuracy the texts of various groups of manuscripts in, for example, the verses referring to the Baptism in Mark. The text of each of these groups differs from that of the others. There are also variants in the same story in Matthew and again in Luke. Most of the variants in the text of any one group of manuscripts in Mark can be found in some other group in one of the other two gospels. There is no doubt that "harmonization" plays its rôle in this confusion, but it is easier to say that a variant is "harmonizing" than to define the details of the process involved. Throughout the reconstruction of the text of Mark in Family II this problem was most urgently felt. There is no doubt about the actual text of Family II but the solution of the problem of why it became what it is lies very largely in the intricacies of harmonization and must be left for future study.

SILVA LAKE

*Cambridge, Mass.*  
*December, 1936*



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**INTRODUCTION**  
**AND**  
**TEXT**



## CHAPTER ONE

### THE HISTORY OF THE PROBLEM

This edition of the text of Family II in Mark is a part of an attempt to clear up some of the problems which were adumbrated rather than stated by H. von Soden.<sup>1</sup> He grouped together most of the manuscripts here studied and gave them the title *K*<sup>a</sup>. Family II is, however, a preferable term, since II may well be the archetype of this text and the custom of designating a group by its most prominent member is now well established.

It will be remembered that von Soden thought that three recensions of the Gospel existed in the fourth century: the Antiochian or Koine, which he called *K*, the Jerusalem (*I*) and the Alexandrian or Hesychian (*H*). Since he included the Codex Vaticanus in the *H* class and Codex Bezae in the *I* class, it was concluded that *I* was roughly the same as Westcott's and Hort's "Western Text." This was soon seen to be wrong, and an article by K. Lake and R. P. Blake in the *Harvard Theological Review*<sup>2</sup> showed that *I* is really an extension of the class which was pointed out by K. Lake in *Codex 1 and Its Allies*.<sup>3</sup> A little later, Canon Streeter indicated a connection between this text and Caesarea,—rather than, as von Soden thought, Jerusalem. This was shown by the quotations in Origen. The suggestion was followed up in *The Caesarean Text* in the *Harvard Theological Review*,<sup>4</sup> and by Canon Streeter's further contribution, that von Soden's  $\Phi$  group was a weak witness to the Caesarean text.

These researches showed that a modified form of von Soden's *I*<sup>a</sup> text gives a fair representation of the "Caesarean" text as

<sup>1</sup> H. von Soden, *Die Schriften des Neuen Testaments*, Berlin, 1902-1913.

<sup>2</sup> K. Lake and R. P. Blake, *The Text of the Gospels and the Koridethi Codex*, *Harvard Theological Review*, XVI, 1923, pp. 267 ff.

<sup>3</sup> *Texts and Studies*, VII, 1902.

<sup>4</sup> K. Lake, R. P. Blake and S. New, *The Caesarean Text of Mark*, *Harvard Theological Review*, XXI, pp. 207 ff; B. H. Streeter, *The Four Gospels*, 1924.

used by Origen and Eusebius.<sup>5</sup> The chief witnesses to this text are W, Θ, 565, 700, 28, Family 1, Family 13, and the Georgian version; but a not unimportant corollary of the investigation is that the groups which von Soden classes as weak representatives of the *I* text (Φ, B, K<sup>a</sup> etc.) are presumably weak representatives of the Caesarean. Among these, K<sup>a</sup> is the most interesting, since von Soden included in it the Codex Alexandrinus (A).<sup>6</sup> In this classification he is, like most pioneers, half right and half wrong. A is not a member of Family II but is related to it. Obviously, Fam II tends to bridge the gap between the Caesarean, Alexandrian and Ecclesiastical texts. To complete it properly, similar editions should be made of von Soden's B, Φ, and Σ groups, but it may be doubted whether this need be done in quite such detail.

The study of the text of Fam II really began with W. Bousset's *Textkritische Studien*,<sup>7</sup> though Tischendorf and others had noticed the similarity of the texts of II and of K, and Scrivener had remarked on the resemblance of 489 (his w) to K. Bousset also realized that there is a connection between K, II, 565, Fam 1, the Ferrar group and the other minuscules which are now generally recognized as Caesarean. Though Bousset was wrong in putting KII in the front rank among these manuscripts, his merit<sup>8</sup> was to draw attention to this large group and it is remarkable how much he saw. His statement that a preliminary

<sup>5</sup> When we published *The Caesarean Text*, we did not fully appreciate the importance of reserving this term for readings which have a clear right to be considered as those used by both Origen and Eusebius. In passages, therefore, where quotations from both these writers are lacking, it is very doubtful whether, at least in Mark, any variant should be accepted as "Caesarean" which is not found either in Θ or in 565, the two extant manuscripts which most closely agree with the quotations in Origen and Eusebius. Readings found in some or all of the group Fam. 1, Fam. 13, 28 and W, but not in Θ or 565, frequently show indications of greater antiquity than those supported by Θ 565, but this does not affect the conclusion that they should nevertheless not be classed as Caesarean (though perhaps as pre-Caesarean, together with the newly discovered Pap. 45). Further elaboration of this point is, however, out of place here and will be included in the forthcoming edition of the Caesarean text of Mark.

<sup>6</sup> See H. von Soden, op. cit. II, p. 876.

<sup>7</sup> *Texte und Untersuchungen*, XI, 4, 1894, pp. 111-135.

<sup>8</sup> See *Codex 1 and its Allies*, K. Lake in *Texts and Studies*, VII, lxxiii.

text of the Family (in the narrower sense) could be made from KII and 489 is quite accurate.

H. von Soden made a great advance. He realized that KII were merely two members of a long line of manuscripts clearly derived from a single archetype and called this group *K<sup>a</sup>*.<sup>9</sup> His statements are rather obscure and the collations on which he worked must have been somewhat inaccurate, but his views have been substantially confirmed by the present investigation, except that:

- i. Codex Alexandrinus should not be classed with the Family,
- ii. More accurate collation has changed not a few readings,
- iii. The relations between the manuscripts of the Family can be made much more precise.

Von Soden also believed that *K<sup>a</sup>* was used by the author of the commentary of "Victor of Antioch" on Mark and in that of Titus of Bostra on Luke;<sup>10</sup> and thought that Chrysostom used this text in his homilies on John.<sup>11</sup> These views may be sound but need investigation in a separate monograph.

A study of von Soden's account of the *K<sup>a</sup>* group suggests the following major problems:

- i. Do these manuscripts represent a family or a text?<sup>12</sup>
- ii. Whether the group represent a text or a family, what relation does Codex Alexandrinus (A) bear to the other members of it?
- iii. How accurately is it possible to reconstruct the text of this group from the known representatives, and what relation do these known representatives bear to each other?

<sup>9</sup> For a list of these manuscripts see von Soden, *op. cit.*, II, pp. 850-893, and, for a discussion of them all, pp. 1160-70.

<sup>10</sup> See *op. cit.*, pp. 888 ff.

<sup>11</sup> See *op. cit.*, pp. 1466 ff.

<sup>12</sup> Although it may seem superfluous, let me reiterate that for clarity of discussion it is necessary to distinguish carefully between "text" and "family." In a "family," the manuscripts are so closely related to each other that their common archetype can be reconstructed with a very slight margin of error. The known representatives of a "text," on the other hand, show such similarities that they may once have had a common archetype, but each of them has been so considerably modified by successive copying, or even revision, that this archetype can be only approximately reconstructed, with due allowance for alternative possibilities in almost every reading.

- iv. What is the position of the text of this group in the larger setting of the history of the text of the New Testament as a whole?

To attempt to answer these four questions was the original purpose of this study and, as will be seen in detail below, the conclusions reached are:

- i. The *K<sup>a</sup>* text is that of a family, and may be called the text of Fam II.
- ii. The Codex Alexandrinus is not a member of this Family, nor yet its direct ancestor, but is derived from an ancestor of it.
- iii. On the basis of the twenty-one manuscripts studied, and even on the basis of the four or five best of these, the text of the family can be reconstructed with a quite negligible margin of error.
- iv. The text of Fam II is descended from a manuscript somewhat resembling the Codex Alexandrinus but with rather more Caesarean readings. Moreover, it represents one of the earliest stages in the development of the colorless text current in the Greek Church of the Middle Ages.

A number of other problems also suggest themselves. Some of these, such as, for example, the relation of M or Y to Fam II, have arisen as by-products of the work on the manuscripts of the *K<sup>a</sup>* group.<sup>13</sup> Many more, owing to lack of time and space, have proved impossible to deal with here. Chief among these are the questions: Is von Soden right in believing that the *K<sup>a</sup>* text in Mark is that of the commentary of Victor of Antioch? What is the relation of the *K<sup>a</sup>* text to Chrysostom? What less characteristic manuscripts can be considered to have primarily the text of Family II and how should they be grouped? And, most important of all, what is the text of Fam II in the other Gospels?

<sup>13</sup> See pp. 57 and 63.

## CHAPTER TWO

### THE MANUSCRIPTS

Some years ago in an appendix to *The Caesarean Text of Mark*,<sup>1</sup> Kirsopp Lake discussed von Soden's *K*<sup>a</sup> text, in connection with the manuscripts which he had collated on Sinai, in Jerusalem and at Patmos. On the basis of the readings in Mark xi he added to von Soden's list of the better representatives of *K*<sup>a</sup> a few manuscripts which he had himself investigated and said, "It appears clear that it would not be impossible . . . to reconstruct the *K*<sup>a</sup> text and the Ecclesiastical text. If this could be done, it would afford a far firmer basis for collations than the Textus Receptus and would often help to elucidate questions of mixture in the corrupt manuscripts of early texts."

To collate and relate to each other as many as possible of the mss mentioned by von Soden and by Lake was the next step and the basis of this edition. The list of those which von Soden considered as the best witnesses of the *K*<sup>a</sup> group is as follows:<sup>2</sup>

<i>Gregory</i>	<i>von Soden</i> <sup>3</sup>	<i>Gregory</i>	<i>von Soden</i>
*K	71	[1008]	[1330]
*II	73	[1009]	[1265]
*72	110	*1079	1045
114	1018	[1154]	[1236]
116	249	1200	1250
*178	210	*1219	1121
*265	285	*1346	1089
389	105	[1398]	[8358]

<sup>1</sup> *Harvard Theological Review*, 1928, pp. 342 ff.

<sup>2</sup> Those marked with an asterisk are, in von Soden's opinion, the most important.

<sup>3</sup> It proved impossible to collate eleven of von Soden's list and these are enclosed in square brackets above. None are among the best representatives of the group and it is extremely unlikely that by the addition of their evidence

<i>Gregory</i>	<i>von Soden</i>	<i>Gregory</i>	<i>von Soden</i>
*489	δ459	*1478	1144
[537]	[334]	*1500	79
652	1095	1546	1339
[775]	[461]	[1561]	[1344]
[796]	[δ161]	[1781]	[1166]
[904]	[4001]	*1816	1056

The manuscripts added by Lake to this list are the following, given by him in order of their apparent merit: 1318 (1256), 1313 (A 115), 1220, 1223 (1091).<sup>4</sup>

Dr. Norman Huffman of Brown University identified 1780 (von Soden's δ 412) as a manuscript of the *K*<sup>a</sup> group and it is therefore included in this study.

In addition to the manuscripts just listed, von Soden also associated the Codex Alexandrinus (A) with this group.

Since adequate technical descriptions of the mss can be found either in Tischendorf or in Gregory,<sup>5</sup> it seems unnecessary to repeat all the details, but the mss used and some relevant comments are as follows:

A. The Codex Alexandrinus in the British Museum in London, usually assigned to the fifth century.

This manuscript is called "Alexandrinus" because Cyril Lucar, then Patriarch of Constantinople, gave it in 1628 to Charles I through the British Ambassador, Sir Thomas Roe, who had befriended the patriarch in time of danger. The question is whether Cyril, who was Patriarch of Alexandria until 1621, found the codex in Alexandria or had himself taken it there.

a single family reading would be changed throughout the Gospel. In addition to the mss not collated, three (one from von Soden's and two from Lake's list) proved to contain less than forty per cent of the family readings and are not included in the apparatus: 1551 (von Soden's 1344), 1220 (not listed by von Soden), and 1223 (1091). For the collations of 489 and 1780 I am indebted to Dr. Norman Huffman of Brown University. I have myself collated all the other mss used in the following study, either from the originals or, in the case of those on Mount Athos, from photographs.

<sup>4</sup> The numbers in brackets are von Soden's, the others Gregory's.

<sup>5</sup> *Novum Testamentum Graece*, Vol. III, Leipzig, 1894; and *Textkritik des Neuen-Testamentes*, Vol. III, Leipzig, 1909.

The latter view has the better evidence,<sup>6</sup> as it rests on the direct statement of Matthew Muttis, the teacher of J. J. Wetstein's uncle and in his youth a companion of Cyril Lucar. Muttis states that Cyril took the manuscript from Mount Athos. This seems conclusive, and the only argument against it is the view that it was in Cairo, in the Library of the Patriarchs of Alexandria in the time of Athanasius III (1308), a notion based on the intrinsically improbable assumption that an Athanasius mentioned in an Arabic note on the first page of Genesis was the Patriarch of that name. This note was quite as probably written by a companion of Cyril Lucar. In any case, even if the manuscript was in Alexandria in the 14th century, it may well have been on Athos in the 17th.

On the other hand, more serious evidence of a tradition connecting it with Egypt is provided by a note in the hand of Cyril Lucar:

"Liber iste script<sup>us</sup> sacrae N. et V. Testam<sup>ti</sup>, prout ex traditione habemus, est scriptus manu Theclae, nobilis feminae Aegyptiae, ante mille et trecentos annos circiter, paulo post concilium Nicenum. Nomen Theclae in fine libri erat exaratum, sed extincto Christianismo in Agypto a Mahometanis et libri una Christianorum in similem sunt reducti conditionem. Extinctum ergo et Theclae nomen et laceratum sed memoria et traditio recens observat. ✠ Cyrillus Patriarcha Constantin<sup>us</sup>."

The tradition connecting A with an Egyptian Thecla is interesting, but the matter is obscure. Sir Thomas Roe was apparently somewhat confused as to what Cyril Lucar had told him. On January 30th, 1625,<sup>8</sup> he told Lord Arundel that the patriarch ascribed the codex to Thecla, "the protomartyr," but on February 27th, 1627,<sup>9</sup> he told Archbishop Abbot that "the Patriarch doth testify under his hand that it was written by the Virgin Thecla, daughter of a famous Greek called 'Αβγιερινός, who

<sup>6</sup> See F. C. Burkitt, *Codex Alexandrinus*, The Journal of Theological Studies, XI, 44, July 1910, pp. 603-606.

<sup>7</sup> *The Beginnings of Christianity*, Jackson and Lake, Vol. III, *The Text of Acts*, James Hardy Ropes, p. li.

<sup>8</sup> *Negotiations in Embassy to Ottoman Porte*, p. 235, letter 241.

<sup>9</sup> Op. cit. p. 618, letter 448.

founded a monastery in Egypt upon Pharaos (Pharos) tower, a devout and learned maid who was persecuted in Asia, and to whom Gregory Nazianzen hath written many letters . . . she died not long after the Council of Nicaea."

The Thecla here referred to is obviously she to whom Gregory Nazianzenus wrote four letters (56, 57, 222, 223). She was probably an abbess and it has been suggested, but without any serious evidence, that she was the head of the Convent of Saint Thecla at Seleucia, which Gregory visited (Orat. xxi, p. 399). Cyril Lucar was apparently confused as to the date of Gregory, for his own note at the beginning of A says that Thecla was a noble lady of Egypt, not long after the Council of Nicaea.

Paleographically, there is nothing to prevent the codex from having been written by or for this Thecla, but it is perhaps quite as likely to have been in Asia Minor or Constantinople as in Egypt.

**K.** The Codex Cyprius in the Bibliothèque Nationale in Paris. Gregory quotes the ninth century as the date of this ms but, as will be seen below,<sup>10</sup> its position in the group of *K*<sup>a</sup> manuscripts seems to prove it can hardly have been written earlier than the year 1000, and is perhaps as late as the middle of the eleventh century. This conclusion is so radical a departure from the accepted dating that I wrote M. Henri Omont on the point and, with his permission, quote his reply: "Après avoir revu plusieurs de nos vieux mss. onciaux, vous me voyez au regret de ne pouvoir vous apporter une conclusion précise, entre le IX<sup>e</sup>. et XI<sup>e</sup>. siècles, au sujet du ms. grec 63 (Codex Cyprius). Une note manuscrite de l'un de mes prédécesseurs, La Porte du Theil, en tête du ms., l'attribuait au VIII<sup>e</sup>. siècle, après Montfaucon; les auteurs du *Nouveau Traité de Diplomatique* le rapportaient au IX<sup>e</sup>. siècle, date qui figure dans mon *Inventaire des manuscrits grecs*, au I<sup>er</sup> volume, publié en 1886, et que Gregory, *Textkritik*, a adoptée en 1909, alors que en 1892, dans mes *Facsimilés des mss. grecs en onciales*, j'avais rapproché le ms. grec 63 au X<sup>e</sup>. siècle (planche XVII, 2) à côté de plusieurs autres volumes ou fragments en onciale ecclésiastique.

<sup>10</sup> See p. 36.

“Le petit nombre relatif de ces manuscrits, le plus souvent sans mention de dates, aussi bien que la tradition conservatrice des copistes, s’appliquant le plus souvent à imiter des modèles antérieurs, met obstacle à toute précision de date, et cela pour les manuscrits grecs et latins.”

In writing to Sir Frederic Kenyon on the manuscripts from the British Museum included in this study, I also mentioned the difficulty about K, and he replied as follows: “As to K, I know it only from the facsimile of a few lines in Scrivener; and that formal liturgical hand went on so long that if there is good proof that the manuscript must be not earlier than the 11th Cent., I do not think paleographical considerations can be urged strongly against it.”

K was brought to Paris from Cyprus in 1673. A colophon states that it was written by the monk Basil and bound by the monk Theodoulos, who commend themselves to the Virgin and St. Eutychios.

II. The Codex Petropolitanus in the Public Library in Lenin-grad. This manuscript is supposed to have been written in the ninth century, and was given in 1858 to the Emperor of Russia by a noble Greek of Syria in whose family it was said to have been for about a hundred years.

72. Cod. Harl. 5647 in the British Museum in London. This ms. is assigned by Tischendorf and von Soden to the eleventh century, but Sir Frederic Kenyon writes: “Harl. 5647 I should probably have dated 11th if the main text had stood alone; but your facsimiles<sup>11</sup> show that it might be 10th, and the marginalia are in a hand which I should certainly call 10th. So I should say 10th.” According to a Greek note at the end, the ms. was once the property of the Monastery of Simon Thaumaturgus ἐν τῷ θαυμαστῷ ὄρει, in the time of Peter the Abbot. This monastery was in the neighborhood of Antioch.<sup>12</sup> The ms. was later the property of a Presbyter David, the son of Michael

<sup>11</sup> *Dated Greek Minuscule Manuscripts to the year 1200*, by Kirsopp and Silva Lake, American Academy of Arts and Sciences, 1934 ff.

<sup>12</sup> See Anna Comnena, *Alexias*, xiii, 12, where the territory in Coele Syria given to Boemund the Crusader is described as the city of Antioch with its neighborhood, including the θαυμαστὸν ὄρος.

the Metropolitan of Bosra, and had been one of his father's books. This information is gathered from Arabic and Greek notes in the volume. The ms. reached England in the year 1731.

114. Cod. Harl. 5540 in the British Museum in London. C. R. Gregory assigns this ms. to the eleventh, or possibly the tenth century; Scholz to the thirteenth; von Soden and Kenyon to the tenth.

116. Cod. Harl. 5567 in the British Museum in London. It was assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the twelfth century, but Sir Frederic Kenyon writes: "It has a subscription which neither Gregory nor Scrivener mention: *το παρον εγραφη δια χειρος εμου θεοδοσιου μεγαλου βασιλεως ετει ατ..* (the last two figures faded and illegible). A dating by the Christian era is so rare as to make one pause, but I do not see how one is to get away from it, and the hand may be one of those 14th century hands which look as if they were earlier." This colophon presents several difficulties. As Sir Frederic mentions, dating by the Christian era is very rare as early as this. It is, however, not unknown. A more serious difficulty is the interpretation of the words immediately preceding the date. They would seem to mean that the book was written by the hand of Theodosius, the great king. The title used is that generally given in colophons to the Eastern Roman Emperor. I have not, however, been able to find any Emperor or pretender to the Empire by the name of Theodosius in the fourteenth century, nor, in fact, of any Theodosius reigning anywhere at that time. The most likely conjecture is that a word indicating some official position held by Theodosius under the Emperor was omitted between *θεοδοσιου* and *μεγαλου* and that the name of the Emperor is not mentioned. From the date he must have been Andronicus II, Andronicus III, John V, Constantine IV, John VI, Constantine V, Andronicus IV, John VII or Manuel II. This manuscript belonged in 1649 to a certain monk Athanasius, and in 1724 to Bernard Mould, then of Smyrna.

178. Cod. A.1.3 in the Biblioteca Angelica in Rome, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the twelfth century. A Greek note at the beginning states that it once belonged to the monas-

tery of John the Baptist, anciently called Petra. This monastery is known to have been in Constantinople.<sup>13</sup>

265. Cod. Gr. 66 in the Bibliothèque Nationale in Paris, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the twelfth century.

389. Cod. Ottob. 297 in the Vatican Library in Rome, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the eleventh century.

489. Cod. B.10.16 in Trinity College, Cambridge. This ms. was written by the hand of James the Monk on Mount Sinai in the year 1316. It once belonged to the monastery of Pantocrator on Mount Athos. From there it went to Bentley's collection (1662-1742), and so passed to Trinity College. This is the ms. which is quoted as  $\tau$  by Bentley and as  $w$  by Scrivener. Tischendorf, in his *Apparatus Criticus*, refers to it as  $w^{scr}$ .

652. Cod. 594 in the Staatsbibliothek in Munich, assigned by Gregory to the tenth or eleventh century, by von Soden to the eleventh. This manuscript once belonged to King Otto of Greece (a Bavarian prince who reigned from 1831 to 1862) and was taken to Munich in 1879. Mark iv. 20-vi. 24 has the text<sup>14</sup> of Fam 1, not that of Fam II.

1079. Cod. A. 23 in the Laura on Mount Athos, assigned by Gregory to the tenth century and by von Soden to the eleventh; K. Lake has found that the hand is that of a copy of Maximus (preserved in the same library) which was written in the year 970 by Luke the Monk.<sup>15</sup>

1200. Cod. 163 in the library of the monastery of Saint Catherine on Mount Sinai, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the twelfth century. A peculiarity of this ms. is that the miniatures of the evangelists are on the same page with the first verses of the text of each Gospel, instead of on the opposite page.

1219. Cod. 182 in the monastery of Saint Catherine on Mount Sinai, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the eleventh century. My husband and I are both inclined to place it in the last

<sup>13</sup> *Les Moines de Constantinople*, l'Abbé Marin, Paris; 1897, p. 74.

<sup>14</sup> See p. 33.

<sup>15</sup> A facsimile and description of the Maximus will be found in *Dated Greek Minuscule Manuscripts*, Fasc. III, Plate 156 and p. 9.

twenty years of the tenth century.<sup>16</sup> A number of paper leaves of Arabic and Syriac are inserted at the beginning and end of the volume.

**1313.** Cod. Patr. 28 in the library of the Greek Patriarchate in Jerusalem. Gregory and von Soden assign this manuscript to the eleventh century. It contains the commentary on Mark known as that of Victor of Antioch.

**1318.** Cod. Patr. 46 in the library of the Greek Patriarchate in Jerusalem, assigned by von Soden to the twelfth century.

**1346.** Cod. Saba 606 in the library of the Greek Patriarchate in Jerusalem, assigned by von Soden to the eleventh century.

**1478.** Cod. A. 48 in the Laura on Mount Athos, assigned by Gregory to the eleventh or twelfth, by von Soden to the eleventh, and by Lake originally to the tenth but later to the eleventh century.

**1500.** Cod. A. 78 in the Laura on Mount Athos, assigned by Gregory, von Soden and Lake to the ninth century.

**1546.** Cod. 698 in the monastery of Vatopedi on Mount Athos. This ms. is assigned to the thirteenth century by von Soden. It has a partially effaced colophon which Gregory reads as dating it in the year 1263. The numeral 11 in the colophon is written as  $\overline{\alpha\iota}$ , instead of  $\overline{\tau\alpha}$ .<sup>17</sup>

**1780.** This ms. was formerly Cod. 60 in the monastery of Kosinitza in Macedonia. It is now in the library of Duke University. Assigned by von Soden to the fourteenth, by Gregory to the twelfth and by K. Lake and myself to the eleventh or early twelfth century.

**1816.** Cod. A. vi. 26 in the Biblioteca Communale Queriniana in Brescia, assigned by Gregory and von Soden to the tenth century. The signatures in this ms. are in Armenian.

<sup>16</sup> Prof. Hatch in his *Greek Manuscripts of the New Testament at Mt. Sinai*, Paris, 1932, Plate 13, gives a photographic reproduction of this manuscript, about three-quarters full size. With this compare K. and S. Lake, *Dated Greek Minuscule Manuscripts*, Plates 7, 157, and 160.

<sup>17</sup> Cf. Lake and New, *Six Collations of New Testament Manuscripts*, Harvard Theological Studies, Vol. 17, Cambridge, 1932, p. 142. This inversion is, however, fairly common in inscriptions.

It has been more convenient to describe these mss. in the order of the numbers given to them by Gregory, but in any further discussion it seems preferable to take them in order of their value as representatives of the Fam II text. A list therefore follows, giving this order. It is based on the percentage which any given manuscript contains of the variants attested by the majority of the manuscripts II, 1219, 1079, 1346, and 265.

	<i>Manuscript</i>	<i>Per Cent</i>	<i>Date</i>
(1)	II	98.96	ix
(2)	1079	98.27	x
(3)	1219	97.58	x
(4)	1500	96.35	ix
(5)	1346	95.17	xi
(6)	265	94.82	xii
(7)	1816	92.41	x
(8)	178	92.41	xii
(9)	114	92.06	x or xi
(10)	489	90.68	xiv (1316)
(11)	652	90.00	x or xi
(12)	1313	88.96	xi
(13)	K	88.60	xi ?
(14)	389	82.75	xi
(15)	72	82.06	x or xi
(16)	1478	81.03	xi
(17)	1780	74.48	xi or xii
(18)	1546	70.34	xiii (?1263)
(19)	1200	65.86	xii
(20)	1318	61.10	xii
(21)	116	45.51	xiv (13..)

With five manuscripts attesting more than ninety-five per cent of the readings and eleven more than ninety per cent, it is obvious that this is a family of mss., rather than a loosely related group, and that a practically perfect Family text can be reconstructed from the evidence of the three best witnesses. If all those just mentioned are included, the theoretical margin of error in the reconstructed text is reduced almost to the vanishing point, and the collation of further weaker members of the group is useless from the point of view of the Family text, however interesting it may be to determine their relation to it.

## CHAPTER THREE

### THE STEMMA OF FAMILY II

In the table at the end of the last chapter the mss. are listed according to the percentage of Family readings preserved in each, the Family text being taken to be that of the majority of the five best witnesses to it. By this standard, II is the closest copy of a theoretical archetype, but not a perfect one. When, however, the mss. are studied in relation to each other it is found that all, with the probable exception of II and perhaps 1500, are descended from a single lost ms. which I have called *a* and that there is nothing to prove that 1500 is not a copy of *a*. Because of a copyist's mistake which could not have been made in copying a minuscule, it is clear that the archetype of *a* was an uncial. II is an uncial. Was it the archetype of *a*? If so, the scribe of *a* varied from II in the following readings:

		II	<i>a</i>
1.	ii. 20	νηστεουσιν	νηστεουσουσιν
2.	21	και ουδεις	ουδεις
3.	iv. 12	ακουουσι	ακουωσι
4.	v. 7	ελεγεν	λεγει
5.	40	εισπορευονται	εισπορευεται
6.	vi. 2	ακουσαντες	ακουοντες
7.	26	ηθελεν	ηθελησεν
8.	vii. 20	εκ του	το εκ του
9.	x. 10	αυτου	του αυτου
10.	xii. 31	εαυτον	σεαυτον
11.	xiv. 58	καταλυω	καταλυσω
12.	xv. 7	πεποιηκασιν	πεποιηκεισαν

Five of these (5, 7, 8, 10 and 11) are peculiar to II or have little other support and were corrected in II in a hand which is hardly, if at all, later than that of the text, so that the scribe of *a* may

well have followed the corrections. Moreover, in 1, 2 and 6 the scribe of *a* would merely have changed the less common reading found in *II* to the more common one, probably a quite unconscious process.<sup>1</sup> Only four times in the Gospel of Mark (3, 4, 9 and 12) is it necessary to assume that he introduced an individual or accidental variation.

It would be a most careful scribe who could copy the whole of Mark and diverge only twelve times from his model. It seems, therefore, unnecessary to introduce into the stemma a theoretical lost uncial which was the common direct ancestor of *II* and *a*, although such a theory is possible. It is more probable that *II* is itself the direct archetype of *a* and, through it, of the entire group. Since, however, *a* is the direct archetype of all the other mss. of the Family, as *II* is of *a*, it is sometimes the text of *a* which is printed below—not that of *II*: that is to say, in the printed edition the singular readings of *II* will be found in the apparatus, not in the text.

In establishing the relations of the mss. of the family to each other a few essential rules were followed:

- i. Agreement of two or more mss. in unsupported or obviously mistaken readings establishes a presumption of close relationship; but agreement in readings also found in many other mss. is not necessarily significant.
- ii. A peculiar "Family" reading, or one with little outside support, is not likely to be found in the descendant of a ms. which does not have it; but a "Family" reading which is also found in a number of non-Family mss. may through "re-infection" appear in a descendant of a ms. which has lost it.
- iii. Agreement in the usual, as against the "Family" reading is not necessarily significant.

Assuming then, that *II* is the archetype of the family, the next step is to find the relationship of the other mss. to each other. For this, the starting-point is the striking sub-singular reading *γαρ ετηρουν* in iii. 2. This is clearly a mistake in copying an

<sup>1</sup> In collating aloud in Greek monastic libraries I have found that the librarian almost always breaks in with a correction when I have read from a ms. a phrase which differs from that which he is accustomed to hear.

uncial (Γ might be read for Π, but hardly γ for π)<sup>2</sup> and is not likely to have been made independently by more than one scribe. Since, however, it is found in 114, 178, 1079, 1219 and 1346, it is possible either that one of these is the ancestor of the others or that all five are the immediate or more remote descendants of a lost manuscript, probably a minuscule, which was a copy of *a*.

The best method of testing which of these alternatives is correct is to see whether any single one of this group contains all the singular or sub-singular Family readings found in any of the other four. Family readings which are also those of a number of other mss. or groups are less useful for this purpose. By this test it is immediately clear that no one of 114, 1079 and 1219 can be the exemplar of the other two.

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
iii. 10	εθεραπευεν	114, 1219	—
v. 37	ακολουθησαι	1079, 1219	A 346
xi. 6	ειπαν	1079, 1219	ALΔ
xiii. 23	απαντα	1079, 1219	AMU
xv. 10	επεγνωσκεν	1079, 1219	A
40	om του ante ιακωβου	114, 1079	—
xvi. 2	μνημειον + ετι	1079, 1219	fam 1 565 Eus

The resemblance between 1079 and 1219 is undeniably striking but cannot be that of ancestor and descendant, for it is impossible to account for the appearance of a purely Fam II reading *εθεραπευεν* in 1219 if 1079 is assumed to be its ancestor, or the appearance of *ιακωβου* without *του* in 1079 if 1219 is its ancestor. Thus 114, 1079 and 1219 must be independent copies of the lost ms. *a* mentioned above.

On the other hand, on similar grounds, 178 and 1346, the remaining mss. reading *γαρ ετηρουν*, might be descended either from 1079 or from 1219 and the only way in which this point can be settled is to turn back to the non-Family variants which have little or no outside support:<sup>3</sup>

<sup>2</sup> Perhaps a similar mistake is the basis of a variant in Lk. xviii. 14: ΠΑΡ ΕΚΕΙΝΟΝ & BDL, Η ΓΑΡ ΕΚΕΙΝΟΣ ΑΡΤΑΠ etc., ΗΠΕΡ ΕΚΕΙΝΟΣ min. pauc. Bas., ΥΠΕΡ ΕΚΕΙΝΟΝ Doroth., Η ΕΚΕΙΝΟΣ min. vix mu, etc.

<sup>3</sup> See Table V, p. 124ff.

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
vi. 20	ακουσας] ακουων	1346, 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1780	28 al
31	om οι 2°	1346, K, 389, 489	CM al
32	απηλθεν	1346, 72, 178	EFGHVT fam 13, 700
vii. 8	om τοιαυτα	1346, 72	al pauc
x. 32	αυτους] αυτοισ	1346, 1200, 1780	—
35	προπορευονται	1346, 1318	SΔ al pauc
xii. 29	ημων] σου	1346, 1200, 1318	al <sup>5</sup> Athan. Cyp. Hil. c
xv. 40	om η ante ιακωβου	1346, 265, 489, 1200, 1219, 1318, 1816	DL 33, fam 13, 565

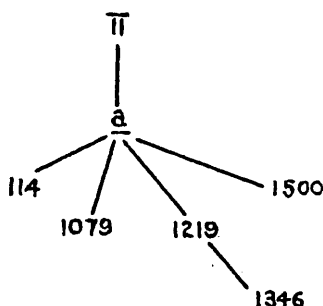
There is no connection here between 1079 and 1346 and, except in the last of these variants, there is no direct connection between 1346 and 1219. On this showing, 1346 might be an independent copy of *a*. But since it is proved below<sup>4</sup> that all the other Family mss. mentioned in this table are immediate or remote descendants of 1219 it is clear that 1346 must also be descended from it. An examination of the Family readings of 1346 shows, however, that it cannot be an ancestor of the others, although connected with them.

By the same method as that used for 1346 it can be proved that 178 is also descended from 1219, but at a much greater remove. For this reason it will simplify the discussion of the stemma to drop the question of 178 for the moment and bring it up again with that of the mss. with which it most closely associated.

1500 does not have γαρ ετηρουν or any reading indicating a close relationship with other manuscripts of the Family, but it does agree with the majority of Family mss. against II in the few cases where the text of II was changed by the scribe of *a*. If, therefore, II is the archetype of the Family, 1500 must also derive from it through *a* and, at this point, the stemma may be reconstructed as on the following page.

What other manuscripts, if any, are closely connected with

<sup>4</sup> See p. 22ff.



1219?<sup>5</sup> Here again, examination of the sub-singular readings is the first step. Those found in 1219 and not already mentioned are:

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
i. 44	om μηδενι	1219, 1816	—
iii. 22	δαιμονων	1219, 489, 1816	—
xiv. 65	αυτω 1 <sup>o</sup> ] αυτον	1219, 489	—
iii. 20	ο οχλος	1219, 489, 1780	Σ <sup>c</sup> ABDΔ al
vii. 11	μητρι + αυτου	1219, K, 116, 265, 389, 489, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780	Θ 700 boh pesh
ix. 18	εκβαλλωσιν	1219, 72, 489, 652, 1318	fam 1 al
x. 7	μητερα + αυτου	1219, 489	Σ DM
46	ο υιος	1219, 489	Σ BCLSA al <sup>20</sup>
xv. 12	παλιν αποκριθεις	1219, 489, 1780	Σ BC 33, 565 al

The most striking agreement here is that between 1219 and 489. This von Soden also noted and he believed 489 to be a copy of 1219. It is possible that he was right, but since 489 also agrees with other descendants of 1219 in readings which are not those of

<sup>5</sup> It will be seen below that no other manuscripts among those studied are descended directly from *a*, and none from *a* through 114, 1079 or 1500.

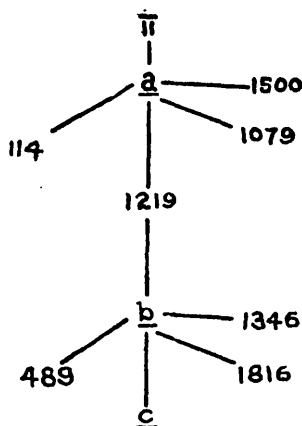
Fam II, the Byzantine text or 1219,<sup>6</sup> and since, both because of its date and because it lacks family readings found in some of the others, it cannot be their ancestor, I believe that it is a copy of an intermediate lost manuscript which I have called *b*.

The last list also indicates a connection between 1816 and 1219. At first I thought that this was because both were descendants of *a*, but 1816 sometimes agrees with various descendants of 1219<sup>7</sup> against 1219, and has no readings which contradict the hypothesis that it is descended from 1219 through *b*. It cannot however itself be *b*, as it lacks some Family readings found in other descendants of *b*. Similarly, 1346 must be a descendant of 1219 through *b*, rather than directly.<sup>8</sup>

			<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
<sup>6</sup> E.g.	i. 14	om τον	489, 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	AEFGHSUVTΘ al <sup>50</sup>
	ii. 10	αμαρτ. επι τησγησ	489, 114	B al pauc
	v. 37	ιακωβου] αυτου	489, 652	Δ fam 1 al
	vi. 4	συγγενευσι	489, 652, 1780	B*EFGHΔLUV fam 1 fam 13 33 al mu
	16	om ο	489, K, 72, 116, 178, 652, 1313, 1318, 1780	CDUV al <sup>45</sup>
	31	om οι 2°	489, K, 389, 1346	CM al <sup>10</sup>
	xv. 10	παρεδεδωκεισαν	489, 1313, 1478, 1780	al pauc
	xvi. 14	υστερον + δε	489, 72, 1318	AD al <sup>10</sup>
<sup>7</sup> E.g.	v. 7	om ιησου	1816, 652, 1780	fam 1 33 al pauc
	vi. 4	om οτι	1816, 1318, 1546	SΔ fam 13, 565 al <sup>20</sup>
	33	προσηλθον	1816, 1478	LΔ fam 13 al pauc
	ix. 13	οτι και] οτι	1816, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	MNUT fam 1, 28 al
	38	om και εκωλ. . . . ημιν	1816, 178	al
	xi. 21	εξηραται	1816, 1318	X al <sup>20</sup>
	xii. 38	αυτοις] αυτους	1816, 1780	F al pauc
	39	πρωτοκαθεδριας	1816, 1546	fam 13, 28
	xiii. 16	om εις τα	1816, 1780	⌘ D al pauc
	xiv. 40	om παλιν	1816, 265	al pauc
	xv. 40	om και post ην	1816, 1318, 1546, 1780	CDUGT 1 33

<sup>8</sup> See tables on p. 27f.

Thus there are three mss. descended from 1219 through *b*, no one of them more closely associated than the others with the remainder of 1219's descendants. Another missing ms. must therefore be postulated (*c*) and the stemma to this point is:



Consideration of the sub-singular readings affords a clue to the further development of the stemma. Among the remaining mss. two small groups stand out very clearly: 72, 178, 652, and 1313 form one of them; 1200, 1318, 1478 and 1546 the other.<sup>9</sup>

The first of these is characterized especially by the following readings, which indicate a common origin:

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
xi. 14	ηκουσαν	72, 178, 652, 1313	—
xii. 6	om εσχατον	72, 178, 652	—
28	om αυτοις	72, 178, 652, 1313	—
35	εν τω ιερω διδασκων	72, 178, 652, 1313	—

Among these four, the best representative of the Family text is 178, but it cannot be the exemplar of the others, since it lacks certain unusual Family readings found in some of the others (e.g. i.42, ii.2, v.10, vi.14 and 34, etc.). The common ancestor of the group is therefore called *e*.

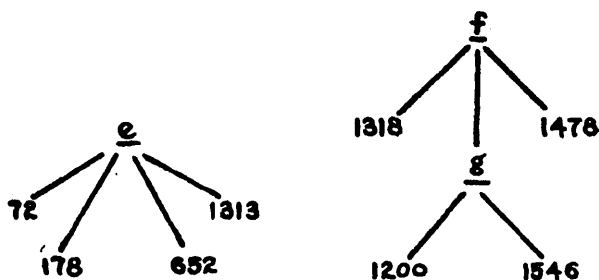
Especially characteristic of the second group (1200, 1318, 1478, 1546) are the readings on the following page:

<sup>9</sup> See Table V, p. 124.

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
ii.	20 εν τη ημερα εκεινη	1200, 1546	—
iv.	22 εαν μη] ου μη	1200, 1546	—
	26 ελεγεν + αυτοις	1200, 1546	—
v.	5 ημερας και νυκτος	1200, 1478, 1546	—
vi.	12 εξελθοντες + οι μαθηται	1200, 1546	—
x.	1 εις] επι	1318, 1478	—
	16 επ' αυτα] επ' αυτοις	1318, 1546	—
	52 ηκολουθησε	1200, 1318	—
xi.	2 κωμην] πολιν	1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	—
	13 τι εν αυτη ευρησει	1200, 1318, 1546	—
xiv.	40 ανταποκριθωσι	1318, 1478, 1546	—
	72 εμνησθη	1200, 1318	—

Clearly these variants prove the common origin of this group and, again, no one of the four can have been the exemplar,—which is therefore called *f*. But it is also true that 1200 and 1546 are more closely connected with each other than with 1318 or 1478, though neither can be a copy of the other since each has unique family readings which the other lacks. It is therefore necessary to postulate another lost ms. called *g* (parallel with 1318 and 1478), of which 1200 and 1546 are copies.

The two groups can be diagrammed thus:



But these two groups are connected with each other:

		<i>Family Evidence</i>
ii.	1 εισηλθεν ο Ιησους παλιν	652, 1318
v.	14 om και ηλθον ·· γεγονος	652, 1546
vi.	15 om δε ante ελεγον 2°	652, 1313, 1318

		<i>Family Evidence</i>
vii. 22	om υπερηφανια	178, 1200
ix. 8	om ουκετι	1313, 1318
xiii. 2	λιθου	1200, 1313, 1318, 1546
xiv. 43	om ετι	72, 1318
xv. 26	γεγραμμενη	652, 1200

and both groups are connected with the remaining five mss. which have not yet been placed (K, 116, 265, 389, 1780), and these with each other:

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
ii. 20	om εν εκειναισ ταισ ημεραισ	389, 1313	—
iv. 24	αντιμετριθησεται	116, 1318	—
vii. 28	απεκριθη και] αποκρι- θαισα	116, 1780	—
viii. 7	και ιχθυδια	1478, 1780	—
ix. 45	om σε 2°	389, 1313	—
x. 24	αποκριθεις παλιν	1200, 1318, 1546, 1780	—
xii. 28	ακουσας] ακουσαι	K, 116	—
35	του δαβιδ	116, 1200	—
xiii. 19	om τοιαυτη	389, 1200, 1318	—
32	οι εν ουρανω] του θεου	389, 1780	—
xiv. 5	om τοις	178, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	—
xv. 42	παρασκευη ην	116, 389	—
i. 16	εις την θαλασσαν	178, 389, 1318	fam 13, 28, 565, syr sin
17	om γενεσθαι	389, 1318, 1780	fam 1, fam 13, 28, 700
33	τη θυρα	1200, 1780	U al pauc
35	απηλθεν + ο Ιησους	265, 1780	FGV al

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
38	εληλυθα	116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1780	ΔW fam 13, 28, 565
ii. 26	om του 2°	K, 116, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780	CM
iii. 17	του ιακωβου] αυτου ιακωβου	389, 1780 K, 116, 1200, 1546	G 28 CSΔ fam 1, fam 13
iv. 7	απεπνιξαν	1478, 1780	33 al pauc
30	ομοιωσω	K, 389, 1200	fam 13, 28, al pauc
32	σπαρη] αυξηθη	1318, 1780	al
v. 10	αποστειλη αυτους	116, 178	AM
13	om ευθεωσ	178, 389	Dam
14	om τι εστιν	389, 1780	H
vi. 7	προσκαλεσαμενος (om και)	116, 389, 652, 1780	D fam 1, 565
14	την ακοην ιησου φανερων	265, 1546, 1780	M fam 13
16	απο των νεκρων	116, 1318	C Or
18	om οτι	389, 1318	D 28
26	ηθελεν	178, 265	fam 1
48	εναντιος ο ανεμος	116, 389	Ν A fam 1, 28
vii. 23	ταυτα παντα	K, 116, 389	Γ 33, fam 13, 28
33	επιλαβομενος	389, 1780	ΕΓ al
36	μηδεν	652, 1780	al <sup>2</sup>
viii. 4	αρτον	K, 652, 1200	FHΓ fam 1
8	ωσει	265, 1780	M al <sup>10</sup>
ix. 6	εμφοβοι	K, 389	U al pauc
38	τινα + επι	116, 1318	U al <sup>20</sup>
x. 10	om περι του αυτου	K, 116	al
27	om παντα γαρ . . . θεω	389, 1318	Δ fam 1
30	om νυν	178, 389	D
32	om και ακολουθουντες εφοβουντο	K, 265, 1546, 1780	D 28, 700

			<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
xi.	2	κατεναντι] απεναντι	178, 1780	M al pauc
xii.	7	ειπον προς εαυτους] θεασαμενοι αυτον ερχομενον προς αυτους ειπον	652, 1200, 1318, 1546	fam 1, 28, al
xiii.	19	om ησ εκτισεν ο θεος	265, 389	D Θ 28, 565
	24	εκεινην] των ημερων εκεινων	178, 1200, 1318, 1546	fam 13 al pauc
	25	αι εν τοις ουρανοισ] των ουρανων	K, 389	D al pauc
xiv.	3	om τη	389, 652, 1200, 1318, 1780	Ν 565
	14	om οτι	389, 1546	U Or hl*
	71	om τουτον	K, 389	DN al <sup>5</sup>
xv.	10	om οι αρχιερεις	389, 1200	B fam 1
xvi.	3	εκ] απο	265, 1200	CDΘW fam 13

This list of variants, all with little or no support, indicates quite clearly that groups *e* and *f* and codices 116, 389 and 1780 are closely related to each other and less closely to K and 265. Another lost ms., *d*, must therefore be postulated as an ancestor of all but K and 265. Are the descendants of *d* related to K<sup>10</sup> and 265 because all are descendants of *c*? If so, they should show also some relationship to 1219, 489, 1346 and 1816, i.e. to *b*. The following table proves that there is such a relationship:

			<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
ii.	10	αμαρτ. επι της γης	489, 114	B al pauc
iii.	20	ο οχλος	1219, 489, 1780	ABDΔ
v.	37	ιακωβου] αυτου	489, 652	Δ fam 1 al
vi.	16	om ο	489, K, 72, 116, 178, 652, 1313, 1318, 1780	CDUV al
	31	om οι 2°	1346, 489, K, 389	CM al <sup>10</sup>

<sup>10</sup> An indication that K and 389 are copies of a minuscule, not an uncial is the variant *εμφοβοι* in ix.6. The uncial forms of M and K could not be confused, but the minuscule forms are very similar.

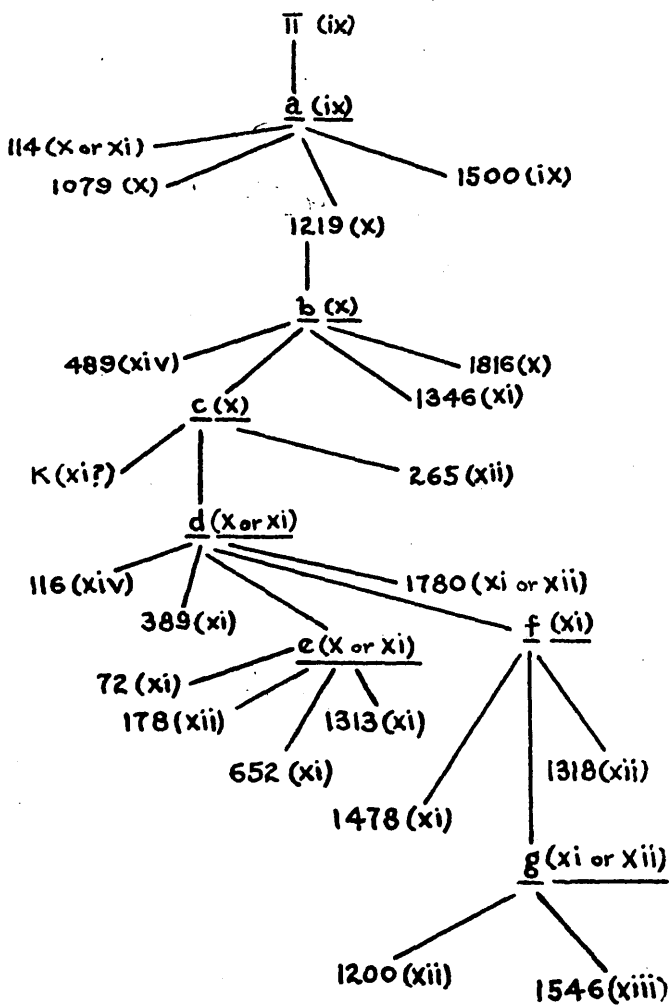
		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
vii. 11	μητρι + αυτου	1219, 489, K, 116, 265, 389, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780	Θ 700
ix. 18	εκβαλλωσιν	1219, 489, 72, 652, 1318	fam 1
xv. 10	παρεδεδωκεισαν	489, 1313, 1478, 1780	al pauc
12	παλιν αποκριθεις	1219, 489, 1780	Ν BC 33, 565
40	om η ante μακωβου	1816, 1346, 1219, 489, 265, 1200, 1318	DL 33, fam 13 565
xvi. 14	υστερον + δε	489, 72, 1318	AD al <sup>10</sup>

This is not a long list but, especially considering how rarely 1219 varies from the family text, it is very significant. Three of the variants (vi.31, xv.12 and xv.40) also point to the connection between 1346 and 1816 and the more remote descendants of 1219 mentioned above in the discussion of those manuscripts, (pp. 19-21). Further evidence on this point is:

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
v. 13	εισηλθεν	1816, 1313	—
x. 32	αυτουσ] αυτοισ	1346, 1200, 1780	—
xi. 3	τουτω	1816, 1780	—
v. 7	om ιησου	1816, 652, 1780	fam 1, 33, al pauc
vi. 4	om οτι	1816, 1318, 1546	SΔ fam 13, 565
20	ακουσας] ακουων	1346, 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1780	28 al
32	απηλθεν	1346, 72, 178	EFGH fam 13, 700 al
33	προσηλθον	1816, 1478	LΔ fam 13
vii. 8	om τοιαυτα	1346, 72	al
viii. 25	ανεβλεψεν	1816, 72, 178, 265, 652, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780	FM al

		<i>Family Evidence</i>	<i>Other Evidence</i>
ix. 13	οτι και] οτι	1816, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	MNUT fam 1, 28
38	οm και εκωλυσαμεν . . ημιν	1816, 178	al
x. 35	προπορευονται	1346, 1318	SΔ al pauc
xi. 21	εξηραται	1816, 1318	X al <sup>20</sup>
xii. 29	ημων] σου	1346, 1200, 1318	al <sup>5</sup>
38	αυτοις] αυτους	1816, 1780	F al pauc
39	πρωτοκαθεδριαισ	1816, 1546	fam 13, 28
xiii. 16	οm εις τα	1816, 1780	N D al pauc
xiv. 40	οm παλιν	1816, 265	al pauc
xv. 40	οm και post ην	1816, 1318, 1546, 1780	CDUGT 33, 1

Doubtless some of these agreements, though found in few if any other mss., are accidental,—but certainly not all. It is therefore possible to reconstruct the whole stemma, so far as the relationship of each ms. to the text of Fam II is concerned. This does not, however, indicate any non-Family influence which might affect a ms. (cf. for example, the discussion of 389 on p. 37ff), or attempt to define the stages of copying which might have intervened between a given ms. and the point at which it diverges from the Family stemma. For instance, to take an extreme case, 178, although a descendant of *e*, has 92.41 per cent of the Family readings while 116, a descendant of *d*, has only 45.51 per cent. Clearly 178 is a very faithful copy of *e*, while 116 has either gone through one thorough correction or is the last of a series of copyings in which the characteristic readings of Fam II have been gradually eliminated. With these reservations, the following diagram probably gives a fairly accurate picture of the relation of the mss. to each other, at least so far as can be judged from the text of Mark:



## CHAPTER FOUR

### TEXTUAL PECULIARITIES OF THE INDIVIDUAL MANUSCRIPTS

In successive copyings the characteristic Fam II readings tended to disappear, and foreign elements to intrude. A description of the individual peculiarities of each ms. is therefore desirable, and, except in the case of two (389 and 652), can be given very briefly. The mss. are listed in the order of their value as witnesses to the text of the Family. (Cf. the table on p. 15.)

II. With the exception of the brief list of variants on p. 16, this manuscript has the text of the Family and is probably its archetype. The fact that one of the few readings not copied by *a* (See p. 16) is found only in M, another in *r*, and a third in A signifies little,—the character of the text of II is that of the Family as given in Chapter V.

**1079.** This ms. agrees more closely with the reconstructed Family text in variants from the T. R. than any other except II. It has, however, more peculiarities than 1219; usually obvious mistakes which are unsupported. A few, and the readings shared with some other Family mss., are supported either by ALMN, by D or by some of the Caesarean group.

**1219.** In this ms. there are only 19 variants from the reconstructed Family text, 9 of which are little more than spelling. Except for the light they throw on the relationship between 1219 and the other mss. of the Family, they are of no importance. The few which are found also in non-Family mss. are supported by such diverse evidence as 700 and  $\text{NBCLSA}$ , or (in 7 cases) are merely the usual mediaeval text as against the rarer Family readings.

**1500.** This is another ms. which is so faithful a copy of the text of Fam II that its occasional variants, whether supported by other mss. or not, are of no interest. It is perhaps surprising that 1500 and 1079 do not seem to have been the exemplars of any of the later manuscripts of Family II which are also found on Mount Athos.

**1346.** With slightly more assimilation to the Ecclesiastical text than the preceding mss., this is still a remarkably good representative of the Family text, with no interesting peculiarities.

**265.** This ms. agrees with the Family text in nearly 95% of the cases where this differs from the Textus Receptus, but has a number of readings not found in any other Family ms. Many of these are errors or individual peculiarities, but some (about 20) are supported by non-Family evidence, and this outside attestation is consistently given by some of the Caesarean group, with or without D. There are not enough of these readings to suggest a revision in 265 of the text of Family II by a ms. of the Caesarean type, but they are significant. They were clearly introduced, perhaps consciously, but probably more often not, by a scribe who was familiar with the Caesarean text. This inference is not invalidated by the fact that in the few cases where 265 deviates from the Family text in favor of that found in the Textus Receptus, the Family text is often also that of the Caesarean text. It merely means that the scribe knew the Caesarean text in a somewhat weakened form.

**1816.** This ms. is a distinctly less good witness to the text of Fam II than the preceding, but is also less influenced by any older text. In other words, more of the distinctively Family readings have been lost but there are very few singular readings and the majority of these are errors. It must be noted, however, that up to this point and in a number of mss. still to be listed, the variation from the Family text is so slight as to preclude the idea of any conscious attempt to conform more closely to the standard text of the Middle Ages.

178. This, also, is an extremely good representative of the Family text and its scribe seems to have had very little tendency to assimilate to the Ecclesiastical standard,—that is, Family readings not found in 178 had for the most part already disappeared in *e*. It has 38 variants which are not shared with any other manuscript of Fam II. Of these 16 are homoioteleuta, or careless omission of single words, and any support which is found for the remainder is of so scattered a nature that it suggests only coincidence. It is odd that the 4 readings which indicate that 178 is closely connected with 72, 652 and 1313 are all in chapters xi and xii, but the character of the text of 178 is so uniform throughout the Gospel that it is hard to believe that the scribe can have changed his exemplar at this point.

114. Except for a slight additional infiltration of Ecclesiastical readings, this is an excellent copy of *a*. Apart from variants which are merely matters of fashion in spelling and those in which 114 has substituted the more common reading for the distinctive reading of Fam II, it varies only 11 times from the text which *a* must have given and 6 of these 11 variants are accidental omissions. Only one, *πορευου* for *υπαγε* in v. 34, is remarkable. It is found elsewhere only in Θ 565 700 and within the Family in 1223, which is so poor a representative of Fam II that it is not included in the present study. This variant suggests the possibility that 1223 may be a descendant of 114, but is harmonistic to Luke and may have occurred in both manuscripts independently.

489. This ms. has in a number of cases substituted the usual Ecclesiastical reading for the characteristic Family reading of *b*. This is not surprising, considering its date. More difficult to explain are the 10 variants not found in any other representative of Fam II, but all attested by one or more mss. of the Caesarean text, sometimes with and sometimes without other support:

i. 5	om η	HMΘ 543
iv. 31	μικροτερον	Σ BDLMAΘ 13, 28
v. 11	τα ορει post μεγαλη	MW 28, fam 13

vi. 33	προσηλθεν	13, 346
viii. 30	λεγουσιν	W al
ix. 3	om στιλβοντα	fam 1, 346 al
19	om αυτοις	C fam 13, k georg
xii. 22	εσχατον + δε	GMUΘΣ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700
xiv. 22	om ο Ιησους	BDW 565 lat sah georg
xv. 39	θεου ην	Ν BLΓΔΨΘ al

At the present time, no ms. of the Caesarean text is known to be at Saint Catherine's on Sinai, where 489 was written, and there is no evidence to show that such a ms. was in that library in the first part of the fourteenth century. Moreover, no one of the known mss. of the Caesarean text would give all the variants found in 489. The only reasonable explanation is that, either on Mount Sinai or in some other place where the monk John had previously lived, a weak Caesarean ms. was in current use, and some of its readings were substituted, whether consciously or by accident, for those found in the exemplar. Finally, there are about a dozen variants in 489 which are sheer mistakes and which make nonsense of a word or a phrase, suggesting that the scribe was rather careless or rather ignorant.

**652.** The problem of the text of Mark in this ms. falls into two definite sections. From Mark i.1 to iv.19 and from vi.25 to the end of the Gospel it has the text of Fam II, but from Mark iv.20 to vi.21 it is an excellent witness to the text of Fam 1. For this reason, its variants have been omitted from the Apparatus Criticus from Mark iv.20 to vi.21 and a collation of this section with the text of Fam 1 is given below, together with the evidence of Fam 1 mss. and the T. R.:

iv. 36	τα πλοια	—
37	επεβαλεν	—
38	μελλει	118, 131, 209, s
v. 9	ονομα μοι	118, 131, 209, s
13	αυτοις + ευθεωσ ο Ιησους	s
14	om και εξηλθεν ιδειν τι εστι το γεγονος (sed. add. man. prim. marg.)	—
21	om και ην	—

25	γυνη τις	118, 131, s
33	αιτιαν] αληθειαν	118, 131, 209, s
37	αυτου] Ιακωβου	131, s
vi. 2	om εν τη συναγωγη	—
	ινα και δυναμεισ	—
6	κυκλω κωμασ	—
13	εξεβαλον	118, 209

As will be seen from the evidence in the second column, 652 agrees with 118, 131 and 209 rather than with the best representative of the Family, Codex 1.

There is nothing in the external appearance of the ms. to indicate the abrupt changes of text at iv.20 and vi.21. The hand is uniform throughout the Gospel and the section which agrees with Fam 1 is not confined to a unit, such as one folio, which might be a replacement. The most probable explanation is that on one day the scribe of 652 did not copy from his usual exemplar.<sup>1</sup> It would be interesting to know where the monastery was located which possessed in the tenth or eleventh century a good ms. of the Fam 1 type and an equally good ms. of the Fam II type.

The light which it may throw on the history of the text of Fam 1 is perhaps the most important feature of this ms. It is assigned by Gregory either to the tenth or the eleventh century. Thus it is earlier than Codex 1, if the date advocated for that manuscript by Burgon, Omont and later by Lake be correct. Yet the text of Fam 1 in 652 contains some Ecclesiastical readings and is therefore closer to the other three mss. of Fam 1

<sup>1</sup> An alternative is that this represents a gathering in the exemplar of 652, which had been replaced from a Fam. 1 ms. To this theory, however, there are two objections:

- i. The other descendants of *e* do not have a Fam. 1 text at this point and there is no reason to insert another lost ms between *e* and 652.
- ii. No extant mss of Fam. 1 show a gap in the text of any ancestor in Mark iv-vi.

A coincidence of no apparent importance is the similarity in length between this block of Family 1 text (about 212 lines in Lloyd) and six leaves of the common ancestor of 118 and 209 (219 lines in Lloyd) as estimated by Lake (cf. *Texts and Studies*, Vol. VII, p. xxviii).

than it is to Codex 1 itself. It is quite possible that the exemplar of this section of 652 was the  $x$  postulated by Lake<sup>2</sup> as the common ancestor of 118 and 209. In any case, an already weakened Fam 1 text was in existence before Codex 1, which cannot, therefore, have been the archetype of Fam 1. Codex 1 and the exemplar of 652 in Mark iv-vi are both copies of earlier mss. of the Fam 1 group, and although the text of Codex 1 is unquestionably the best in most cases it is possible that some original readings may have descended through the other branch.

In the remainder of the Gospel of Mark 652 has the text of Fam II, with a few variants not found elsewhere in the Family, but with some outside support. Among 19 such readings 6 are quite unimportant, with merely scattered support. The remaining 15 are all found in some Caesarean witnesses. Fam 1 supports 10, as might have been expected. The other 3 are more important:

i. 13	+ και νυκτος τεσσαρακοντα	M (fam 13 L 33)
xiv. 41	απεχει + το τελος	fam 13, 565
xv. 3	+ αυτος δε ουδεν απεκρινατο	NUWΔΘΣΨ fam 13, 33, 565

Do these indicate that in addition to a Fam 1 ms. and a Fam II ms. there was also a ms. of the Ferrar group in the monastery where 652 was written? Or do they indicate that these readings were originally in the text of that branch of Fam 1 to which 652 belongs?

There are also a few unique readings in 652. Some of these are accidental slips, but the majority make as good sense, or better, than the usual text. As they occur throughout the Gospel, regardless of the basic text, they can hardly be other than the peculiarities of the scribe of this particular ms.:

iii. 20	om μηδε
iv. 26	βαλη ανθρωπος
vi. 2	om εν τη συναγωγη

<sup>2</sup> Cf. *Codex 1 and its Allies*, by K. Lake, Texts and Studies, Vol. VII, no. 3, pp. xxv ff., Cambridge, 1902.

24	η δε ειπε] και ειπε
viii. 22	εισφερουσιν
ix. 19	εως ποτε ανεξομαι υμων· εως ποτε προς υμας εσομαι
xii. 27	πολυ] πολλα
xiv. 16	ηλθον] απηλθον

**1313.** This ms., although not one of the best authorities for the text of Fam II, has very few variants from it except in agreement with the Ecclesiastical text. Seven of its readings are unsupported, and seem to be mistakes. Among those which have little or no support within the Family but some elsewhere there is a marked agreement with Codex Bezae, but they are so few that they probably have little or no significance. There is no evidence of influence from Fam 1, as in two manuscripts (72 and 652)<sup>3</sup> which are closely connected with 1313. In this respect, it is similar to 178, the fourth member of this small group.

**K.** The problem of K is chronological, not textual. Its position in the stemma of the Family is corroborated by the fact that in the number of Family readings which it preserves it is thirteenth among the mss. studied. It is, however, an uncial and has usually been dated in the ninth century. 1219 can hardly have been written before the year 980 or long after the year 990.<sup>4</sup> Probably *b* was written not long after 1219, especially in view of the fact that 1816 is usually dated in the tenth century. The copying of a ms. of the four Gospels was not necessarily a long task and *c* might have been finished within two or three years after the time that 1219 was written. If K was copied from it immediately, it in turn might have been written in the last few years of the tenth century, but at the earliest can hardly be dated very long before the year 1000. On the other hand, uncials dated much later than this are known, especially mss. of the Gos-

<sup>3</sup> After 72 and 652 were written, *e* may have passed to another monastery where there was no Fam. 1 tradition. Or possibly all four mss. were written in the same scriptorium, but 178 and 1313 after an interval during which the Fam. 1 manuscript went out of use.

<sup>4</sup> See p. 13f.

pel Lectionary, and no other descendant of *c* appears to have been written in the tenth century.<sup>5</sup>

The text of *K* is a somewhat dilute form of *Fam II*, with a large number of peculiar readings, most of which are either misspellings or careless and ignorant mistakes. An educated scribe could hardly have produced the variants in iv.1, vi.26, ix.4, xiii.3, xiv.38, xvi.4, etc. In so far as the readings which it does not share with other representatives of *Fam II* are supported outside the Family and are not merely matters of spelling, they seem to be connected with the so-called "Alexandrian" group (CLMNΔ). There are, however, very few such readings and I am inclined to believe that they are due to accident rather than to the influence of a foreign text. Two striking variants (x.47 and xiv.51) might be produced by exactly the same kind of mistakes which are so common elsewhere in *K*.

389. Although this is a good witness to the text of *Fam II* (it has 82.75% of the Family readings) it is peculiarly interesting for the readings which it does not share with the Family, or any representatives of it. These may be divided into three classes:

i. Those variants which are supported by some other evidence within the Family but are not the Family text. These serve to determine its position in the stemma of the Family. It must be especially noticed in the case of 389 that the variants shared with other representatives of *Fam II* but unsupported elsewhere are much more important for the determination of the stemma than those which have also some outside attestation. This is because that outside attestation is exactly similar in character to the support of those readings which 389 shares with no other representative of *Fam II*.<sup>6</sup> Where 389 is supported within the Family the support may be due to either of two causes:

(a) The common ancestor of 389 and other members of the Family (*d*) may have been a ms. with a strong infusion

<sup>5</sup> Apparently uncials remained in favour for use in service-books for some centuries after they had gone out of common use for other purposes. For the date of *K* see also p. 10f.

<sup>6</sup> Cf. pages 38-41 with pages 125-129







		x				
	x	x	x			
	x	x	x	x		
	x				x	
		x		x		x
	x	x	x			x
				x		
	x					
	x					
	x					
	x					
	x					
		x			x	
		x	x			x
	x	x	x	x		
		x	x			
33	om	τον	2°			
45	om	ελθων				
	om	ευθεωσ				
47	om	την				
XV. 5	om	ουκετι				
32	αυτον	fin]	αυτω			
41	om	αυτω	1°			

\* I.e. some or all of the European Latin mss. a, b, c, e, etc.

of Western and Caesarean readings which were not eliminated by the scribe of 389 since they were exactly the kind of readings which he himself was introducing into the text, or

- (b) They may be Western or Caesarean readings introduced independently into 389 and into some mss. which happen to be otherwise connected with it.

ii. The second class contains those variants found only in 389 among the witnesses to Fam II, but with outside support. This is a larger group than the preceding but not quite so large as the third. Its general character is readily perceived from the preceding table (pp. 38-41).

In looking over this table two points stand out very clearly:

- (a) There is a strong tendency to harmonize to parallel passages in Matthew and, to a less extent, in Luke.
- (b) There is considerable agreement with the Western text and with some mss. of the Caesarean text. Among Western witnesses the Sinai-Syriac has the largest number of agreements, among Caesarean Fam 1.<sup>7</sup> In a similar way 565, which is the most "Western" of the Caesarean mss., has more agreements with 389 than any of the more "neutral" Caesarean witnesses. Neither **N** nor **B** agree frequently with 389 but **N** does so far more often than **B**.

iii. The third and largest group of the readings in 389 which are not in the Family text, is of those which have no support. Very few of these are to be classed as scribal errors. Almost all are deliberate changes in the text. They are of two kinds. As will be seen from the table given below, many are harmonistic to parallel passages in Matthew and some to parallel passages in Luke. The remainder are a deliberate rewriting of certain passages, chiefly from the stylistic point of view. Their general tendency is to shorten and to simplify:<sup>8</sup>

<sup>7</sup> For the connection between Family 1 and the Sinai-Syriac see Texts and Studies, Vol. VII, pp. 1 ff. and pp. lxii ff.

<sup>8</sup> This is also the general tendency of the variants in the second group and often of those in the first group.

*Peculiarities of 389*

- i. 17 om οπισω μου  
 32 προσ αυτον] προσ αυτους
- ii. 5 om τεκνον  
 19 om ου δυνανται νηστεειν
- iii. 10 αυτω] αυτου  
 26 εαυτον] εαυτην\*
- v. 3 εδυνατο] ηδυν  
 7 σοι] συ  
 20 αυτω] αυτη  
 35 τι ετι σκυλλεισ] μη σκυλε Lk.  
 38 om θορυβον  
 om πολλα  
 39 τι θορυβεισθε και κλαιετε] μη κλαιετε Lk.  
 40 om και τους μετ' αυτου  
 κειμενον  
 41 της χειροσ του παιδιου] αυτου της χειροσ  
 om μεθερμηνεομενον  
 42 om το κορασιον
- vi. 17 εδησεν] εθετο Mt.  
 34 ηρξατο . . . διδασκειν] εδιδασκεν  
 35 om και ηδη ωρα πολλη  
 38 om υπαγετε και ιδετε  
 41 κατεκλασε . . . και] κλασασ Mt.  
 50 om ευθεωσ ελαλησε μετ' αυτων και
- vii. 16 ει τισ εχει] ο εχων  
 22 om οφθαλμοσ πονηροσ  
 om αφροσυνη  
 27 των τεκνων] αυτων  
 28 om απεκριθη και Mt.  
 30 βεβλημενην επι της κλινησ] υγιη  
 33 om και πτυσασ . . . αυτου
- viii. 4 om και  
 6 ινα παραθ. . . . οχλω] παραθηναι τω οχλω  
 15 om της ζυμησ 2°  
 20 ποσων . . . κλασματων] ποσους κοφινους  
 21 + νοειτε και ante συνιετε  
 23 om αυτω






- 25 om και απεκατεσταθη και ενεβλεψε  
 27 τουσ μαθητας αυτου] αυτους  
 31 και ηρξατο διδασκειν] ελεγεν δε  
 32 om και παρρησια ··· ελαλει Mt.  
 33 om και ιδων ··· αυτου Mt.  
 ix. 4 και 2° + οι  
 9 διηγησησονται] ειπωσιν  
 18 αφρισσει  
 42 βεβλη  
 45 om τουσ  
 48 om vers.  
 x. 17 om και γονυπετησας αυτον  
 20 ετι] εστι  
 21 om εν σε υστερει  
 26 om λεγοντες  
 28 ηρξατο ουν  
 46 om και των μαθητων αυτου και οχλου ικανου  
 47 om Ιησους  
 48 om πολλοι  
 xi. 3 om και ευθεωσ ··· ωδε (Lk.)  
 8 πολλοι] αλλοι  
 11 om εις βηθανιαν  
 32 οτι οντως προφητησ ην] προφητην (Mt. Lk.)  
 33 και αποκριθεις ··· αυτοις] λεγει αυτοις ο Ιησους  
 xii. 5 om και 1°  
 απεστειλεν αλλον  
 17 om και εθαυμασαν επ' αυτω  
 22 αφηκεν  
 25 οτε  
 27 om πολυ  
 33 om και εξ ολησ της συνεσεωσ  
 34 ο δε Ιησους ( — και)  
 37 om αυτοσ ··· κυριον  
 και ποθεν] ποθεν ουν  
 υιοσ αυτου] υιοσ Δαβιδ  
 και ο πολυσ οχλοσ] ο δε οχλοσ  
 38 om εν τη διδαχη αυτου  
 41 βαλλει] εβαλεν εν αυτω  
 om χαλκον ··· εβαλον

- xiii. 3 πετροσ . . . ανδρεασ] οι μαθηται αυτου (cf. Mt.)  
 5 om αυτοισ  
 9 om δαρησεσθε  
 23 om απαντα Mt.  
 32 om ουδε . . . πατηρ  
 xiv. 14 om οπου αν εισελθῃ (Lk.)  
 τω οικοδεσποτη ειπατε  
 30 om και 1°  
 55 και ου ουχ  
 58 ου χειροποιητον  
 .xv. 41 om αυτω 1°  
 xvi. 7 om υμιν

The general character of the text of 389 is perfectly plain and can best be shown by comparison of 389 with the text of Family Π in two passages:

## Family Π

389

- v. 35 ετι αυτου λαλουντοσ ερχονται απο  
 του αρχισυναγωγου λεγοντες, οτι  
 η θυγατηρ σου απεθανε· τι ετι  
σκυλλεις τον διδασκαλον;  
 36 ο δε Ιησους ευθεωσ ακουσας τον  
 λογον λαλουμενον λεγει τω  
 αρχισυναγωγω, “μη φοβου, μονον  
 πιστευε.”  
 37 και ουκ αφηκεν ουδενα αυτω  
 ακολουθσαι ει μη πετρον και  
 Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον  
 Ιακωβου.  
 38 και ερχεται εις τον οικον του αρχι-  
 συναγωγου, και θεωρει θορυβον,  
 και κλαιοντασ και αλαλαζοντασ  
πολλα.  
 39 και εισελθων λεγει αυτοισ, “τι  
θορυβεισθε και κλαιετε; το παιδιον  
 ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα καθευδει.”  
 και κατεγελων αυτου.
- ετι αυτου λαλουντοσ ερχονται απο  
 του αρχισυναγωγου λεγοντες, οτι  
 η θυγατηρ σου απεθανε· μη  
σκυλε τον διδασκαλον.  
 ο δε Ιησους  ακουσας τον  
 λογον  λεγει τω  
 αρχισυναγωγω, “μη φοβου, μονον  
 πιστευε.”  
 και ουκ αφηκεν ουδενα αυτω  
 ακολουθσαι ει μη πετρον και  
 Ιακωβον και Ιωαννην τον αδελφον  
 Ιακωβου.  
 και ερχεται εις τον οικον του αρχι-  
 συναγωγου, και θεωρει   
 κλαιοντασ και αλαλαζοντασ .  
 και εισελθων λεγει αυτοισ,   
 “μη κλαιετε, το παιδιον  
 ουκ απεθανεν, αλλα καθευδει.”  
 και κατεγελων αυτου.

## Family II

389

- 40 ο δε εκβαλων παντας παραλαμ- ο δε εκβαλων παντας παραλαμ-  
 βανει τον πατερα του παιδιου βανει τον πατερα του παιδιου  
 και την μητερα και τους μετ' και την μητερα  
αυτου, και εισπορευεται οπου ην και εισπορευεται οπου ην  
 το παιδιον ανακειμενον· το παιδιον κειμενον·
- 41 και κρατησας της χειρος του και κρατησας αυτον της χειρος  
παιδιου λεγει αυτη, "ταλιθα λεγει, ταλιθα  
 κουμι." ο εστι μεθερμηνευομενον, κουμι." ο εστι  
 "το κορασιον, σοι λεγω, εγειρε." "το κορασιον, σοι λεγω, εγειρε."
- 42 και ευθως ανεστη το κορασιον και ευθως ανεστη  
 και περιεπατει . . . και περιεπατει . . .
- xii. 37 "αυτος ουν Δαβιδ λεγει αυτον κυριον· και ποθεν υιος αυτου εστι;" ο δε ο πολυς οχλος ηκουεν αυτου ηδεωσ.  
 "ποθεν ουν υιος Δαβιδ εστι;" ο δε οχλος ηκουεν αυτου ηδεωσ.

The evidence for variants in the first of these passages is thoroughly eclectic: some are found in Western or Caesarean manuscripts, some in Luke, though not in any other manuscript of Mark, and some are individual peculiarities. In the second passage, all the variants are peculiarities of 389.

This analysis of the variants of 389 emphasizes several problems:

i. There is no doubt of the influence of harmonization on 389 but it is not easy to decide definitely just which readings are harmonized and to what. The difficulty lies in the question of the text of Matthew and Luke to which the scribe of 389 harmonized. This, not only in connection with 389 but in many more important contexts, is a problem which will never be satisfactorily solved until a proper edition of the Synoptic Gospels has been made which combines the arrangement of a Huck's *Synopsis* with the apparatus of an improved Tischendorf.

ii. Is 389 fundamentally a Fam II text corrected toward Western and Caesarean standards or is it a Western or Caesarean text corrected by Fam II?

The first point to be considered is that 389 has all the readings peculiar to Fam II. If the text of Fam II was the base which was being revised in the light of other mss., some of these should have disappeared. On the other hand, it is even stranger that they should all have been adopted if a Fam II Codex was merely being used to revise some other type of text. Moreover, the text of Fam II is a perfectly definite entity, whereas the variants of 389 from it have rather scattered attestation. It seems, therefore, much more probable that the text of Fam II was the base and the variants were brought in from a number of other sources; although it is just possible that a text of the type of Fam 1, rather different from any ms. of Fam 1 now in existence, was the base and the text of Fam II used to correct it.

iii. Did the scribe of 389 or of an ancestor of 389 make this revision? 389 is an extremely carefully written ms. which cannot be dated later than the early part of the eleventh century. In so far as it contains the text of Fam II it is a descendant of 1219 through three intermediate stages.<sup>9</sup> It seems unnecessary to insert a direct ancestor of 389 of which no trace remains and which had no other descendants, but which contained all the peculiar characteristics of the revision of 389; and to insert such an hypothetical ancestor stretches the time limit beyond the bounds of probability.

iv. On what mss. did the scribe of 389 base his work? He must have had a very good ms. of the Fam II type, since 389 contains all the peculiar readings of the Family and a large majority of the non-peculiar. He must also have had a manuscript or several manuscripts with the readings which are now found only in some members of the Caesarean group, in the Sinai-Syriac, in Codex Bezae and in k. No single extant ms. can account for all of the non-Family readings in 389 and there are far too many of them to be due merely to the memory of a text which the scribe had been accustomed to hear read. Among Caesarean manuscripts, W, Fam 1 and 565 are most prominent in support of 389: outside the Caesarean group the Codex Bezae, the Sinai-Syriac and k. But Fam 1 and W are known among Caesarean witnesses as those which are most closely connected

<sup>9</sup> See pp. 26 and 29.

with the Sinai-Syriac, and 565 is more closely connected with D than are the other mss. of the Caesarean group. Possibly the scribe of 389 had one ms. of the general type of Fam 1 and W, but with even more affinity than either of these to the Sinai-Syriac, and another ms. similar to 565 but with more of the readings now found in D and k than 565 retains. Or, finally, he may have had a ms. which was a more faithful representative of the Caesarean text than any now extant, combining the characteristics of those just mentioned.

In any case, it seems clear that he must have been working in a library containing mss. which diverged rather widely from the current Ecclesiastical text. In this connection it is not beside the point to recall that two other mss. (72 and 652) which are also descendants of *e* and which have some peculiarities in common with 389 must have been written in a monastery where a ms. of Fam II and a ms. of Fam 1 were both to be found on the shelves.<sup>10</sup> Moreover, 389 and 652 are contemporaries or very nearly so.

v. The final problem is this: where, in the tenth or eleventh centuries, was such a monastery to be found? Unfortunately there is absolutely no evidence. 178 was once in the possession of a monastery in Constantinople but there is no proof that it was written there. Even if it were, there is no reason to suppose that a hundred years earlier 652 and 389 were also written there. An intriguing coincidence in this connection, but perhaps nothing more, is the fact that the oldest monastery on Mount Athos (the Laura) was founded about the year 970, that the oldest ms. of Fam 1 still in existence was written in the year 949, probably in Constantinople, and is now in the Monastery of Vatopedi on Mount Athos, and that many of the best representatives of Fam II were probably written between the years 970 and 1030. It is difficult to resist the temptation to guess that a Fam II ms., perhaps II itself, was among those taken to Mount Athos in the early days of its existence and was there used and multiplied.

72. The most interesting problem in connection with this ms. is a slight change in the character of the text near the beginning

<sup>10</sup> See pp. 33ff. and 49.

of chapter xv. This is immediately apparent from the table of the singular readings of 72 given on p. 131. In the first fourteen chapters, there are only 18 singular readings, of which 8 are not otherwise known. D and 565 are the most frequent witnesses to the remaining 10. After xv.13 there are 14 variants found in no other mss. of the Family, of which only 3 are unsupported. The remaining 11 are all attested by one or more of the group Θ fam 1 fam 13, the support of fam 1 being the most constant. The tables of the variants of Fam II given on pp. 117–124 show, however, that the change in 72 at the beginning of chapter xv is not from the Family text to some other, since 72 continues to have the variants of the Family in about the same proportion as it had in the earlier part of the Gospel, including those which are peculiar to Fam II. Thus, in the case of 72 there is not as in 652<sup>11</sup> a definite change to an exemplar of another type: that is, 72 is not a copy of a text similar to Fam 1, Fam 13 or Θ after xv.13. There are, however, in these last two chapters of the Gospel too many non-Family variants to be dismissed as accidental and their outside support is of too consistent a character. Moreover, the support for the sporadic non-Family readings in the earlier part of the Gospel is of the same general character. The only theory which seems to cover the facts is that 72 was written in some place where readings of the Caesarean type were not unknown and that a few of these readings passed into the text of the earlier part of the Gospel more or less by accident, while in the last two chapters the exemplar of 72 had been corrected, not thoroughly, but rather extensively, to a text of the Θ, Fam 1, Fam 13 type. This is not surprising in view of the fact that 72 is very closely associated with 652 and only less closely with 389,<sup>12</sup> both of which have, as was seen above, a connection with the Caesarean text in general and with Family 1 in particular.

**1478.** The text of this ms. is in no way remarkable. It still preserves over 80% of the variants of Fam II, but in excellence as a witness to the Family text is only sixteenth among the twenty-one mss. examined. In so far as it varies from that text it

<sup>11</sup> See p. 33.

<sup>12</sup> See stemma on p. 22ff.

is almost always in favor of the Ecclesiastical text. Of its 33 variants from the Textus Receptus (apart from small matters of spelling) supported by no other mss. of Fam II, 24 are peculiar. Of these 13 are omissions and are probably quite accidental. Two of the remaining 11 (αμαρτωλων for ανθρωπων in ix.13 and εν τοπω αγιω for οπου ου δει in xiii. 14) appear to be deliberate changes, and both are so strongly suggested by the context that it seems strange that they are not found in other mss. Of the 9 readings which have some support outside the Family, 6 are omissions of exactly the same character as the peculiar variants. It therefore seems hardly significant that they are three times supported by D and three times by Fam I. The reading των επτα for αυτων in xii.23, in agreement with Fam I and a few minuscules, might be important if there were other variants of the same character. Since, however, there are none, this is probably no more than coincidence and is easily explained by the context.

**1780.**<sup>13</sup> The large number of readings in this ms. which are not supported by any other members of the Fam II group suggests at first a text comparable with 389 in interest; but when, among these 111 readings, 50% are found to be unique and of such a character that they indicate carelessness rather than an instinct for revision on the part of the scribe, the ms. assumes a less important character. Moreover, among the remaining 55 variants which while unsupported by other mss. of the Family have some outside attestation, this is so scattered that it seems to have little significance. The general impression given by all the variants in 1780 which are not derived from its Family exemplar is of rather careless copying, with sometimes the substitution of a slightly paraphrased reading which may or may not have some support. There is also much more substitution of Ecclesiastical readings for the distinctive Fam II variants than in any ms. considered thus far.

<sup>13</sup> I am indebted to Dr. Norman Huffman of Brown University for the identification of this manuscript as one of the Fam II group, and for a collation of it.

Two points concerning the general make-up of the ms. rather than its text are, however, interesting:

i. It shares with 747 and 1313 the distinction of having in Mark the Commentary attributed to Victor of Antioch. The problem of whether this commentary is or is not based on the text of Fam II should be more fully investigated, but there has not been time or room for it in the present study.<sup>14</sup>

ii. It contains not only the Gospels, but the Acts, Epistles and Revelation. 489 also contains the Gospels, Acts and Epistles.

**1546.** In this ms. there is again a scattering of Caesarean support for those variants which are not shared with any other member of Fam II, a few agree with D alone and a few with some of the group **NBCLΔ** 33. These are too sporadic to suggest deliberate revision. But the increasing number of changes from the Fam II text to the Ecclesiastical does indicate that the scribe was himself very familiar with the Ecclesiastical text, that he was deliberately revising from an Ecclesiastical ms. or that his exemplar had been so revised. On the whole, the first of these three hypotheses is the most probable.

One small point of interest is the number of cases in which Codex 11 appears in support of readings found in 1546. It suggests the possibility that 11 is another weak witness to the Family II text and belongs to the same branch as 1546. A little work would solve this problem, but it arose only in the last stages of preparation for this book and must remain for someone else.

**1200.** The text of 1200 is of no particular interest. It has a number of readings which are not found elsewhere among the witnesses to Fam II, but evidence for them, when it exists, is scattered indiscriminately among the witnesses to the Alexandrian and Caesarean texts (except 565 and Θ) and shows no direct relation between 1200 and any ms. other than those in Fam II, although 579 appears frequently in support of its non-Family readings.

<sup>14</sup> After this was in press I learned that Dr. A. E. Haefner of Wortburg College is working on this commentary.

**1318.** The most striking thing about this ms. is the sudden increase in the number of readings shared with some other members of Fam II after chapter vi.<sup>15</sup> Parallel to this is the fact that up to vi.34 it has none of the readings peculiar to Family II, or to Fam II and one or two other mss. In this earlier portion of the Gospel it can hardly be considered a witness to Family II, and it is never one of the best witnesses to this text. But from vi.34 to the end of the Gospel it has 70% of the Family readings. This suggests either that *g*<sup>16</sup> had been rather thoroughly corrected toward the Ecclesiastical text, especially in the first six chapters, or that 1318 is not a direct copy of *g* but of an intermediate ms. which had been so corrected. It is not a carelessly written ms. and has comparatively few peculiar readings, most of which can be construed. Of the variants which have some outside support, the majority are found in many mss., although a few have the support only of one or two of the D Caesarean type.

**116.** Just enough of the readings peculiar to Fam II or to Fam II and a few other mss. remain in the text of 116 to justify its being included as a descendant of Fam II. At some stage in the history of its text there was strong assimilation to the Ecclesiastical text. On the other hand, the readings which 116 shares neither with Fam II nor with the Textus Receptus are rather interesting. Comparatively few of them are unique to 116; some, though not many, are peculiar to 116 and a few other mss. of the Fam II group. These are apparently characteristic of *c*. The variants shared with some of the Fam II group and with other mss. have the same character as those which have some outside support, but none within the family: that is to say, they are pre-Ecclesiastical in character or are found only in a few late minuscules.

This discussion of the text of each of the mss. of the Fam II group brings out at least one important point. Both from the

<sup>15</sup> See tables on pp. 124ff.

<sup>16</sup> See the stemma on p. 29

readings shared by small groups of Fam II mss. and those found in each individually, it seems clear that many of them belong to a period and a place where there were still current a great many older readings which were not taken into the Ecclesiastical text. The period is known. The Fam II text flourished during the last quarter of the tenth, the eleventh, and the twelfth century: although II, *a*, 1500 and perhaps 1079 are earlier. The place cannot be determined at present. Possibly a complete study of the marginal notes in all the manuscripts and of the menologies, when present, might throw light on the point.

## CHAPTER FIVE

### THE TEXT OF FAMILY II

The problem of the text of the New Testament, so far as we now perceive it, is the tracing of many lines which split, diverge and rejoin in increasing complexity the further research is extended backward in time. In the late Middle Ages, one type of text, varying only in minute details from manuscript to manuscript, was in general use throughout the Greek Church. Going back to the beginning, it may be presumed that during the second half of the first century each of the four Gospels existed in its original form, whatever that may have been. Between these two states of textual homogeneity,—the first before copyists, correctors and revisers had had their way, the second when all differences had been worn down by the eroding action of instinctive conformity,—there was a flood-tide of divergence when, as the rapidly multiplying copies spread to all the corners of the Christian world,<sup>1</sup> individual peculiarities crept in more and more and tended to become fixed in the places where they were known. This flood-tide was succeeded by a much longer, though gentler, ebb when increasing intercourse between monasteries and churches throughout the known world produced a more cosmopolitan atmosphere and textual individuality was gradually lost.

The later period, that of the gradual disappearance of differences,—the ebb-tide,—cannot be followed in all its details, but its general outlines are known. The text of A, the text of M, the text of II are each steps along the road, as are many others, less well-known but easily knowable.

<sup>1</sup> Such, for instance, as the mss. in "three or four columns" prepared in Caesarea at the command of Constantine for the churches in Constantinople (Eus. *Vita Constant.* xxxvi f.; cf. *Harv. Theol. Review*, xi, 1918, pp. 32 ff.). It would also appear that Athanasius prepared codices for Constans (Athanasius, *Apologia ad Constantium*, ed. Paris, 1627, p. 676A). It is interesting to note that in this way Alexandria supplied Constans in Italy and Caesarea supplied Constantine in Constantinople.

The time when differences were increasing is more obscure and perhaps it will always be impossible to define the "original text" accurately. The beginning of the fourth century shows the texts now known to us in D, in k, in the Old Syriac, in **NB**, in the European Latin and in  $\Theta$  565, still surviving but scarcely flourishing vigorously. There may well have been others of which no trace remains, for all the evidence indicates that there was even greater divergence at a somewhat earlier time. The Chester Beatty papyrus suggests what might be called a pre-Caesarean text (perhaps more correctly an Egyptian text) at the beginning of the third century; the new papyrus published by Dr. Bell may hint at a text of John more divergent from any form of that gospel previously known than is the most variant text of Mark from the *Textus Receptus*; and the Dura fragment of Tatian shows at least two unique variants in not more than 14 lines.

It has long been realized that the only hope of disentangling the various threads in the development of the text of the New Testament and of outlining its history lies in beginning with the end nearest to us, of which we know most,—the Ecclesiastical Text. But the first great difficulty lies in the nature of this text. It is the final form, achieved not by any violent revision or re-writing, but by a process of habituation to one phrase rather than another. This extended over centuries, until only rarely would a scribe write a variant, even when he saw it in his exemplar. In other words, it is a highly eclectic text, not the survival of a single text from the "period of greatest divergence," although undoubtedly some earlier forms had more influence on its development than did others.

The recensions current in the centres of the Greek world,—in Constantinople, in Alexandria and so on,—might be expected to have had the most influence, those on the edges of this world,—in Western Africa, in Syria or in Palestine,—to have had less, and so it was. But the fact remains that when the *Textus Receptus* is collated to any of the pre-Ecclesiastical texts **NB**,  $\Theta$ , D, k or the Sinai-Syriac, it shows some affinity to the text to which it is collated and many divergences from it.

There is no question that collation with this standard mediaeval text is the most rapid way of bringing out the peculiarities in any

manuscript. But at best it is an imperfect method, and a more complete understanding can be achieved only by additional collations with a number of other recensions, each of which acts in much the same way as does a coloured filter in photography, correcting the ordinary lens. Moreover, it must be remembered that, if all the variants in the Gospel of Mark are examined, there are more points in which a great majority of texts agree with each other than points in which they differ. Compare even Codex Bezae with the Textus Receptus and the similarities are great; compare Fam II with the Textus Receptus and they are much greater. But to define Fam II as a somewhat variant form of the Ecclesiastical text is to stand the matter on its head. Fam II resembles the Ecclesiastical text more closely than do D, **NB** or  $\Theta$ , because it belongs to a period when many earlier peculiarities had already disappeared. It varies from the Ecclesiastical text more than do most of the manuscripts now extant because it belongs to a period and a place where older variants were still known, and the fully standardized Ecclesiastical text did not exist or was not yet popular. Indeed, as was shown in the last chapter, many of the individual manuscripts<sup>2</sup> of Fam II still belong to such a period and place.

How far can these general principles be used to define the text of Fam II? The first step in an attempt to answer this question is a study of the tables on pp. 117-124. These show that:—

1. There are comparatively few readings which are peculiar to the text of Fam II, hardly more than one to a chapter. It is clear that the redactor of the Fam II text was not interested in making his own corrections of the mss. which he knew; he perpetuates rather than revises. Even these 16 peculiar readings are so unimportant that they might well be accidental.<sup>3</sup>

2. Some of the readings in Table II<sup>4</sup> ought probably to be in Table I, since what little support they have seems accidental. Nevertheless, the relations indicated by this table are extremely important. Codex Alexandrinus (A) supports 25 of the 48 vari-

<sup>2</sup> Especially codd. 652, 389 and 72, see pp. 33ff. and 37ff.

<sup>3</sup> See Table I, p. 117.

<sup>4</sup> See p. 117f.

ants, in 4 cases with so little other support that they may properly be considered subsingular readings of A and Fam II.

The only other authority which at all approaches this standard of agreement with Fam II is the Codex Macedonianus (Y) which supports 15 of the readings.<sup>5</sup> Y is an uncial attributed to the ninth century. It is not a member of Fam II, and is somewhat less closely associated with the Family than is the Codex Alexandrinus but distinctly more so than is M. It is however possible that Fam II, A, Y and M all represent a text, in somewhat the same way as do Θ, 565 etc.

No other single manuscript supports the readings given in this table to nearly so considerable an extent as do A and Y, but some of the major witnesses to the Caesarean text attest 16 of the readings, in 5 cases with no other significant support. Thus there are: (a) agreements of Fam II with A and Caesarean witnesses; (b) agreements with A without Caesarean support; (c) agreements with Caesarean witnesses without A; (d) 12 variants found in II but neither in A nor in Caesarean manuscripts. All but one of these 12 are supported by M or Y or both, and only 2 (xi. 13 and xiii. 15) are supported by manuscripts whose texts must be supposed to have been in existence before the text<sup>6</sup> of Fam II.

What does all this mean?

<sup>5</sup> Unfortunately this manuscript is not quoted adequately by Tischendorf. Only when checking the evidence in Legg (*Novum Testamentum Graece*, S. C. E. Legg, Oxford, 1935) did the similarity of Y to the text of Family II appear. There is a collation of Y tucked away in the middle of Gregory's *Text-kritik* (Vol. III, pp. 1028 ff.). Its complete study remains a problem for the future. Preliminary comparison with the readings of Fam II and A suggests that Y is connected with both through *x* (see pp. 59 and 70) because:

1. It is not a descendant of II.
2. It shares with Fam II and A some readings not found elsewhere.
3. It agrees with Fam II to the same extent whether A agrees with Fam II or not.
4. It does not agree with A against Fam II unless the reading in A is that of the Ecclesiastical text.
5. It agrees with both elements in *x* (see p. 59f.) and may therefore be a descendant of *x*. Any extraneous elements in the text of Y cannot however be determined by this comparison. On p. 1161 of his *Schrift. des Neuen Test.*, von Soden adds Y to his list of reasonably good witnesses to the *K<sup>a</sup>* text in Matthew and says that it is somewhat less good a representative in Mark.

<sup>6</sup> These 12 readings may perhaps be considered peculiarities of *x* (see p. 59).

In the first place, it is evidence of close relationship between Fam II and the Codex Alexandrinus, although those readings in this table and in Table I which are not supported by A also prove conclusively that A is not a member of Fam II. In other words, Family II cannot be called Family A.

Secondly, it is evidence of relationship between Fam II and both M and Y. This is less close than with A and certainly in no way indicates that either M or Y is to be reckoned among the descendants of II.

Thirdly, it is evidence that there is agreement between Fam II and readings scattered through various Caesarean manuscripts. Nor must this evidence be discounted because it is scattered. No one of the extant Caesarean witnesses can be considered as more than a most imperfect representative of the text, and it is not in any way improbable that an ancestor of II should sometimes have preserved readings missing in extant Caesarean mss.

3. Tables III and IV show even more conclusively, if it were necessary, that the text of A has many similarities to that of Fam II and that it cannot be considered as a member of the Family.

4. Of the readings in Table III, that is to say those which are common both to A and to Fam II and which have considerable other attestation, 100 out of 157 are certainly those which would have to be edited as the text of the Caesarean group. Of the remainder, 31 would either be in the text or in the apparatus of the reconstructed Caesarean text, and if in the latter would be rivals of the readings given in the text. That is to say, out of 157 variants only 27 are definitely not Caesarean. Moreover, of the variants listed in Table IV,<sup>7</sup> 37 out of 59 are certainly readings which must be those of the Caesarean text, and 10 more may or may not be. This means that both in Table III and in Table IV, the percentage of variants which are Caesarean is exactly the same (64%), with the possibility that it should be considered 84% in Table III and 82% in Table IV. Moreover, the proportion of variants supported by other types of manuscripts remains constant in Table III and in Table IV: for example, in Table III **N** and (or) B, D support 48 of the variants, in Table IV 15; in

<sup>7</sup> Variants in which Fam II is supported by many other mss. but not by A.

Table III **N** and (or) B support 54 variants, in Table IV 18; in Table III B supports 14 variants, in Table IV 8.

This consistency in the character of the attestation, whether A is one of the supporting group or not, indicates that, in spite of its close similarity to Fam II, A is not an ancestor of II but that both A and Fam II have a common ancestor, from which both vary. This common ancestor may be called  $x$ . The readings in Table II found in A and in Fam II, but in little or nothing else, are the peculiarities<sup>8</sup> of  $x$ . The readings in Table I, found only in Fam II, may in some cases go back to  $x$  and have been corrected in A, but are more probably peculiarities of II. The readings in Table III are certainly those of  $x$  and those in Table IV, since they preserve exactly the same character as those in Table III, except for the fact that they are not found also in A, may in general be assumed to have been readings of  $x$  which A rejected.<sup>9</sup>

What then was the character of  $x$  in so far as it can be recognized in the variants from the Textus Receptus given in Tables II, III and IV? It very often agreed with the Caesarean text, with **NBD**, and with **NB** against D. It sometimes agreed with D against **NB**. But whether the readings be supported by **NBD**, by **NB** or by D they are almost always supported by the Caesarean text. In other words, it is the Caesarean element which is constant.

Not a few readings are supported by the Caesarean text, but not by any of the group **NBD**; on the other hand, in those com-

<sup>8</sup> Perhaps also the readings attested by M and, more especially, by Y (see pp. 56f.).

<sup>9</sup> The relation of A to  $x$  will be dealt with in the next chapter, but it seems advisable to anticipate the discussion at this point and state that, whereas the character of the support given to Fam II readings when they are not also attested by A is exactly similar to that which they have when they are supported by A, the support for the readings of A when they are not in agreement with Fam II is not of the character of that given to them when they agree with Fam II. In other words it seems clear that II has a consistent type while A varies, so that A probably differs rather radically from  $x$  but Fam II differs from it only to the extent of the readings given in Table I and perhaps some which do not appear in the collation with the Textus Receptus, since they are also the readings of that text.

paratively few cases where the variant is not supported by the Caesarean text, or is perhaps not so supported, it is usually found in **Σ**, B, D, or two or all of these. Less frequently it is found only in late manuscripts, and these are probably instances of the influence of casual eccentricities of Fam II on later texts.

In short, the basis of *x* is probably a somewhat different form of the Caesarean text from that extant in any single manuscript at the present day. Either this contained readings supported by **Σ** or B or D which are not found in the Caesarean manuscripts now extant, or *x* was in the main derived from a Caesarean manuscript, but with some admixture of Western and Neutral readings not found in that manuscript.<sup>10</sup>

But, as was said above,<sup>11</sup> the variants derived from a collation with the Textus Receptus can only give a partial view of the character of any text, since, inevitably, large portions of it coincide with the Textus Receptus. The remedy is to collate also with other texts and since in the case of Fam II collation with the Textus Receptus shows evidence of relationship with the Caesarean text and with A, the next step is obviously collation with these texts.

No reconstruction of the Caesarean text has yet appeared,<sup>12</sup> except for chapters i, vi, and xi. Since it is futile to base discussion on evidence which is not produced, it has seemed desirable to reproduce as the first part<sup>13</sup> of Appendix B a collation of the text of Fam II in chapters i and xi with the reconstructed text of the Caesarean family as given in our article on the Caesarean text.<sup>14</sup> The second part of Appendix B is a collation of the text of Fam II with that of A for the same two chapters.<sup>15</sup> The following discussion is based on these collations, from which it appears that:—

1. There are 116 variants from the Caesarean text in these two

<sup>10</sup> For further discussion of this admixture see p. 62.

<sup>11</sup> See p. 55f.

<sup>12</sup> Such a reconstruction has, however, been prepared by K. and S. Lake and will, *hoffentlich*, be published in 1937.

<sup>13</sup> See pp. 143ff.

<sup>14</sup> *The Caesarean Text of the Gospel of Mark*, by K. Lake, R. P. Blake and S. New, Harvard Theological Review, Oct. 1928, pp. 397–399, 403–404.

<sup>15</sup> See p. 148f.

chapters, and only about a quarter as many from A,—that is to say, the text of Fam II is much closer to the text of A than to the reconstructed text of the Caesarean group. That is natural, for A and II have in *x* a far closer common ancestor than the reconstructed Caesarean text.

2. Of the 29 variants from the text of A, 15 are certainly in agreement with the Caesarean text and 7 others have some Caesarean support. The closest agreement with any single extant manuscript of the Caesarean group is with Fam 1: 13 times. One variant is unique to the Caesarean text, the Sinai-Syriac and Fam II: another to Fam 1, the Harcleian, and Fam II; a third to CDM, Fam 1 and Fam II. Although one of the 6 readings which has no Caesarean support is found in **N** and another in W (which in chapter i is not Caesarean), they seem in general to be peculiarities of Fam II which were taken over by later manuscripts. In addition to the evidence of the Caesarean group, **NB** support 11 of the readings, B without **N** 3, **N** without B 1, D 10,—that is to say, the support of **NB** and of D is hardly less than that of the Caesarean text, but the support of the Caesarean text is constant, whether the outside support be **N**, B, D, or all. Moreover, the Caesarean is the only pre-Ecclesiastical text (except for A) which appears in support of Fam II against all other manuscripts, (compare i.13, i.27, xi.3, xi.8). In other words, where Fam II does not have the text of A it has a predominantly Caesarean text with a tendency to agree with Fam 1 rather than with any other single authority now known, or to show readings supported only by later manuscripts and probably derived from Fam II itself.

3. Only 10 of the 116 variants from the reconstructed Caesarean text in these two chapters are not also found in A, which again emphasizes the close relationship between A and Fam II. 106 must therefore be allotted to *x*. Of the remaining 10, two are peculiarities of Fam II, two more may have been peculiarities of Fam II which influenced other later manuscripts, and the remaining 6, which have some earlier attestation, may have been in *x*, but rejected by A, or may have been intrusions in II.

What is the character of the text of *x* when it is not clearly Caesarean, as shown in the 106 cases where A and Fam II agree

against the reconstructed Caesarean text? The most striking attestation for these readings is that of Fam 1 and Fam 13, and to a lesser extent some other manuscripts belonging to the Caesarean group. The following table shows the number of times various Caesarean manuscripts agree with A and II (=  $x$ ) against the reconstructed Caesarean text:

<i>chs.</i>	$\Theta$	<i>Fam. 1</i>	<i>Fam. 13</i>	28	565	700	<i>W</i>
i	19	35	23	13	4	27	— <sup>16</sup>
xi	6	26	33	19	8	19	24
Totals	24	61	56	32	12	46	24

Clearly the closest relationship is to W, Fam 1 and Fam 13. Only 24 of the 106 variants are found neither in Fam 1 nor in Fam 13; only 12 are found in no "Caesarean" manuscripts. Was a manuscript more similar to Fam 1 than to any other extant Caesarean witness an ancestor of  $x$ ? Or did the text of  $x$ , which was obviously popular, influence W, Fam 1 and Fam 13?

Here we enter the intricate problems of the history of the Caesarean text. Until they are nearer a solution, no definite answer can be given. But it may be noted that W, Fam 1 and Fam 13 more often agree with the Chester Beatty papyrus (Pap. 45) than do 565 and  $\Theta$ ,—that is, they are frequently witnesses to the Old Egyptian or pre-Caesarean text,<sup>17</sup> rather than to that used by Origen and Eusebius. The marked disagreement of Fam II with  $\Theta$  and 565, the best representatives of the text of Origen and Eusebius, may indicate that the "Caesarean" ancestor of  $x$  was not Caesarean in the proper sense, but pre-Caesarean. This, however, should not be too hastily assumed for no special relationship can be traced between Fam II and papyrus 45. The points to be noted are these:—(a) there is a connection between W, Fam 1, Fam 13 and Fam II, but the source of this connection is obscure; (b) there is a connection between W, Fam 1, Fam 13 and Papyrus 45. It is possible that this connection points back to an old Egyptian period and to the text from which the Caesarean text in the strict sense (i.e. that used by Origen and Eusebius)

<sup>16</sup> W is not Caesarean in Mark i.

<sup>17</sup> Cf. *Some Recent Discoveries*, by K. and S. Lake, in *Religion in Life*, Vol. V, no. 1, Winter Number, 1936, pp. 90–94.

was derived. But this problem is so central in the Caesarean question and has so little importance for Fam II that it seems better to postpone it to the monograph on the Caesarean text.

In addition to what may be pre-Caesarean support (Fam 1, Fam 13 and W after Mark v), a few of the 106 readings in which *x* (A and Fam II) differs from the reconstructed Caesarean text, in chapters i and xi are found only in A and Fam II,—that is they are peculiarities of *x*. Apart from these there are no readings in which A and II agree in differing from the reconstructed Caesarean text which are not supported, in most cases by the majority, in all cases by some of **NBDW**, **CLΔ 33**,<sup>18</sup> Fam 1, Fam 13. Moreover, although all or some of the group **CLΔ33** frequently attest readings which are not in **N**, B, D, Fam 1 or Fam 13, there are no cases where A and II have the support of **N** or B or D or W (in chapter i) when the reading is not also attested by one or more of the group **CLΔ 33**, or of the group Fam 1 Fam 13. On the other hand, **CLΔ 33** are found supporting joint readings of A and Fam II without other attestation just as do Fam 1, Fam 13. This leads to the conclusion that the non-Caesarean element in *x* is a text of the **CLΔ 33** type.

To summarize the results of the rather complicated reasoning in this chapter: The text of Fam II has very few peculiar readings; in other words, the scribe of II was a careful copyist who had no interest in revising the text in accord with his own theories of grammar or content. Its readings are sometimes attested by A alone, by Fam 1 alone, by Y alone or by M alone. The relation of the last two to the text of Fam II awaits further investigation; that of the first two has to some extent been solved. Neither is a member of Fam II. Both agree with it so often that they must be somewhat closely related to it. The character of the text of II is constant throughout, whether it is attested by A or not. For this reason, A cannot be a direct ancestor of II. On the other hand, A and Fam II agree so closely that at some point in their history, both must have had a common ancestor,—*x*. II differs

<sup>18</sup> To these would undoubtedly have to be added  $\Psi$  if its evidence had been used consistently in these collations. This is the group which attests Westcott and Hort's "Alexandrian" text.

very slightly from  $x$ , A considerably. Except for its singular readings, therefore, the text of II is approximately the text of  $x$ , and is a good copy of a manuscript older than the Codex Alexandrinus. The text of  $x$  shows two separate elements: (a) It closely resembles the Caesarean text and especially Fam 1, Fam 13 and W, which are not true Caesarean manuscripts in the sense of being good representatives of the text used by Origen and Eusebius, but are related to a pre-Caesarean text known through the Chester Beatty papyrus. (b) The text of  $x$  also resembles that of the group CLΔ 33.

A problem which cannot be solved here is the following: Fam 1, Fam 13, and CLΔ 33 show considerable affinities to each other. Is  $x$  really a descendant of a Fam 1-Fam 13 manuscript, some of whose Caesarean characteristics have been lost in the existing witnesses to Fam 1 and Fam 13, and of an Alexandrian manuscript? Or is  $x$  a descendant of a more typical Caesarean manuscript and an Alexandrian manuscript, the similarity to Fam 1 and Fam 13 being due to the Alexandrian element both in  $x$  and in them? In view of the fact that there seems to be no special connection between II and Pap 45, the latter hypothesis is perhaps more probable.

## CHAPTER SIX

### THE TEXT OF THE CODEX ALEXANDRINUS

Three problems are of major importance in connection with the text of A:

1. Why cannot A have been  $x$  or an ancestor of  $x$ ?
2. What is the relation of A to other late texts, apart from Fam II?
3. What is the character of the text of A when it varies from  $x$  (i.e. Fam II minus its unique readings)?

These questions must be answered in order. The starting-point of a discussion of whether or not A is  $x$  is, as mentioned in the last chapter, that the text of Fam II is of one character, whether supported by A or not, but that the text of A is of one kind when it agrees with Fam II and of another when it does not.

This is most readily shown by a collation<sup>1</sup> of A with the reconstructed Caesarean text in Mark i and xi, omitting readings also supported by Fam II. This gives 22 variants, but 4 of these are really the Caesarean text.<sup>2</sup> Five more are peculiar to A. The remaining 13 are strongly supported by CLΔ 33 and often by one or more of the group  $\aleph$  BD. There is some Caesarean attestation for five readings, but it is very weak, and so far as it exists is of the  $\Theta$  565 700 type, not Fam 1 Fam 13 W, which is so often the attestation for Fam II variants.

Two explanations of this difference between A and Fam II can be suggested: (a) The Codex Alexandrinus is an ancestor of Fam II and its text was corrected to some other standard by the scribe of II or its archetype, (b) A and Fam II had a common ancestor from which A diverged.

Although reversing the chronological facts, the simplest method of analyzing the relation of the text of Fam II to that of A is to collate A with the reconstructed text of Fam II.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See p. 148f.

<sup>2</sup> The fact being concealed by the method of reconstructing the text.

<sup>3</sup> This collation is Appendix C, pp. 149ff.

If A be the direct ancestor of II, the collation of A to Fam II should show variants of the following kind: (a) instances where Fam II has adopted Ecclesiastical readings not found in A and the support for the readings in A is that of the majority of the older uncial manuscripts; (b) instances where the peculiarities of A have been corrected to the usual reading in Fam II and the reading of A has therefore little or no support; (c) instances where A has the usual reading, the reading of Fam II being unique; (d) a considerable number of readings where A and Fam II agree against all other authorities,—individual peculiarities of A which were transmitted to its descendant.

Ignoring those variants which are merely small matters of spelling, the facts shown by collating A to the text of Fam II throughout Mark are as follows:

(a) 19 variants are found in A, **Σ**, B, D, and usually some other manuscripts, notably CLΔ 33, as against Fam II. 20 variants are found in A and two of the manuscripts **Σ**, B, D and usually in others. This is a total of 39 variants which can be considered as derived from the Old Uncial group and corrected to the Ecclesiastical text in Fam II, if that be a descendant of A.

(b) There are 47 variants which are peculiar to A; 36 which are found only in A and one other manuscript or version, where the agreement is probably accidental; 40 where A has some support of a scattered or varied character, but Fam II has the usual reading; 25 where A is supported only by CLΔ 33, or some part of these manuscripts. This is a total of 148 variants, which must have been corrected if A is the ancestor of Fam II.

(c) 20 readings in which A agrees with all manuscripts but Fam II; 19 in which it agrees with all manuscripts but Fam II and some one or two others, whose scattered support is probably accidental. Total: 39 variants in which A agrees with the usual text and Fam II has a reading which must be considered an individual peculiarity of its direct archetype.

(d) In A there are 47 unique readings and 101 others almost peculiar to it; in II there are 20 of the same character. But there are only four cases where A and Fam II agree against all other authorities.

On the other hand, the kind of variant which should not

appear, if A be the ancestor of the Fam II text, is that where the reading in A is supported by the Ecclesiastical text and the reading in Fam II is the rare or the old uncial one. Of course, a few instances of this kind are not significant, since occasional stray variants creep into all manuscripts, but if many appear they must be significant. In point of fact there are 28 variants where A agrees with the Ecclesiastical text against Fam II,  $\aleph$ , B, D and others; 29 in which A agrees with the Ecclesiastical text against Fam II and the majority of  $\aleph$ , B, D. Total: 57 variants in which, if A is the ancestor of Fam II the archetype of Fam II must have reverted from the more common to the older and less common reading.

These statistics show that the hypothesis that A is  $x$  or an ancestor of  $x$  is untenable. In the first place, if it were, the scribe of II or its archetype would have corrected more often away from the usual mediaeval text than toward it. In the second place, though the four unique agreements of A and II are evidence of some relationship between them, they are much less than might be expected from direct descent, especially when it is remembered that Fam II agrees with Fam I alone five times and with  $\Delta$  and L twice each. The rarity of these agreements between A and II is particularly striking when contrasted with the large number of peculiarities in A. It is, therefore, almost certain that A and Fam II had a common archetype. This would be the  $x$  postulated in Chapter V from the analysis of II.

The second problem, the relation of A to other K texts than  $K^a$  (Fam II) can only be sketched at this point.<sup>4</sup> An indication of the way in which a solution may be reached is the fact that A and Fam II differ about equally from each other and from the

<sup>4</sup> The question might well be raised whether  $x$  does not represent the text of Lucian. That Lucian revised the text of the New Testament as well as of the Old is at least rendered probable by the well-known references in Jerome (cf. J. H. Ropes in Jackson and Lake's *Beginnings of Christianity*, Vol. iii, pp. cclxxxi ff.). There seems to be no evidence proving that the fully developed Ecclesiastical Text existed in the fifth century, but  $x$  must have been written earlier than A and may have greater claims to be Lucianic than either Westcott and Hort's "Syrian" or von Soden's  $K^1$  texts. In this connection it must be remembered that von Soden believed that the  $K^a$  (Fam II) text was used by Victor of Antioch in his commentary on Mark and by Chrysostom (see p. 71).

Textus Receptus. For example, in Mark i and xi, A varies from Fam II 30 times and from the Textus Receptus 39 times, while Fam II varies from the Textus Receptus 41 times. In 27 of these cases, A and Fam II agree in their variation from the Textus Receptus.

The character of the attestation when they disagree is significant. When II differs both from the Textus Receptus and from A it is supported almost invariably by the reconstructed Caesarean text; when A differs both from II and from the Textus Receptus it is usually not supported by the Caesarean text, but by  $\aleph$  BD and  $\text{CL}\Delta$  33. Moreover, II agrees with the Textus Receptus against A in 16 of the 30 cases where A and II disagree in the same two chapters, and in 12 A agrees with the Textus Receptus against II. In 2 cases both differ from each other and from the Textus Receptus. Thus, there is a textual triangle with A, II, and the Ecclesiastical text at the three corners. What is the relation between them?

In the first place, all three are more closely related to each other than they are to any other text.<sup>5</sup>

In the second place, A is certainly a fifth century manuscript and  $x$ , of which II is an excellent copy, must be earlier.<sup>6</sup> There is no evidence available at present to indicate that the Ecclesiastical text is as old or older than A and  $x$  unless the argument be accepted that it must be earlier than the Codex Alexandrinus and influenced it,—a clear fallacy. What must always be kept in mind in dealing with the Ecclesiastical text is its composite character. Readings shared by  $\aleph$ , B, D or the Sinai-Syriac with the Textus Receptus have never been considered evidence that those manuscripts were influenced by the Ecclesiastical text. In the same way, readings found in A and in the Textus Receptus must not be considered as evidence that A was influenced by the Ecclesiastical text.

<sup>5</sup> How much closer both A and Family II are to the Ecclesiastical text than any manuscript not included in von Soden's *K* group can be readily seen from the fact that  $\Theta$  has 126 variants from the Textus Receptus in these two chapters, and Family 1, which is supposed to have undergone considerable revision toward the Ecclesiastical standard, has 87, or more than twice as many as A or II.

<sup>6</sup> See p. 8 and p. 59f.

No manuscript giving an approximately pure form of the late (Ecclesiastical) text can be dated within two or three centuries of the Codex Alexandrinus and probably later. Only definite patristic evidence for the Ecclesiastical text at a date earlier than the Codex Alexandrinus could justify the theory that the Codex Alexandrinus was influenced by the Ecclesiastical text rather than that it was in part responsible for it. Chrysostom has sometimes been cited as a fourth century Christian writer who used the Ecclesiastical text. This, however, is not so, at least in Mark.<sup>7</sup> It has also been said that John of Damascus used the Ecclesiastical text, but this has never been either proved or refuted.<sup>8</sup> By far the most probable hypothesis, therefore, is that both A and Π were stages in the early development of the Ecclesiastical text, more similar to it than **Σ**, B, D or Θ and less similar than EFGH or VΩ.

The third and final question in regard to the text of the Codex Alexandrinus is its character when it is not that of *x*. Since Π is apparently a very good copy of *x*, a collation of A with Π should give the answer to this question.<sup>9</sup> From this it appears that:

1. Variants in which A is supported by all authorities except Fam Π must be considered peculiarities of Π which were not found in *x* and can therefore be ignored.

2. There are a few readings in which A is supported only by one or more of the group **Σ** BD.

3. There are a great many readings in which A is supported by some or all of the group CLΔ 33, sometimes with the additional attestation of some or all of **Σ** BD, but frequently without such attestation.

4. There is a noticeable absence of Caesarean support although some Caesarean manuscripts occasionally attest one of the readings of A. In such cases, however, the reading of A is usually also that of the Ecclesiastical text, and these may be cases where individual Caesarean manuscripts have been influenced by the

<sup>7</sup> Cf. *Chrysostom's Text of the Gospel of Mark*, by J. Geerlings and S. New, *Harvard Theological Review*, xxiv, April 1931, pp. 121 ff.

<sup>8</sup> A study of the text of John of Damascus is one of the most urgent needs of the textual critic.

<sup>9</sup> See Appendix C, p. 149f.

Ecclesiastical reading which was taken from A, rather than significant agreements with A.

5. There are some cases where A is supported only by manuscripts with a text for which there is no attestation earlier than A itself. These may therefore be considered readings where peculiarities of A influenced the Ecclesiastical text.

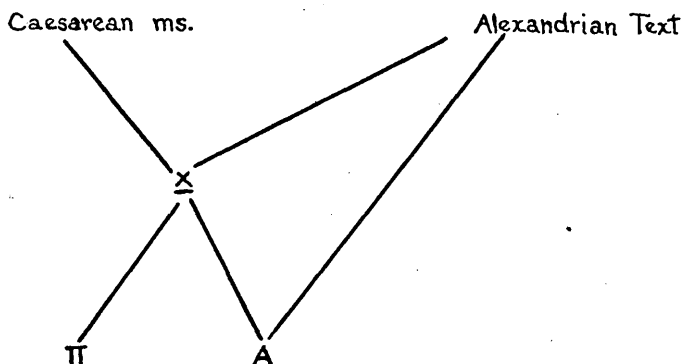
6. There are a large number of variants in which A has no support, or almost none.

These last should indicate the character of the text of A. Was it a deliberate revision made by a careful scribe? Was it an admixture with a number of careless mistakes?

The majority of the peculiarities of A are matters of order or small changes of tense. In most cases, they neither improve nor injure the sense or the grammar. In a few cases they are definitely wrong. They are never definite improvements. The general impression left by glancing over the list as a whole is that the scribe, though never careless in leaving out words or clauses essential to the sense, was nevertheless rather careless in occasionally paraphrasing what he saw before him.

One further point should be mentioned in this context. There are in A a large number of misspellings or itacisms of a consistent character. So far as I know, these have never been studied but it seems probable that a thorough examination of them by a Greek philologist would lead to definite and interesting results.

The text of A, then, is the text of  $x$ , considerably revised to the Alexandrian standard as illustrated in CLA 33, with a few additional variants from  $\Sigma$ , B or D, and a rather large amount of casual but unimportant variation peculiar to its own scribe:



Thus A and, to a large extent, II are "mixed" texts. Perhaps the most important result of the investigation of Fam II and of the Codex Alexandrinus is this emphasis which it lays on the process of mixture. The Caesarean text was described as a "mixed" text, primarily a mixture of Neutral and Western. A and II are now found to be mixed texts. The mixture varies in detail but is almost exactly the same in kind. The question becomes: what texts are not mixed? The answer must be,—none of those now known. The degree of mixture varies. The mixture was made at different periods. But all extant texts resemble each other at more points than they differ from each other. The whole question is: which manuscript influenced which? The solution rests on priority and, in turn, on patristic evidence if there be any. The only certainly unmixed text of each gospel was its original text. There must once have been such an original, but only the vaguest guesses can be made as to its character.

*N. B.* After these pages were already passed for press I noted that the Provost of Queen's (on p. 579 of his *The Four Gospels*) had suggested that the text of KII may be the recension of Lucian. I greatly regret the oversight, but am glad to have his authority in support of my guess.

## ΕΥΑΓΓΕΛΙΟΝ ΚΑΤΑ ΜΑΡΚΟΝ

2 Ἀρχὴ τοῦ εὐαγγελίου Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ υἱοῦ τοῦ θεοῦ καθὼς I <sup>α</sup>  
 γέγραπται ἐν τοῖς προφήταις, Ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἀποστέλλω τὸν ἄγγελόν μου πρὸ προσώπου σου, ὃς κατασκευάσει τὴν ὁδὸν σου, φωνὴ 3 <sup>β</sup>  
 βοῶντος ἐν τῇ ἐρήμῳ, Ἑτοιμάσατε τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου, εὐθείας ποιεῖτε <sup>α</sup>  
 τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ, ἐγένετο Ἰωάννης βαπτίζων ἐν τῇ ἐρήμῳ καὶ 4 <sup>γ</sup>  
 κηρύσσων βάπτισμα μετανοίας εἰς ἄφεσιν ἁμαρτιῶν. καὶ ἐξεπο- 5 <sup>δ</sup>  
 ρεύετο πρὸς αὐτὸν πᾶσα ἡ Ἰουδαία χώρα, καὶ οἱ Ἱεροσολυμίται, καὶ ἐβαπτίζοντο πάντες ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνῃ ποταμῷ ὑπ' αὐτοῦ, ἐξομολο- 6  
 γούμενοι τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν. ἦν δὲ Ἰωάννης ἐνδεδυμένος τρίχας 6  
 καμήλου καὶ ζώην δερματίνην περὶ τὴν ὀσφύν αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐσθίων 7 <sup>δ</sup>  
 ἀκρίδας καὶ μέλι ἄγριον. Καὶ ἐκήρυσσε λέγων, Ἐρχεται ὁ <sup>α</sup>  
 ἰσχυρότερός μου ὀπίσω μου, οὗ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἱκανὸς κύψας λῦσαι τὸν 8  
 ἱμάντα τῶν ὑποδημάτων αὐτοῦ. ἐγὼ μὲν ἐβάπτισα ὑμᾶς ἐν ὕδατι. 8  
 αὐτὸς δὲ βαπτίσει ὑμᾶς ἐν πνεύματι ἁγίῳ. Καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν ἐκεί- 9 <sup>ε</sup>  
 ναις ταῖς ἡμέραις, ἦλθεν Ἰησοῦς ἀπὸ Ναζαρέθ τῆς Γαλιλαίας, καὶ <sup>α</sup>  
 ἐβαπτίσθη ὑπὸ Ἰωάννου εἰς τὸν Ἰορδάνην. καὶ εὐθέως ἀναβαίνων 10  
 ἀπὸ τοῦ ὕδατος εἶδε σχιζομένους τοὺς οὐρανοὺς καὶ τὸ πνεῦμα ὡς 11  
 περιστερὰν καταβαλὼν ἐπ' αὐτόν· καὶ φωνὴ ἐγένετο ἐκ τῶν οὐ- 11  
 ρανῶν, Σὺ εἶ ὁ υἱὸς μου ὁ ἀγαπητὸς, ἐν ᾧ εὐδόκησα. Καὶ εὐθέως τὸ 12 <sup>δ</sup>  
 πνεῦμα αὐτὸν ἐκβάλλει εἰς τὴν ἔρημον. καὶ ἦν ἐκεῖ ἡμέρας τεσσ- 13  
 σάρακοντα πειραζόμενος ὑπὸ τοῦ Σατανᾶ, καὶ ἦν μετὰ τῶν θηρίων. 13  
 καὶ οἱ ἄγγελοι διηκόνουν αὐτῷ. 14 <sup>δ</sup>

Μετὰ δὲ τὸ παραδοθῆναι τὸν Ἰωάννην ἦλθεν Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὴν 14 <sup>η</sup>  
 Γαλιλαίαν κηρύσσων τὸ εὐαγγέλιον τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ Θεοῦ, καὶ 15 <sup>δ</sup>

2 ὡς 114, 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780 5 ὁδον σου + εμπροσθεν σου  
 72, 114, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 4 om και κηρυσσων  
 1219\* 5 εξεπορευοντο 114, 1200, 1780, 1816\* om η 489 6 ο  
 ιωαννης K, 116, 389, 1200, 1478, 1816\* om και ante εσθιων 1478  
 7 του υποδηματος 1079 9 ταις ημεραις εκειναις 1546 ο ιησουσ 1200,  
 1318 ναζαρετ 114, 116, 265, 1200, 1318, 1546, 5 10 ὡσει 116, 389,  
 489, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1546, 5 11 ουρανων + λεγουσα 1318 12 ευθυσ  
 114, 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 εκβαλλει αυτον 1318  
 13 εκει + εν τη ερημω 116, 1200, 1318, 1780, 5 τεσσ. + και νυκτας  
 τεσσαρακοντα 652 om οι 178, 1318, 1500 14 om τον 116, 489, 1200,  
 1318, 1478, 1546 ο ιησουσ 265, 389, 1318, 5 om ιησουσ 1780  
 om και 72, 178, 1313

λέγων, "Ὅτι πεπλήρωται ὁ καιρὸς καὶ ἤγγικεν ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ 15 ὁ  
θεοῦ· μετανοεῖτε καὶ πιστεύετε ἐν τῷ εὐαγγελίῳ. 5

Περιπατῶν δὲ παρὰ τὴν θάλασσαν τῆς Γαλιλαίας εἶδε Σίμωνα 16  
καὶ Ἀνδρέαν τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ τοῦ Σίμωνος ἀμφιβάλλοντας  
ἀμφίβληστρον ἐν τῇ θαλάσῃ· ἦσαν γὰρ ἀλιεῖς· καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς 17  
ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Δεῦτε ὀπίσω μου, καὶ ποιήσω ὑμᾶς γενέσθαι ἀλιεῖς ἀνθρώ- 18  
πων. Καὶ εὐθέως ἀφέντες τὰ δίκτυα αὐτῶν ἠκολούθησαν αὐτῷ. 19  
Καὶ προβάς ἐκεῖθεν ὀλίγον εἶδεν Ἰάκωβον τὸν τοῦ Ζεβεδαίου καὶ 20  
Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ, καὶ αὐτοὺς ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ καταρτίζοντας  
τὰ δίκτυα αὐτῶν. καὶ εὐθέως ἐκάλεσεν αὐτούς· καὶ ἀφέντες τὸν 21  
πατέρα αὐτῶν Ζεβεδαῖον ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ μετὰ τῶν μισθωτῶν ἀπῆλθον  
ὀπίσω αὐτοῦ. 5

Καὶ εἰσπορεύονται εἰς Καπερναοὺμ· καὶ εὐθέως τοῖς σάββασιν 21  
εἰσελθὼν εἰς τὴν συναγωγὴν ἐδίδασκε· καὶ ἐξεπλήσσοντο ἐπὶ τῇ 22  
διδασκῇ αὐτοῦ· ἦν γὰρ διδάσκων αὐτοὺς ὡς ἐξουσίαν ἔχων, καὶ οὐχ  
ὡς οἱ γραμματεῖς. Καὶ ἦν ἐν τῇ συναγωγῇ αὐτῶν ἄνθρωπος ἐν 23  
πνεύματι ἀκαθάρτῳ, καὶ ἀνέκραξε λέγων, "Εα, τί ἡμῖν καὶ σοί, 24  
Ἰησοῦ Ναζαρηνέ; ἦλθες ἀπολέσαι ἡμᾶς; οἶδά σε τίς εἶ, ὁ ἅγιος  
τοῦ θεοῦ. Καὶ ἐπετίμησεν αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγων, Φιμώθητι καὶ 25  
ἔξελθε ἐξ αὐτοῦ. καὶ σπαράξαν αὐτὸν τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ἀκάθαρτον 26  
καὶ κράξαν φωνῇ μεγάλῃ ἐξῆλθεν ἐξ αὐτοῦ. καὶ ἐθαμβήθησαν 27  
πάντες, ὥστε συζητεῖν πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς λέγοντας, Τί ἐστὶ τοῦτο; τίς  
ἡ διδασχὴ ἡ καινὴ αὕτη, ὅτι κατ' ἐξουσίαν καὶ τοῖς πνεύμασι τοῖς  
ἀκαθάρτοις ἐπιτάσσει, καὶ ὑπακούουσιν αὐτῷ; Ἐξῆλθε δὲ ἡ ἀκοή 28  
αὐτοῦ εὐθὺς εἰς ὅλην τὴν περίχωρον τῆς Γαλιλαίας.

Καὶ εὐθέως ἐκ τῆς συναγωγῆς ἐξελθόντες ἦλθον εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν 29  
Σίμωνος καὶ Ἀνδρέου, μετὰ Ἰακώβου καὶ Ἰωάννου. ἡ δὲ πενθερὰ 30  
Σίμωνος κατέκειτο πυρέσσουσα· καὶ εὐθέως λέγουσιν αὐτῷ περὶ 31  
αὐτῆς. καὶ προσελθὼν ἤγειρεν αὐτὴν κρατήσας τῆς χειρὸς αὐτῆς· 31

15 om σι . . . . . θεου 1200

16 αὐτου του

σιμωνος τον αδελφον 1780 om του σιμωνος 5 αμφιβαλοντας K, 72,  
114, 1346 βαλλοντας 116, 389, 652, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5  
εισ την θαλασσαν K\*, 178, 389, 1318 17 om οπισω μου 389 om γενεσθαι  
389, 1318, 1780 αλιεις γενεσθαι 1313 αλιεις ανθρωπων γενεσθαι 652  
19 om ολιγον 1079 om αυτων 116, 1318, 1780, 5 20 απηλθεν 489  
αυτου] αυτω K 21 εισ την συναγωγην εισελθων 1200 22 εξεπλησσοντο  
+ οι οχλοι 1318 23 om αυτων 72 24 σοι]συ 114, 178 ηλθεσ +  
προκαιρου 1546 25 εξ] απ 72 26 εξ] απ 1313 27 απαντες 652  
αυτους 1546, 5 28 om ευθυς 1780 29 οικιαν + του 265 30 του  
σιμωνος 265

καὶ ἀφήκεν αὐτὴν ὁ πυρετὸς εὐθέως, καὶ διηκόνει αὐτοῖς. Ὁψίας δὲ 32 Γ'  
γενομένης, ὅτε ἔδυ ὁ ἥλιος, ἔφερον πρὸς αὐτὸν πάντας τοὺς κακῶς  
ἔχοντας καὶ τοὺς δαιμονιζομένους· καὶ ἡ πόλις ὅλη ἐπισυνηγμένη 33  
ἦν πρὸς τὴν θύραν· καὶ ἐθεράπευσε πολλοὺς κακῶς ἔχοντας ποικί- 34  
λαις νόσοις, καὶ δαιμόνια πολλὰ ἐξέβαλε, καὶ οὐκ ἤφιε λαλεῖν τὰ 15  
δαιμόνια, ὅτι ἤδεισαν αὐτόν. η.

Καὶ πρῶτ' ἐννυχον λίαν ἀναστὰς ἐξῆλθε καὶ ἀπῆλθεν εἰς ἔρημον 35 15  
τόπον, κάκεῖ προσήυχετο. καὶ κατεδίωξαν αὐτόν ὃ τε Σίμων καὶ 36 η'  
οἱ μετ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ εὐρόντες αὐτόν λέγουσιν αὐτῷ, "Ὅτι πάντες σε 37  
ζητοῦσι. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, "Ἀγωμεν εἰς τὰς ἐχομένας κωμοπόλεις, 38  
ἵνα καὶ ἐκεῖ κηρύξω· εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ἐξεληλύθα. Καὶ ἦν κηρύσσων 39  
εἰς τὰς συναγωγὰς αὐτῶν εἰς ὅλην τὴν Γαλιλαίαν, καὶ τὰ δαιμόνια  
ἐκβάλλων.

Καὶ ἔρχεται πρὸς αὐτόν λεπρὸς παρακαλῶν αὐτόν καὶ γονυ- 40 Δ  
πετῶν αὐτόν καὶ λέγων αὐτῷ, "Ὅτι ἐὰν θέλῃς, δύνασαί με καθα- 17  
ρίσαι. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς σπλαγχνισθεὶς ἐκτείνας τὴν χεῖρα ἤψατο 41 β  
αὐτοῦ, καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, Θέλω, καθαρίσθητι. Καὶ εἰπόντος αὐτοῦ 42  
εὐθέως ἀπῆλθεν ἡ λέπρα ἀπ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐκαθαρίσθη. Καὶ ἐμβρι- 43  
μυσάμενος αὐτῷ ἐξέβαλεν αὐτόν εὐθέως, καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, "Ὅρα 44  
μηδένι μηδέν εἶπης· ἀλλ' ὑπαγε, σεαυτὸν δεῖξον τῷ ἱερεῖ καὶ προ-  
σένεγκε περὶ τοῦ καθαρισμοῦ σου ἃ προσέταξε Μωυσῆς, εἰς μαρτύ-  
ριον αὐτοῖς. Ὁ δὲ ἐξελθὼν ἤρξατο κηρύσσειν πολλὰ καὶ διαφημί- 45 18  
ζειν τὸν λόγον, ὥστε μηκέτι αὐτόν δύνασθαι φανερώς εἰς πόλιν  
εἰσελθεῖν· ἀλλ' ἔξω ἐν ἐρήμοις τόποις ἦν, καὶ ἤρχοντο πρὸς αὐτόν  
παντόθεν.

31 καὶ ευθεωσ αφήκεν 1790 32 προσ αυτον] προσ αυτους 389 33 συνηγμενη  
1318 τη θυρα 1200, 1780 34 πολλουσ + τους 1546 τα δαιμονια]  
αυτα 389 αυτον + τον χριστον ειναι 1318 35 om και απηλθεν 1346  
απηλθεν + ο ιησους 265, 1780 36 κατεδιωξεν 1200, 1478, 1546, 1780  
αυτον] αυτου 265 om τε 114, 116, 489, 1318, 1780 37 ζητουσι σε 5  
38 κακει 72, 114, 389, 1346, 5 εληλυθα 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478  
39 εν ταις συναγωγαις 116, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5  
40 om και γονυπετων αυτον 1346 om αυτον 3° 389 42 απ αυτου η  
λεπρα 72, 116, 178, 1313, 1318, 1780 5 εκαθερισθη 1219 43 ευθεωσ  
εξεβαλεν αυτον 72, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 44 om μηδενι  
1219\*, 1816 om μηδεν 1318, 1780 45 τοις ερημοις 1478 προσ]  
εις 1546 πανταχοθεν 116, 1318, 5

Καὶ εἰσῆλθεν πάλιν εἰς Καπερναοὺμ δι' ἡμερῶν· καὶ ἠκούσθη <sup>κ</sup> <sup>α</sup>   
 ὅτι εἰς οἶκόν ἐστι, καὶ εὐθέως συνήχθησαν πολλοί, ὥστε μηκέτι <sup>2</sup>   
 χωρεῖν μηδὲ τὰ πρὸς τὴν θύραν· καὶ ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς τὸν λόγον. Καὶ <sup>3</sup> <sup>Ε'</sup>   
 ἔρχονται πρὸς αὐτὸν παραλυτικὸν φέροντες αἰρόμενον ὑπὸ τεσσά-   
 ρων· καὶ μὴ δυνάμενοι αὐτῷ προσεγγίσει διὰ τὸν ὄχλον ἀπεστέ-   
 4 γασαν τὴν στέγην ὅπου ἦν, καὶ ἐξορύξαντες χαλῶσι τὸν κράβαττον   
 ἐφ' ᾧ ὁ παραλυτικὸς κατέκειτο. ἰδὼν δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὴν πίστιν αὐτῶν <sup>5</sup>   
 λέγει τῷ παραλυτικῷ, Τέκνον, ἀφέωνταί σοι αἱ ἁμαρτίαι σου.   
 \*Ἦσαν δὲ τινες τῶν γραμματέων ἐκεῖ καθήμενοι καὶ διαλογιζόμενοι <sup>6</sup>   
 ἐν ταῖς καρδίαις αὐτῶν, Τί οὗτος οὕτω λαλεῖ βλασφημίας; τίς <sup>7</sup>   
 δύναται ἀφιέναι ἁμαρτίας εἰ μὴ εἰς ὁ θεός; Καὶ εὐθέως ἐπιγνοὺς ὁ <sup>8</sup>   
 Ἰησοῦς τῷ πνεύματι αὐτοῦ ὅτι οὕτως αὐτοὶ διαλογίζονται ἐν ἑαυ-   
 τοῖς, εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τί ταῦτα διαλογίζεσθε ἐν ταῖς καρδίαις ὑμῶν;   
 τί ἐστὶν εὐκοπώτερον, εἰπεῖν τῷ παραλυτικῷ, Ἀφέωνταί σου αἱ <sup>9</sup>   
 ἁμαρτίαι, ἢ εἰπεῖν, Ἐγειρε καὶ ἄρον τὸν κράβαττόν σου καὶ περι-   
 πάτει; Ἰνα δὲ εἰδῇτε ὅτι ἐξουσίαν ἔχει ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἀφιέναι <sup>10</sup>   
 ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἁμαρτίας, (λέγει τῷ παραλυτικῷ) Σοὶ λέγω, ἔγειρε <sup>11</sup>   
 καὶ ἄρον τὸν κράβαττόν σου, καὶ ὑπαγε εἰς τὸν οἶκόν σου. Καὶ <sup>12</sup>   
 ἡγέρθη εὐθέως, καὶ ἄρας τὸν κράβαττον ἐξῆλθεν ἐναντίον πάντων·   
 ὥστε ἐξίστασθαι πάντας καὶ δοξάζειν τὸν θεὸν λέγοντας, Ὅτι οὐδέ-   
 ποτε οὕτως εἶδομεν.

Καὶ ἐξῆλθε πάλιν παρὰ τὴν θάλασσαν· καὶ πᾶς ὁ ὄχλος ἤρχετο <sup>13</sup> <sup>5'</sup>   
 πρὸς αὐτὸν, καὶ ἐδίδασκεν αὐτούς. Καὶ παράγων εἶδε Λευὶ τὸν τοῦ <sup>14</sup> <sup>κα</sup>   
 Ἀλφαίου καθήμενον ἐπὶ τὸ τελώνιον, καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, Ἀκολουθεῖ <sup>β</sup>   
 μοι. Καὶ ἀναστὰς ἠκολούθησεν αὐτῷ. Καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν τῷ κατα- <sup>15</sup> <sup>κβ</sup>   
 κεῖσθαι αὐτὸν ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ αὐτοῦ, καὶ πολλοὶ τελῶναι καὶ ἁμαρτω- <sup>β</sup>   
 λοι συνανέκειντο τῷ Ἰησοῦ καὶ τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ· ἦσαν γὰρ   
 πολλοί, καὶ ἠκολούθησαν αὐτῷ. καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς καὶ οἱ Φα- <sup>16</sup>   
 ρισαῖοι ἰδόντες αὐτὸν ἐσθιοντα μετὰ τῶν τελωνῶν καὶ ἁμαρτωλῶν   
 ἔλεγον τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, Τί ὅτι μετὰ τῶν τελωνῶν καὶ ἁμαρ-

1 εἰσῆλθεν + ο ἰησοῦς 652, 1318 παλιν + ο ἰησοῦς 116 παλιν εἰσῆλθεν 5  
4 προσεγγίσει αὐτῷ 116, 1313, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 om αὐτῷ K\*  
5 om τέκνον 389 8 om ο ἰησοῦς K\* om αὐτοῦ 389 om οτι . . .  
εαυτοῖς 1780 om αὐτοῖς 652, 5 εν εαυτοῖς] εν ταις καρδιαῖς αὐτῶν 116  
9 σου 1°] σοι 114, 116, 265, 652, 1200, 5 αμαρτιαί + σου 652 om  
καὶ ante ἀρον 1478 σου τον κραβαττον 5 10 ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ ἀφιέναι 116,  
389, 1200, 1478, 1546 αμαρτίας ἐπὶ τῇ γῇ 114, 489 11 ἐγειρε]  
ἐγειρον K om ἐγειρε καὶ 652\* 14 παραγων + ο ἰησοῦς 1318  
λεῖν 116, 1200, 1318, 1500, 1546, 5 15-16 om ἦσαν . . . αὐτοῦ 178\*  
16 ἰδόντες αὐτὸν ἐσθιοντα] οντα 1780 om ἐσθιοντα 1200 om καὶ  
αμαρτωλῶν 2° 1780

τωλῶν ἐσθίει καὶ πίνει; Καὶ ἀκούσας ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτοῖς, Οὐ 17 <sup>κγ</sup>  
 χρεῖαν ἔχουσιν οἱ ἰσχύοντες ἰατροῦ, ἀλλ' οἱ κακῶς ἔχοντες. οὐκ <sup>β</sup>  
 ἦλθον καλέσαι δικαίους, ἀλλὰ ἁμαρτωλοὺς. Καὶ ἦσαν οἱ μαθηταὶ 18  
 Ἰωάννου καὶ οἱ Φαρισαῖοι νηστεύοντες· καὶ ἔρχονται καὶ λέγουσιν  
 αὐτῷ, Διατί οἱ μαθηταὶ Ἰωάννου καὶ οἱ τῶν Φαρισαίων νηστεύου-  
 σιν, οἱ δὲ σοὶ μαθηταὶ οὐ νηστεύουσι; Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, 19  
 Μὴ δύνανται οἱ υἱοὶ τοῦ νυμφῶνος ἐν ᾧ ὁ νυμφίος μετ' αὐτῶν ἐστι  
 νηστεύειν; ὅσον χρόνον μεθ' ἐαυτῶν ἔχουσι τὸν νυμφίον, οὐ δύναν-  
 ται νηστεύειν· ἐλεύσονται δὲ ἡμέραι ὅταν ἀπαρθῇ ἀπ' αὐτῶν ὁ 20  
 νυμφίος, καὶ τότε νηστεύσουσιν ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ. οὐδεὶς ἐπίβλη- 21  
 μα ῥάκκους ἀγνάφου ἐπιράπτει ἐπὶ ἱματίῳ παλαιῷ· εἰ δὲ μήγε,  
 αἶρει ἀπ' αὐτοῦ τὸ πλήρωμα τὸ καινὸν τοῦ παλαιοῦ, καὶ χεῖρον  
 σχίσμα γίνεται. καὶ οὐδεὶς βάλλει οἶνον νέον εἰς ἀσκούς παλαιούς· 22  
 εἰ δὲ μὴ, ῥήσσει ὁ οἶνος ὁ νέος τοὺς ἀσκούς, καὶ ὁ οἶνος ἐκχεῖται καὶ  
 οἱ ἀσκοὶ ἀπολοῦνται· ἀλλὰ οἶνον νέον εἰς ἀσκούς καινοὺς βλητέον.

Καὶ ἐγένετο παραπορεύεσθαι αὐτὸν διὰ τῶν σπορίμων ἐν τοῖς 23 <sup>κδ</sup>  
 σάββασιν, καὶ ἤρξαντο οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ ὁδὸν ποιεῖν τίλλοντες τοὺς <sup>β</sup>  
 στάχνας. καὶ οἱ Φαρισαῖοι ἔλεγον αὐτῷ, Ἴδε τί ποιοῦσιν τοῖς σάβ- 24  
 βασιν ὃ οὐκ ἔξεστι; Καὶ αὐτὸς ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Οὐδέποτε ἀνέγνωτε 25  
 τί ἐποίησε Δαβὶδ, ὅτε χρεῖαν ἔσχε καὶ ἐπέινασεν αὐτὸς καὶ οἱ μετ'  
 αὐτοῦ; πῶς εἰσῆλθεν εἰς τὸν οἶκον τοῦ θεοῦ ἐπὶ Ἀβιάθαρ τοῦ ἀρχι- 26  
 ερέως, καὶ τοὺς ἄρτους τῆς προθέσεως ἔφαγεν, οὓς οὐκ ἔξεστι  
 φαγεῖν εἰ μὴ τοῖς ἱερεῦσι, καὶ ἔδωκε καὶ τοῖς σὺν αὐτῷ οὖσι; Καὶ 27 <sup>κε</sup>  
 ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Τὸ σάββατον διὰ τὸν ἄνθρωπον ἐγένετο, οὐχ ὁ ἄνθρ- <sup>β</sup>  
 ωπος διὰ τὸ σάββατον. ὥστε κύριός ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου καὶ 28  
 τοῦ σαββάτου.

17 om o 1° 265 ουκ] ου γαρ 1318 αμαρτωλους  
 + εισ μετανοιαν 116, 265, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 18 φαρισαιοι]  
 των φαρισαιων 116, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 19 om οι 1816  
 μετ'αυτων] μετ'αυτου 1079 om οσον χρονον . . . νηστευειν 265\* μεθ'  
 εαυτων] μετ'αυτων 1200 om ου δυνανται νηστευειν 389 20 αρθη 389  
 νηστευουσιν Π, 489, 1780 om εν εκεινη τη ημερα 389, 1313 τη ημερα εκεινη  
 1200, 1546 ταις ημεραις εκειναις 1478 εκειναις ταις ημεραις 116,  
 1318, 1780, 5 21 και ουδεις Π, 116, 389, 1318, 1346, 1780, 5 μηγε]  
 μη 116, 1318, 1780, 5 om απ' αυτου 1200 απ' αυτου το πληρωμα]  
 το πληρωμα αυτου 116, 1318, 1780, 5 22 παλαιους ασκους 1780 μηγε  
 1200 om ο νεος . . . οινος 1500\* 23 εν τοις σαββασιν δια των  
 σποριμων 116, 1200 (om εν), 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 24 ποιουσιν + εν 116,  
 1318, 1780, 5 25 επεινασε και αυτοσ και 1780 26 om του 2° Κ, 116,  
 178, 1318, 1478, 1546 αρχιερευσι 1780 συν αυτω] μετ'αυτου 1318

Καὶ εἰσῆλθε πάλιν εἰς τὴν συναγωγὴν· καὶ ἦν ἐκεῖ ἄνθρωπος III  
ἐξηραμμένην ἔχων τὴν χεῖρα· καὶ παρετήρουν αὐτὸν εἰ τοῖς σάβ- 2  
βασιν αὐτὸν θεραπεύσει, ἵνα κατηγορήσωσιν αὐτοῦ. καὶ λέγει τῷ 3  
ἀνθρώπῳ τῷ ἐξηραμμένην ἔχοντι τὴν χεῖρα, "Ἐγείρε εἰς τὸ μέσον.  
Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, "Ἐξέσθι τοῖς σάββασιν ἀγαθοποιῆσαι ἢ κακο- 4  
ποιῆσαι, ψυχὴν σῶσαι ἢ ἀποκτεῖναι; Οἱ δὲ ἐσιώπων. καὶ περι- 5  
βλεψάμενος αὐτοὺς μετ' ὀργῆς, συλλυπούμενος ἐπὶ τῇ πωρώσει  
τῆς καρδίας αὐτῶν, λέγει τῷ ἀνθρώπῳ, "Ἐκτεῖνον τὴν χεῖρά σου·  
καὶ ἐξέτεινε, καὶ ἀποκατεστάθη ἡ χεὶρ αὐτοῦ. Καὶ ἐξελθόντες οἱ 6  
Φαρισαῖοι εὐθέως μετὰ τῶν Ἑρωδιανῶν συμβούλιον ἐποιοῦν κατ'  
αὐτοῦ, ὅπως αὐτὸν ἀπολέσωσι.

Καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἀνεχώρησε μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ πρὸς τὴν 7  
θάλασσαν· καὶ πολὺ πλῆθος ἀπὸ τῆς Γαλιλαίας ἠκολούθησεν αὐτῷ·  
καὶ ἀπὸ τῆς Ἰουδαίας, καὶ ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων, καὶ ἀπὸ τῆς Ἰδου- 8  
μαίας, καὶ πέραν τοῦ Ἰορδάνου, καὶ οἱ περὶ Τύρον καὶ Σιδῶνα,  
πλῆθος πολὺν, ἀκούσαντες ὅσα ἐποίει ἦλθον πρὸς αὐτόν. καὶ εἶπε 9  
τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ ἵνα πλοιάριον προσκαρτερῇ αὐτῷ διὰ τὸν  
ὄχλον, ἵνα μὴ θλίβωσιν αὐτόν. πολλοὺς γὰρ ἐθεράπευεν· ὥστε 10  
ἐπιπίπτειν αὐτῷ ἵνα αὐτοῦ ἅπτωνται ὅσοι εἶχον μᾶστιγας· καὶ τὰ 11  
πνεύματα τὰ ἀκάθαρτα, ὅταν αὐτὸν ἐθεώρει, προσέπιπτον αὐτῷ καὶ  
ἐκραζον λέγοντα, "Ὅτι σὺ εἶ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ· καὶ πολλὰ ἐπετίμα 12  
αὐτοῖς ἵνα μὴ φανερόν αὐτὸν ποιῶσι. Καὶ ἀναβαίνει εἰς τὸ ὄρος 13  
καὶ προσκαλεῖται οὓς ἤθελεν αὐτοὺς, καὶ ἀπῆλθον πρὸς αὐτόν. καὶ 14  
ἐποίησε δώδεκα, ἵνα ὧσι μετ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἵνα ἀποστέλλῃ αὐτοὺς  
κηρύσσειν καὶ ἔχειν ἐξουσίαν θεραπεύειν τὰς νόσους καὶ ἐκβάλλειν 15

2 παρετηρουν] γαρ ετηρουν 114, 178\*, 1079, 1219, 1346\* εν τοις 1780  
θεραπευσει αυτον 116, 178, 1318 5 om αυτον 2° 389 5 αυτουσ] αυτοις 652  
λυπουμενος 72 τω ανθρωπω] αυτω 1780 απεκατεσταθη K, 265, 389, 652,  
1079, 1318, 1346\*, 1478, 1500, 1546, 1780, 1816 αυτου + υγιησ ωσ η  
αλλη 116, 265, 652, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 6 εποιουν] εποιησαν  
1780 7 και γνους ο ιησους 1318 προσ] εις 178 om προσ την  
θαλασσαν 1780 πληθος πολυ 1780 ηκολουθησεν αυτω απο της γαλιλαιας 116  
ηκολουθησαν 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 8 om και απο ιεροσολυμων και  
απο της ιδουμαιας 1200 om απο ante ιεροσολυμων 1318 των ιερο-  
σολυμων 1546 εποιησεν 489 ηλθον] ηλθε 1478 9 αυτω] αυτον 116  
10 εθεραπευσεν 72, 116, 265, 652, 1079, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1546, 1780, 5  
αυτω] αυτον 389 αφωνται 72, 116, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1546, 5  
11 om τα 2° K προσεπιπτεν . . . εκραζεν 116, 1200, 1318, 5  
προσεπιπτεν 1313, 1546 λεγοντες K 12 αυτον φανερον 5 ποιησωσι  
116, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 14 om ινα 2° 1318 om αυτουσ 1546

τὰ δαιμόνια· καὶ ἐπέθηκε τῷ Σίμωνι ὄνομα Πέτρον· καὶ Ἰάκωβον 16, 17 λ  
β  
τὸν τοῦ Ζεβεδαίου, καὶ Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν τοῦ Ἰακώβου, καὶ ἐ-  
πέθηκεν αὐτοῖς ὀνόματα Βοανηργές, ὃ ἐστὶν Ἵιοι βροντῆς· καὶ Ἀνδ- 18  
ρέαν, καὶ Φίλιππον, καὶ Βαρθολομαῖον, καὶ Ματθαῖον, καὶ Θωμᾶν,  
καὶ Ἰάκωβον τὸν τοῦ Ἀλφαίου, καὶ Θαδδαῖον, καὶ Σίμωνα τὸν  
Κανανίτην, καὶ Ἰούδαν Ἰσκαριώτην ὃς καὶ παρέδωκεν αὐτόν. 19  
Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς τὸν οἶκον· καὶ συνέρχεται πάλιν ὄχλος, 20 λα  
'  
ὥστε μὴ δύνασθαι αὐτοὺς μηδὲ ἄρτον φαγεῖν. καὶ ἀκούσαντες οἱ 21  
παρ' αὐτοῦ ἐξῆλθον κρατῆσαι αὐτόν· ἔλεγον γάρ, "Οτι ἐξέστη.  
Καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς οἱ ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων καταβάντες ἔλεγον, "Οτι 22 λβ  
β  
Βεελζεβούλ ἔχει, καὶ ὅτι ἐν τῷ ἔρχοντι τῶν δαιμονίων ἐκβάλλει  
τὰ δαιμόνια. Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος αὐτοὺς ἐν παραβολαῖς ἔλεγεν 23 λγ  
β  
αὐτοῖς, Πῶς δύναται Σατανᾶς Σατανᾶν ἐκβάλλειν; καὶ ἐὰν βασι- 24  
λεῖα ἐφ' ἑαυτὴν μερισθῇ, οὐ δύναται σταθῆναι ἡ βασιλεία ἐκείνη·  
καὶ ἐὰν οἰκία ἐφ' ἑαυτὴν μερισθῇ, οὐ δύναται στήναι ἡ οἰκία ἐκείνη· 25  
καὶ εἰ ὁ Σατανᾶς ἀνέστη ἐφ' ἑαυτόν καὶ μεμέρισται, οὐ δύναται στα- 26  
θῆναι, ἀλλὰ τέλος ἔχει. οὐδεὶς δύναται τὰ σκεύη τοῦ ἰσχυροῦ εἰσελ- 27  
θῶν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν αὐτοῦ διαρπάσαι, ἐὰν μὴ πρῶτον τὸν ἰσχυρὸν  
δήσῃ, καὶ τότε τὴν οἰκίαν αὐτοῦ διαρπάσῃ. ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι 28 λδ  
β  
πάντα ἀφεθήσεται τὰ ἁμαρτήματα τοῖς υἱοῖς τῶν ἀνθρώπων, καὶ  
βλασφημίαι ὅσας ἂν βλασφημήσωσιν· ὃς δ' ἂν βλασφημήσῃ εἰς 29  
τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ Ἅγιον, οὐκ ἔχει ἄφεσιν εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα, ἀλλ' ἐνοχός  
ἐστὶν αἰωνίου κρίσεως· ὅτι ἔλεγον, πνεῦμα ἀκάθαρτον ἔχει. Ἔρ- 30, 31 λε  
β  
χονται οὖν οἱ ἀδελφοὶ αὐτοῦ καὶ ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἔξω ἐστῶτες  
ἀπέστειλαν πρὸς αὐτὸν φωνοῦντες αὐτόν. καὶ ἐκάθητο περὶ αὐτὸν 32  
ὄχλος· εἶπον δὲ αὐτῷ, Ἰδοὺ ἡ μήτηρ σου καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοί σου ἔξω ζητ-  
οῦσί σε. Καὶ ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς λέγων, Τίς ἐστὶν ἡ μήτηρ μου ἢ οἱ 33

16 απεθηκαν 489, 1219 του ιακωβου]

ιακωβου K, 116, 1200, 1546; αυτου 389, 1780; αυτου του ιακωβου 1318  
18 δαδδαιον K om τον ante του 1500, 1780 20 ερχεται 1816 om  
τον K, 72, 116, 1200, 1318, 5 ο οχλος 489, 1219, 1780 μητε 116,  
1200, 1318, 5; om 652 21 ακουσαν sic 1079 22 βεελζεβολ 265  
22 om οτι 2° 116 δαιμωνων 489, 1219, 1816 23 και 1° + αυτοσ 116  
25 σταθηναι 1200, 1318, 1816, 5 26 εφ'εαυτον ανεστη 1200 εαυτον]  
εαυτην 389\* εμερισθη 1318 27 ου δυναται ουδεις 5 om τα 265  
om εισελθων εισ την οικιαν αυτου 1780 om εαν μη . . . διαρπαση 114  
om και τοτε . . . διαρπαση 1546 28 αι βλασφημιαι 1318 31 om  
αυτου 1° 72, 114, 116, 1200, 1318, 5 αυτον 2°] αυτω 1780 32 οχλος  
περι αυτον 116, 5; οχλος περι αυτον πολυς 1318 om ιδου 1346\* σου  
2° + και αι αδελφαι σου 116, 1318 33 η] και 652, 1318 34 om  
vers 1478\* ιδε 1318, 5

ἀδελφοί μου; Καὶ περιβλεψάμενος κύκλῳ τοὺς περὶ αὐτὸν καθημέ- 34  
ρους λέγει, Ἴδου ἡ μήτηρ μου καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοί μου· ὃς γὰρ ἂν ποιήσῃ 35  
τὸ θέλημα τοῦ θεοῦ, οὗτος ἀδελφός μου καὶ ἀδελφή μου καὶ μήτηρ  
ἐστί.

Καὶ πάλιν ἤρξατο διδάσκειν παρὰ τὴν θάλασσαν· καὶ συνήχθη IV  
πρὸς αὐτὸν ὄχλος πολλὸς, ὥστε αὐτὸν ἐμβάντα εἰς πλοῖον καθῆσθαι  
ἐν τῇ θαλάσῃ· καὶ πᾶς ὁ ὄχλος πρὸς τὴν θάλασσαν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς  
ἦν· καὶ ἐδίδασκεν αὐτοὺς ἐν παραβολαῖς πολλὰ, καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς 2  
ἐν τῇ διδαχῇ αὐτοῦ, Ἀκούετε. ἰδοὺ ἐξῆλθεν ὁ σπείρων τοῦ σπείραι· 3  
καὶ ἐγένετο ἐν τῷ σπείρειν, ὃ μὲν ἔπεσε παρὰ τὴν ὁδὸν, καὶ ἦλθε τὰ 4  
πετεινὰ καὶ κατέφαγεν αὐτό· ἄλλο δὲ ἔπεσεν ἐπὶ τὸ πετρῶδες 5  
ὅπου οὐκ εἶχε γῆν πολλήν, καὶ εὐθέως ἐξανέτειλε διὰ τὸ μὴ ἔχειν  
βάθος γῆς, ἡλίου δὲ ἀνατείλαντος ἐκαυματίσθη, καὶ διὰ τὸ μὴ 6  
ἔχειν ῥίζαν ἐξηράνθη· καὶ ἄλλο ἔπεσεν εἰς τὰς ἀκάνθας, καὶ ἀνέβη- 7  
σαν αἱ ἄκανθαι καὶ συνέπνιξαν αὐτό, καὶ καρπὸν οὐκ ἔδωκε· καὶ 8  
ἄλλο ἔπεσεν εἰς τὴν γῆν τὴν καλήν, καὶ ἐδίδου καρπὸν ἀναβαίνοντα  
καὶ αὐξάνοντα, καὶ ἔφερεν ἐν τριάκοντα καὶ ἐν ἐξήκοντα καὶ ἐν  
ἐκατόν. Καὶ ἔλεγεν Ὁ ἔχων ὦτα ἀκούειν ἀκούετω. Ὅτε δὲ 9,10  
ἐγένετο καταμόνας, ἠρώτησαν αὐτὸν οἱ περὶ αὐτὸν σὺν τοῖς  
δώδεκα τὴν παραβολήν. καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Ὑμῖν δέδοται τὸ μυστή- 11  
ριον τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ· ἐκείνοις δὲ τοῖς ἔξω ἐν παραβολαῖς  
πάντα γίνεται, ἵνα βλέποντες βλέπωσι καὶ μὴ ἴδωσι, καὶ ἀκούοντες 12  
ἀκούωσι καὶ μὴ συνιώσι· μήποτε ἐπιστρέψωσι, καὶ ἀφεθῇσεται  
αὐτοῖς τὰ ἁμαρτήματα. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Οὐκ οἴδατε τὴν παρα- 13  
βολὴν ταύτην; καὶ πῶς πάσας τὰς παραβολὰς γνώσεσθε; ὁ σπεί- 14  
ρων τὸν λόγον σπείρει. οὗτοι δὲ εἰσιν οἱ παρὰ τὴν ὁδὸν, ὅπου 15  
σπείρεται ὁ λόγος, καὶ ὅταν ἀκούσωσιν, εὐθέως ἔρχεται ὁ Σατανᾶς  
καὶ αἶρει τὸν λόγον τὸν ἐσπαρμένον ἐν ταῖς καρδίαις αὐτῶν· καὶ 16

λς  
β

θ'

λς  
αλη  
β

om και οι αδελφοι μου 1318 35 om μου 2° 116 μητηρ + μου 1780  
1 ηρξατο παλιν 1200, 1546 αυτον 2°] ἐμ τὸν sic K το πλοιον 116, 1200,  
1318, 1346, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 καθησαι 1816 2 αυτοισ] αυτοουσ 1546  
3 om ακουετε 1200, 1478, 1546 4 ηλθον K πετεινα + του ουρανου  
489, 5 6 om ηλιου . . . . εκαυματισθη 1200\* 7 απεπνιξαν 1478,  
1780 8 om και εδιδου . . . . αυξανοντα 1318 om εν 2° 652\* 9 ελεγεν  
+ αυτοισ 5 10 αυτον 1°] αυτω 1546 om συν 1478\* 11 δεδοται  
+ γνωμαι 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1478, 1780, 5 τα παντα 1318, 5  
12 μη βλεπωσι (om και μη ιδωσι) 389 ακουουσι II; om ακουωσι και 389  
om και μη συνιωσι . . . . 15 ακουσωσιν 178\* επιστρεψουσι 1780 αφεθη  
116, 1200, 1318, 5 13 τας παραβολας πασας 116

οὗτοί εἰσιν ὁμοίως οἱ ἐπὶ τὰ πετρώδη σπειρόμενοι, οἳ ὅταν ἀκούσωσι  
τὸν λόγον, εὐθέως μετὰ χαρᾶς λαμβάνουσιν αὐτὸν, καὶ οὐκ ἔχουσι 17  
ρίξαν ἐν ἑαυτοῖς, ἀλλὰ πρόσκαιροί εἰσιν, εἴτα γενομένης θλίψεως ἢ  
διωγμοῦ διὰ τὸν λόγον εὐθέως σκανδαλίζονται· καὶ οὗτοί εἰσιν οἱ 18  
εἰς τὰς ἀκάνθας σπειρόμενοι, οἱ τὸν λόγον ἀκούοντες, καὶ αἱ μέρι- 19  
μναι τοῦ αἰῶνος τούτου καὶ ἡ ἀπάτη τοῦ πλούτου καὶ αἱ περὶ τὰ  
λοιπὰ ἐπιθυμίας εἰσπορευόμεναι συμπνίγουσι τὸν λόγον, καὶ ἄκαρ-  
πος γίνεται· καὶ οὗτοί εἰσιν οἱ ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν τὴν καλὴν σπαρέντες, 20  
οἵτινες ἀκούουσι τὸν λόγον καὶ παραδέχονται καὶ καρποφοροῦσιν,  
ἐν τριάκοντα καὶ ἐν ἐξήκοντα καὶ ἐν ἑκατόν. Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, 21  
Μήτις ὁ λύχνος ἔρχεται ἵνα ὑπὸ τὸν μόδιον τεθῇ ἢ ὑπὸ τὴν κλίνην;  
οὐχ ἵνα ἐπὶ τὴν λυχνίαν ἐπιτεθῇ; οὐ γάρ ἐστι κρυπτὸν, ἐὰν μὴ 22  
φανερωθῇ· οὐδὲ ἐγένετο ἀπόκρυφον, ἀλλ' ἵνα εἰς φανερόν ἔλθῃ.  
εἴ τις ἔχει ὦτα ἀκοῦειν, ἀκούετω. Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Βλέπετε τί 23, 24  
ἀκούετε. ἐν ᾧ μέτρῳ μετρεῖτε μετρηθήσεται ὑμῖν, καὶ προστεθή-  
σεται ὑμῖν τοῖς ἀκούουσιν. ὅς γάρ ἂν ἔχῃ, δοθήσεται αὐτῷ· καὶ ὅς 25  
οὐκ ἔχει, καὶ ὁ ἔχει ἀρθήσεται ἀπ' αὐτοῦ.

Καὶ ἔλεγεν, Οὕτως ἐστὶν ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ, ὡς ἐὰν ἄνθρωπος 26  
βάλλῃ τὸν σπόρον ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς, καὶ καθεύδῃ καὶ ἐγείρηται νύκτα καὶ 27  
ἡμέραν, καὶ ὁ σπόρος βλαστάνῃ καὶ μηκύνηται ὡς οὐκ οἶδεν αὐτός.  
αὐτομάτῃ γὰρ ἡ γῆ καρποφορεῖ πρῶτον χόρτον, εἴτα στάχυν, εἴτα 28  
πλήρη σίτον ἐν τῷ στάχυϊ. ὅταν δὲ παραδῶ ὁ καρπὸς, εὐθέως ἀπο- 29  
στέλλει τὸ δρέπανον, ὅτι παρέστηκεν ὁ θερισμός.

Καὶ ἔλεγε, Τίνι ὁμοιωσωμεν τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ; ἢ ἐν ποίᾳ 30  
παραβολῇ παραβάλωμεν αὐτήν; ὡς κόκκῳ σινάπεως, ὅς ὅταν 31  
σπαρῇ ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς, μικρότερος πάντων τῶν σπερμάτων ἐστὶ τῶν  
ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς· καὶ ὅταν σπαρῇ, ἀναβαίνει καὶ γίνεται πάντων τῶν 32  
λαχάνων μείζων, καὶ ποιεῖ κλάδους μεγάλους ὥστε δύνασθαι ὑπὸ  
τὴν σκιάν αὐτοῦ τὰ πετεινὰ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ κατασκηνοῦν. Καὶ τοιαύ- 33  
ταις παραβολαῖς πολλαῖς ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς τὸν λόγον, καθὼς ἐδύναντο

16 λαμβανουσι] λαμβανωσι 389; δεχονται 1200 17 εαντοις] αυτοις 489 ευθυς  
1546 18 σπειρομενοι + ουτοι εισιν 5 19 om εισπορευομενοι 1478 20 om  
και παραδεχονται 1313 om εν 3<sup>ο</sup> 389 21 επι] υπο 1200 επιτεθη] τεθη  
116, 1200, 1318, 1546 22 εστι + τι 5 ο εαν 116, 1318, 1478, 1546, 5  
εαν] ου 1200, 1546 24 αντιμετρηθησεται 116, 1318 om και προστεθη-  
σεται υμιν 114 25 αν] εαν 1318; om 1200 26 ελεγεν + αυτοις 1200,  
1546 σπορον + αυτου 1346\* 28 om πληρη 178 29 το] τον 1318  
30 ομοιωσω K, 389, 1200; ομοιωσομεν 116, 1478, 1780 31 κοκκον K, 116,  
178, 389, 1200, 1318, 1546 της γης 1<sup>ο</sup>] την γην 1200 μικροτερον 489;  
και μικροτερον 1200 32 σπαρη] αυξηθη 1318, 1780

ἀκούειν· χωρὶς δὲ παραβολῆς οὐκ ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς· κατ' ἰδίαν δὲ 34 <sup>μς</sup>  
τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ ἐπέλυε πάντα.

Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ὀψίας γενομένης, Διέλθω- 35 <sup>Ι'</sup>  
μεν εἰς τὸ πέραν. Καὶ ἀφέντες τὸν ὄχλον παραλαμβάνουσιν 36 <sup>β</sup>  
αὐτὸν ὡς ἦν ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ· καὶ ἄλλα δὲ πλοῖα ἦν μετ' αὐτοῦ. καὶ 37  
γίνεται λαίλαψ ἀνέμου μεγάλη, τὰ δὲ κύματα ἐπέβαλεν εἰς τὸ  
πλοῖον, ὥστε αὐτὸ ἤδη γεμίζεσθαι. καὶ ἦν αὐτὸς ἐπὶ τῇ πρύμνῃ 38  
ἐπὶ τὸ προσκεφάλαιον καθεύδων· καὶ διεγείρουσιν αὐτὸν, καὶ λέ-  
γουσιν αὐτῷ, Διδάσκαλε, οὐ μέλει σοι ὅτι ἀπολλύμεθα; Καὶ διε- 39  
γερθεὶς ἐπετίμησε τῷ ἀνέμῳ, καὶ εἶπε τῇ θαλάσσῃ, Σιώπα, πεφι-  
μωσο. Καὶ ἐκόπασεν ὁ ἄνεμος, καὶ ἐγένετο γαλήνῃ μεγάλη. καὶ 40  
εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τί δειλοί ἐστε οὕτως; πῶς οὐκ ἔχετε πίστιν; Καὶ 41  
ἐφοβήθησαν φόβον μέγαν, καὶ ἔλεγον πρὸς ἀλλήλους, Τίς ἄρα οὗτός  
ἐστιν, ὅτι καὶ ὁ ἄνεμος καὶ ἡ θάλασσα ὑπακούουσιν αὐτῷ;

Καὶ ἦλθον εἰς τὸ πέραν τῆς θαλάσσης εἰς τὴν χώραν τῶν Γαδα- V <sup>ΙΑ'</sup>  
ρηνῶν. καὶ ἐξελθόντι αὐτῷ ἐκ τοῦ πλοίου, εὐθέως ἀπήντησεν αὐτῷ 2  
ἐκ τῶν μνημείων ἄνθρωπος ἐν πνεύματι ἀκαθάρτῳ, ὃς τὴν κατοι- 3  
κησιν εἶχεν ἐν τοῖς μνήμασιν· καὶ οὔτε ἀλύσεις οὐδεὶς ἐδύνατο  
αὐτὸν δῆσαι, διὰ τὸ αὐτὸν πολλάκις πέδαις καὶ ἀλύσεισι δεδέσθαι, 4  
καὶ διεσπᾶσθαι ὑπ' αὐτοῦ τὰς ἀλύσεις καὶ τὰς πέδας συντετρίφθαι,  
καὶ οὐδεὶς ἴσχυεν αὐτὸν δαμάσαι· καὶ διαπαντὸς νυκτὸς καὶ ἡμέρας 5  
ἐν τοῖς μνήμασιν καὶ ἐν τοῖς ὅρεσι ἦν κράζων καὶ κατακόπτων  
ἑαυτὸν λίθοις. Ἰδὼν δὲ τὸν Ἰησοῦν μακρόθεν ἔδραμε καὶ προσεκύ- 6  
νησεν αὐτῷ, καὶ κράζας φωνῇ μεγάλῃ λέγει, Τί ἐμοὶ καὶ σοί, 7  
Ἰησοῦ υἱὲ τοῦ θεοῦ τοῦ ὑψίστου; ὀρκίζω σε τὸν θεόν, μή με βασαν-  
νίσῃς· ἔλεγε γὰρ αὐτῷ, Ἐξελθε τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ἀκάθαρτον ἐκ τοῦ 8  
ἀνθρώπου. Καὶ ἐπηρώτα αὐτὸν, Τί ὄνομά σοι; Καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, 9

34 om χωρὶς . . .

αυτοις 1200 36 πλοιαρια 116, 489, 1200, 1219, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5  
37 om ηδη 1318 γεμίζεσθαι] καταποντίζεσθαι 1200, 1478, 1546 38 επι  
1<sup>ο</sup>] εν 116 εγειρουσιν Π\* σοι] συ 265 39 σιωπα + και 116  
40 om ουκ 1478 41 εφοβηθησαν + σφοδρα 1780 οι ανεμοι 1318  
υπακουσιν 489 1 γεργασωνων 116 2 και ευθεωσ 1546 υπηνητησεν  
1200 3 μνημειοις 1079, 1546, 5 εδυνατο] ηδυν 389 δησαι] δαμασαι  
1200 4 το τον αυτον 265 συντριφθαι 1079\* αυτον ισχυε 116, 5;  
ισχυσεν 1318; ισχυσεν αυτον 1200 5 ημερας και νυκτοσ 1200, 1478, 1546  
εν τοις ορεσιν και εν τοις μνημασιν 116, 1318, 5 om κραζων 1816  
6 απο μακροθεν 116, 489, 1318, 5 7 ειπε 116, 489, 1318, 1780, 5;  
ελεγεν Π σοι] συ 389 om ιησου 1780, 1816 9 επηρωτησεν 178 σοι  
ονομα 116, 178, 1318, 1780, 5 και λεγει αυτω] ο δε ειπε 1318; και  
απεκριθη λεγων 116, 5

Λεγεὼν ὄνομά μοι, ὅτι πολλοὶ ἔσμεν. Καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλὰ, 10  
 ἵνα μὴ ἀποστείλῃ αὐτὸν ἔξω τῆς χώρας. ἦν δὲ ἐκεῖ ἀγέλη χοίρων 11  
 μεγάλη βοσκομένη πρὸς τῷ ὄρει· καὶ παρεκάλουν αὐτὸν οἱ δαίμονες 12  
 λέγοντες, Πέμψον ἡμᾶς εἰς τοὺς χοίρους, ἵνα εἰς αὐτοὺς εἰσέλθωμεν.  
 καὶ ἐπέτρεψεν αὐτοῖς εὐθέως ὁ Ἰησοῦς. καὶ ἐξελθόντα τὰ πνεύματα 13  
 τὰ ἀκάθαρτα εἰσῆλθον εἰς τοὺς χοίρους· καὶ ὥρμησεν ἡ ἀγέλη κατὰ  
 τοῦ κρημνοῦ εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν· ἦσαν δὲ ὡς δισχίλιοι· καὶ ἐπνίγοντο 14  
 ἐν τῇ θαλάσῃ. Οἱ δὲ βόσκοντες τοὺς χοίρους ἔφυγον καὶ ἀπήγ- 14  
 γειλαν εἰς τὴν πόλιν καὶ εἰς τοὺς ἀγρούς. καὶ ἦλθον ἰδεῖν τί ἐστι τὸ  
 γεγονός· καὶ ἔρχονται πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν, καὶ θεωροῦσι τὸν δαιμονι- 15  
 ζόμενον καθήμενον καὶ ἱματισμένον καὶ σωφρονοῦντα, τὸν ἐσχη-  
 κότα τὸν λεγεῶνα· καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν. καὶ διηγῆσαντο αὐτοῖς οἱ 16  
 ἰδόντες πῶς ἐγένετο τῷ δαιμονιζομένῳ, καὶ περὶ τῶν χοίρων. καὶ 17  
 ἦρξαντο παρακαλεῖν αὐτὸν ἀπελθεῖν ἀπὸ τῶν ὀρίων αὐτῶν. Καὶ 18 <sup>μη</sup>  
 ἐμβαίνοντος αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ πλοῖον, παρεκάλει αὐτὸν ὁ δαιμονισθεὶς <sup>η</sup>  
 ἵνα μετ' αὐτοῦ ᾗ. Καὶ οὐκ ἀφῆκεν αὐτὸν, ἀλλὰ λέγει αὐτῷ, Ὕπαγε 19  
 εἰς τὸν οἶκόν σου πρὸς τοὺς σους, καὶ ἀνάγγειλον αὐτοῖς ὅσα σοι ὁ  
 Κύριος πεποίηκεν καὶ ἡλέησέ σε. Καὶ ἀπῆλθε καὶ ἦρξατο κηρύσ- 20  
 σειν ἐν τῇ Δεκαπόλει ὅσα ἐποίησεν αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς· καὶ πάντες ἐθαύ-  
 μαζον.

Καὶ διαπεράσαντος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ πάλιν εἰς τὸ πέραν, 21 <sup>μβ</sup>  
 συνήχθη ὄχλος πολὺς ἐπ' αὐτόν· καὶ ἦν παρὰ τὴν θάλασσαν. Καὶ 22 <sup>IB'</sup>  
 ἰδοὺ ἔρχεται εἰς τῶν ἀρχισυναγῶγων, ὀνόματι Ἰάειρος, καὶ ἰδὼν  
 αὐτὸν πίπτει πρὸς τοὺς πόδας αὐτοῦ, καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλὰ, 23  
 λέγων, Ὅτι τὸ θυγάτριόν μου ἐσχάτως ἔχει· ἵνα ἐλθὼν ἐπιθῇς

10 παρεκαλουν 116 αποστέλλη 1780  
 αποστείλῃ αὐτοὺς 116, 178; αὐτοὺς αποστείλῃ 1318, 5 <sup>τησ χωρας</sup>] τησ πολεωσ  
 1318 11 om ἐκεῖ 1780 ἐκεῖ + προσ τα ὀρη 1546, 5; + προσ τω ὀρει  
 116; + προσ το ὀρος 1318 χοιρων + πολλων 1318 μεγαλη + προσ τα  
 ὀρει 489; + προσ τω ὀρει 1200 om μεγαλη 1313 om προσ τω ὀρει  
 116, 489, 1200, 1318, 1546, 5 12 παρεκαλεσαν 116, 5 αὐτον + παντες  
 116, 1318, 1546, 5 13 om εὐθεως 178, 389 om τα 2<sup>ο</sup> K εἰσῆλθεν  
 1313, 1816 ἀγέλη + των χοιρων 1318 δε] γαρ 1200 14 ἀναγγειλαν  
 72, 116, 5 om και ηλθον 1546 ηλθον] ἐξηλθον 116, 489, 1318, 1546, 5  
 om τι ἐστι 389, 1780 15 om και 3<sup>ο</sup> 1318 om τον ἐσχηκοτα τον λεγεωνα  
 389 16 διηγῆσαντο δε 116, 1318 περι + της ἀγέλης 1478 17 ἦρξατο  
 72 18 ἐμβαντος 116, 265, 1318, 1478, 5 η μετ' αὐτου 116, 1318,  
 1546, 5 19 και ουκ] ο δε ἰησοῦς ουκ 116, 1318, 5 αυτοις] τοις σοις K  
 ἐποίησε K, 489, 5; περιποιήκεν 489 20 αὐτῷ] αὐτῇ 389 21 ἐπ' αὐτον]  
 περι αὐτον 1318 23 om πολλὰ 1313 η θυγατηρ 1318 αὐτῇ] αὐτῷ K;  
 om 114

αὐτῇ τὰς χεῖρας ὅπως σωθῇ, καὶ ζήσεται. Καὶ ἀπῆλθε μετ' αὐτοῦ· 24  
καὶ ἠκολούθει αὐτῷ ὄχλος πολὺς, καὶ συνέθλιβον αὐτόν.

Καὶ γυνὴ τις οὖσα ἐν ῥύσει αἵματος ἔτη δώδεκα, καὶ πολλὰ πα- 25, 26 **ΙΓ'**  
θοῦσα ὑπὸ πολλῶν ἱατρῶν καὶ δαπανήσασα τὰ παρ' ἑαυτῆς πάντα,  
καὶ μηδὲν ὠφεληθεῖσα ἀλλὰ μᾶλλον εἰς τὸ χεῖρον ἐλθοῦσα, ἀκού- 27  
σασα περὶ τοῦ Ἰησοῦ, ἐλθοῦσα ἐν τῷ ὄχλῳ ὀπισθεν ἤψατο τοῦ  
ἱματίου αὐτοῦ· ἔλεγε γὰρ ἐν ἑαυτῇ Ὅτι κὰν τῶν ἱματίων αὐτοῦ 28  
ἄψωμαι, σωθήσομαι. Καὶ εὐθέως ἐξηράνθη ἡ πηγὴ τοῦ αἵματος 29  
αὐτῆς, καὶ ἔγνω τῷ σώματι ὅτι ἵαται ἀπὸ τῆς μᾶστιγος. καὶ εὐθέως 30  
ὁ Ἰησοῦς, ἐπιγνοὺς ἐν ἑαυτῷ τὴν ἐξ αὐτοῦ δύναμιν ἐξελθοῦσαν, ἐπι-  
στραφείς ἐν τῷ ὄχλῳ ἔλεγε, Τίς μου ἤψατο τῶν ἱματίων; Καὶ 31  
ἔλεγον αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, Βλέπεις τὸν ὄχλον συνθλίβοντά σε,  
καὶ λέγεις, Τίς μου ἤψατο; Καὶ περιεβλέπετο ἰδεῖν τὴν τοῦτο 32  
ποιήσασαν. ἡ δὲ γυνὴ φοβηθεῖσα καὶ τρέμουσα, εἰδυῖα ὃ γέγονεν 33  
ἐπ' αὐτῇ, ἦλθε καὶ προσέπεσεν αὐτῷ καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ πᾶσαν τὴν  
ἀλήθειαν. ὃ δὲ εἶπεν αὐτῇ, Θύγατερ, ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέ σε· 34  
ὑπαγε εἰς εἰρήνην καὶ ἴσθι ὑγιὴς ἀπὸ τῆς μᾶστιγός σου. Ἔτι 35  
αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος ἔρχονται ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀρχισυναγώγου λέγοντες, Ὅτι  
ἡ θυγάτηρ σου ἀπέθανε· τί ἔτι σκύλλεις τὸν διδάσκαλον; Ὁ δὲ 36  
Ἰησοῦς εὐθέως ἀκούσας τὸν λόγον λαλούμενον λέγει τῷ ἀρχισυν-  
αγώγῳ, μὴ φόβου, μόνον πίστευε. Καὶ οὐκ ἀφήκεν οὐδένα αὐτῷ 37  
ἀκολουθήσαι· εἰ μὴ Πέτρον καὶ Ἰάκωβον καὶ Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν  
Ἰακώβου. καὶ ἔρχεται εἰς τὸν οἶκον τοῦ ἀρχισυναγώγου, καὶ 38  
θεωρεῖ θόρυβον, καὶ κλαίοντας καὶ ἀλαλάζοντας πολλὰ· καὶ εἰσελ- 39  
θὼν λέγει αὐτοῖς, Τί θορυβεῖσθε καὶ κλαίετε; τὸ παιδίον οὐκ ἀπέ-  
θανεν, ἀλλὰ καθεύδει. καὶ κατεγέλων αὐτοῦ. ὃ δὲ ἐκβαλὼν πάντας 40  
παραλαμβάνει τὸν πατέρα τοῦ παιδίου καὶ τὴν μητέρα καὶ τοὺς  
μετ' αὐτοῦ, καὶ εἰσπορεύεται ὅπου ἦν τὸ παιδίον ἀνακείμενον· καὶ 41  
κρατήσας τῆς χειρὸς τοῦ παιδίου λέγει αὐτῇ, Ταλιθὰ κοῦμι· ὃ

26 om παρ 1200, 1546    εαυτησ] αυτησ 116, 1318    εισ] επι  
265    om ελθοῦσα . . . ιησου 265    28 om εν εαυτη 116, 5    32 περι-  
βλεπετο] περιστρεφετο 1200    33 om και τρεμουσα 178    34 αυτη +  
θαρσει 1200    υπαγε] πορευου 114    om και ισθι . . . σου 1546    35 τι  
ετι σκυλλεις] μη σκυλε 389    36 om ευθεωσ 389    om λαλουμενον 389  
37 αυτω ουδενα 1318    συνακολουθησαι 72, 114, 116, 1318, 5    του ιακωβου  
1318    ιακωβου] αυτου 489    38 om θορυβον 389    om και 3° K, 116,  
389, 1200, 1318, 5    om πολλα 389    39 τι θορυβεισθε και κλαιετε] μη κλαιετε  
389    40 κατεγελων K    απαντας 5    και τους μετ' αυτου] om 389;  
και τους μαθητας αυτου 116    εισπορευονται Π\*    om ανακειμενον . . .  
41 παιδιου 1346\*    κειμενον 389    της χειροσ του παιδιου] αυτου της χειροσ  
389    om αυτη 389    ταβιθα 1318

ἔστι μεθερμηνεύμενον, Τὸ κοράσιον, σοὶ λέγω, ἔγειρε, καὶ εὐθέως 42  
ἀνέστη τὸ κοράσιον καὶ περιεπάτει, ἦν γὰρ ἑτῶν δώδεκα· καὶ ἐξέ-  
στησαν ἐκστάσει μεγάλη. καὶ διεστέιλτο αὐτοῖς πολλὰ, ἵνα μη- 43  
δεῖς γνῶ τοῦτο· καὶ εἶπε δοθῆναι αὐτῇ φαγεῖν.

Καὶ ἐξῆλθεν ἐκεῖθεν καὶ ἦλθεν εἰς τὴν πατρίδα αὐτοῦ· καὶ ἀκο- VI  
λουθοῦσιν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ. καὶ γενομένου σαββάτου 2  
ἦρξατο ἐν τῇ συναγωγῇ διδάσκειν· καὶ πολλοὶ ἀκούοντες ἐξεπλήσ-  
σοντο, λέγοντες, Πόθεν τούτῳ ταῦτα; καὶ τίς ἡ σοφία ἡ δοθεῖσα  
αὐτῷ, ἵνα καὶ δυνάμεις τοιαῦται διὰ τῶν χειρῶν αὐτοῦ γίνωνται;  
οὐχ οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ τέκτων, ὁ υἱὸς Μαρίας ἀδελφὸς δὲ Ἰακώβου καὶ 3  
Ἰωσῆ καὶ Ἰούδα καὶ Σίμωνος; καὶ οὐκ εἰσὶν αἱ ἀδελφαὶ αὐτοῦ ὧδε  
πρὸς ἡμᾶς; καὶ ἐσκανδαλίζοντο ἐν αὐτῷ. ἔλεγε δὲ αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, 4  
"Οτι οὐκ ἔστι προφήτης ἄτιμος, εἰ μὴ ἐν τῇ πατρίδι αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐν  
τοῖς συγγενέσι καὶ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ αὐτοῦ. Καὶ οὐκ ἐδύνάτο ἐκεῖ οὐδεμίαν 5  
δύναμιν ποιῆσαι, εἰ μὴ ὀλίγοις ἀρρώστοις ἐπιθεὶς τὰς χεῖρας ἐθερά-  
πευσε· καὶ ἐθαύμαζε διὰ τὴν ἀπιστίαν αὐτῶν. καὶ περιῆγε τὰς 6  
κώμας κύκλῳ διδάσκων.

Καὶ προσκαλεῖται τοὺς δώδεκα, καὶ ἦρξατο αὐτοὺς ἀποστέλ- 7  
λειν δύο δύο, καὶ ἐδίδου αὐτοῖς ἐξουσίαν τῶν πνευμάτων τῶν ἀκαθάρ-  
των· καὶ παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδὲν αἴρωσιν εἰς ὁδὸν εἰ μὴ 8  
ῥάβδον μόνον· μὴ πήραν, μὴ ἄρτον, μὴ εἰς τὴν ζώνην χαλκὸν,  
ἀλλ' ὑποδεδεμένους σανδάλια· καὶ μὴ ἐνδύσασθαι δύο χιτῶνας. 9  
Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, "Οπου ἐὰν εἰσέλθητε εἰς οἰκίαν, ἐκεῖ μένετε ἕως 10  
ἂν ἐξέλθητε ἐκεῖθεν. καὶ ὅσοι ἐὰν μὴ δέξονται ὑμᾶς μηδὲ ἀκούσωσιν 11  
ὑμῶν, ἐκπορευόμενοι ἐκεῖθεν ἐκτινάξατε τὸν χοῦν τὸν ὑποκάτω τῶν  
ποδῶν ὑμῶν, εἰς μαρτύριον αὐτοῖς. ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, ἀνεκτότερον

41 om μεθερμηνευομενον 389 om το κορασιον 389

43 αυτοισ + ο ιησους 1318 αυτη] αυτην K 1 και ακολουθουσιν αυτω οι  
μαθηται αυτου] μετα των μαθητων αυτου 389 αυτου 2°] αυτω 1200 2  
διδασκειν εν τη συναγωγη 1318 ακουσαντες II 1318 ινα και] οτι και  
116, 1318, 1346, 5 τελουνται δια των χειρων αυτου 1200 3 ο τεκτονος  
υιος και μαριασ 1780 om και ουκ . . . εν αυτω 265\* προσ ημας ωδε  
1780 ημασ] υμασ 489 4 om ο ιησους 1079 om οτι 1318, 1546,  
1816 συγγενεισιν αυτου K 6 περιγαγεν 489 7 προσκαλειται—και]  
προσκαλεσαμενος 116, 389, 1780 δωδεκα + μαθητας αυτου 116 om των  
1° et 2° 389 8 παρηγγελεν 389 εισ οδον] εν τη οδω K την οδον  
116, 1200 9 ενδυσηθε 116, 1200, 1318, 5; ενδυσηθε K 10 απελθητε 116  
om εισ οικιαν 1318 om αν 1478 11 αν 1200, 1313, 5 εξερχο-  
μενοι 1546 τον υποκατω] των υποδηματων 1079

ἔσται Σοδόμοις ἢ Γομόρροις ἐν ἡμέρᾳ κρίσεως ἢ τῇ πόλει ἐκείνῃ.  
 Καὶ ἐξελθόντες ἐκήρυσσον ἵνα μετανοήσωσι, καὶ δαιμόνια πολλὰ 12 νς  
η  
 ἐξέβαλλον, καὶ ἤλειφον ἐλαίῳ πολλοὺς ἀρρώστους καὶ ἐθεράπευον. 13 ιε'  
νς  
β  
 Καὶ ἤκουσεν ὁ βασιλεὺς Ἑρώδης (φανερὸν γὰρ ἐγένετο τὸ 14 ν  
η  
 ὄνομα αὐτοῦ), καὶ ἔλεγεν, "Οτι Ἰωάννης ὁ βαπτίζων ἐκ νεκρῶν  
 ἀνέστη, καὶ διὰ τοῦτο αἱ δυνάμεις ἐνεργοῦσιν ἐν αὐτῷ. "Ἄλλοι δὲ 15  
 ἔλεγον, "Οτι Ἑλίας ἐστίν· ἄλλοι δὲ ἔλεγον, "Οτι προφῆτης ἐστίν,  
 ὡς εἰς τῶν προφητῶν. ἀκούσας δὲ ὁ Ἑρώδης εἶπεν, "Οτι ὃν ἐγὼ 16  
 ἀπεκεφάλισα Ἰωάννην, οὗτός ἐστιν· αὐτὸς ἠγέρθη ἐκ νεκρῶν.  
 Αὐτὸς γάρ ὁ Ἑρώδης ἀποστείλας ἐκράτησε τὸν Ἰωάννην καὶ ἔδραμεν 17 νθ  
β  
 αὐτὸν ἐν φυλακῇ διὰ Ἑρωδιάδα τὴν γυναῖκα Φιλίππου τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ  
 αὐτοῦ, ὅτι αὐτὴν ἐγάμησεν. ἔλεγε γὰρ ὁ Ἰωάννης τῷ Ἑρώδῃ, 18  
 "Οτι οὐκ ἔξεστί σοι ἔχειν τὴν γυναῖκα τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ σου. Ἡ δὲ 19  
 Ἑρωδιάς ἐνεῖχεν αὐτῷ καὶ ἠθέλεν αὐτὸν ἀποκτεῖναι· καὶ οὐκ ἐδύ-  
 νατο· ὁ γὰρ Ἑρώδης ἐφοβεῖτο τὸν Ἰωάννην, εἰδὼς αὐτὸν ἄνδρα 20  
 δίκαιον καὶ ἅγιον, καὶ συνετήρει αὐτὸν, καὶ ἀκούσας αὐτοῦ πολλὰ  
 ἐποίει, καὶ ἠδέως αὐτοῦ ἤκουε. καὶ γενομένης ἡμέρας εὐκαίρου, ὅτε 21 ξ  
ς  
 Ἑρώδης τοῖς γενεσίοις αὐτοῦ δεῖπνον ἐποίει τοῖς μεγιστᾶσιν αὐτοῦ  
 καὶ τοῖς χιλιάρχοις καὶ τοῖς πρώτοις τῆς Γαλιλαίας, καὶ εἰσελθού- 22  
 σης τῆς θυγατρὸς αὐτῆς τῆς Ἑρωδιάδος καὶ ὀρχησαμένης, καὶ ἀρε-  
 σάσης τῷ Ἑρώδῃ καὶ τοῖς συνανακειμένοις, εἶπεν ὁ βασιλεὺς τῷ  
 κορασίῳ, Αἰτήσόν με, καὶ δώσω σοι ὃ ἐὰν θέλῃς, καὶ ὤμοσεν αὐτῇ, 23  
 "Οτι ὃ ἐὰν αἰτήσῃς με δώσω σοι, ἕως ἡμίσεος τῆς βασιλείας μου.  
 Ἡ δὲ ἐξελθοῦσα εἶπε τῇ μητρὶ αὐτῆς, Τί αἰτήσομαι; Ἡ δὲ εἶπε, 24  
 Τὴν κεφαλὴν Ἰωάννου τοῦ Βαπτιστοῦ. καὶ εἰσελθοῦσα εὐθέως 25  
 μετὰ σπουδῆς πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα ᾗτήσατο λέγουσα, Θέλω ἵνα μοι

12 ἐξελθόντες + οι  
 μαθηται 1200, 1546 14 ηρωδης ο βασιλευς 265 + την ακοην ιησου  
 ante φανερον 265, 1546, 1780 αυτου] του ιησου 116 βαπτιστησ 116  
 ανεστη] ηγεθη 116, 178, 1318, 5 ενεργουσιν αι δυναμεις 72, 116, 1200,  
 1546, 5 15 om δε 1° 116, 1313, 1478, 1780, 5 om αλλοι δε 1° . . .  
 εστιν 1° 1346\* om αλλοι δε 2° . . . εστιν 2° 1780 om δε 2° 1313,  
 1318 om ελεγον 2° 389 η ως 5 16 om ο K, 72, 116, 178, 489,  
 1079, 1313, 1318, 1780 απο των νεκρων 116, 1318 17 om ο ante  
 ηρωδης K\*, 1500\*, 1546 εδραμεν] εθετο 389 τη φυλακη 5 18 om οτι  
 389, 1318 γυναικα + φιλιππου 1200 20 αυταν 2°] αυτω 1546  
 ακουσας] ακουων 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1780 ηκουεν αυτου 1200  
 22 με] μοι 389, 1816 με + ο εαν θελησ (om post σοι) 72, 116, 1313, 1318, 5  
 23 αυτη] αυτην 1780 με αιτησθησ 72, 116, 1313, 1780, 5; μοι αιτησθησ 1318;  
 αιτησθησ μοι 389 24 η δε ειπε] και ειπε 652 ειπε 2° + αυτη 116  
 25 εισελθουσης 1200 om ητησατο λεγουσα 1546\*

δῶς ἐξ αὐτῆς ἐπὶ πίνακι τὴν κεφαλὴν Ἰωάννου τοῦ Βαπτιστοῦ. Καὶ 26  
 περίλυπος γενόμενος ὁ βασιλεὺς διὰ τοὺς ὅρκους καὶ τοὺς συνανα-  
 κειμένους οὐκ ἠθέλησεν αὐτὴν ἀθετῆσαι. καὶ εὐθέως ὁ βασιλεὺς 27  
 ἀποστείλας σπεκουλάτορα ἐπέταξεν ἐνεχθῆναι αὐτοῦ τὴν κεφαλὴν.  
 ὁ δὲ ἀπελθὼν ἀπεκεφάλισεν αὐτὸν ἐν τῇ φυλακῇ, καὶ ἤνεγκε τὴν 28  
 κεφαλὴν αὐτοῦ ἐπὶ πίνακι, καὶ ἔδωκεν αὐτὴν τῷ κορασίῳ· καὶ τὸ  
 κοράσιον ἔδωκεν αὐτὴν τῇ μητρὶ αὐτῆς. Καὶ ἀκούσαντες οἱ μαθη- 29  
 ταὶ αὐτοῦ ἦλθον καὶ ἦραν τὸ πτώμα αὐτοῦ καὶ ἔθηκαν αὐτὸ ἐν  
 μνημείῳ.

Καὶ συνάγονται οἱ ἀπόστολοι πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν, καὶ ἀπήγ- 30  
 γειλαν αὐτῷ πάντα, καὶ ὅσα ἐδίδαξαν καὶ ὅσα ἐποίησαν. καὶ 31  
 εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Δεῦτε ὑμεῖς αὐτοὶ κατ' ἰδίαν εἰς ἔρημον τόπον καὶ  
 ἀναπαύεσθε ὀλίγον. Ἦσαν γὰρ οἱ ἐρχόμενοι καὶ οἱ ὑπάγοντες  
 πολλοί, καὶ οὐδὲ φαγεῖν ἠυκαίρουν. καὶ ἀπῆλθον εἰς ἔρημον τόπον 32  
 τῷ πλοίῳ κατ' ἰδίαν. Καὶ εἶδον αὐτοὺς ὑπάγοντας, καὶ ἐπένγω- 33  
 σαν αὐτοὺς πολλοί· καὶ περὶ ἅπασαν τὴν πόλιν συνέδραμον  
 ἐκεῖ, καὶ προῆλθον αὐτοὺς καὶ συνῆλθον πρὸς αὐτόν. καὶ ἐξελθὼν 34  
 ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶδεν πολὺν ὄχλον, καὶ ἐσπλαγχνίσθη ἐπ' αὐτοῖς, ὅτι  
 ἦσαν ὡς πρόβατα μὴ ἔχοντα ποιμένα· καὶ ἤρξατο αὐτοὺς διδάσκειν  
 πολλά. Καὶ ἦδη ὥρας πολλῆς γενομένης προσελθόντες οἱ μαθηταὶ 35  
 αὐτοῦ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ, Ὅτι ἔρημός ἐστιν ὁ τόπος, καὶ ἦδη ὥρα  
 πολλή· ἀπόλυσον αὐτοὺς, ἵνα ἀπελθόντες εἰς τοὺς κύκλῳ ἀγροὺς 36  
 καὶ κώμας ἀγοράσωσιν ἑαυτοῖς ἄρτους· τί γὰρ φάγωσιν οὐκ ἔχ-  
 ουσιν. Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Δότε αὐτοῖς ὑμεῖς φαγεῖν. 37

ἐα  
η  
ἐβ  
'

Ις'  
ἐγ  
ς

ἐδ  
α

26 συνακειμενους K ηθελεν Π, 178, 265

om αυτην 265 27 om ο βασιλευς 389 αποστειλας ο βασιλευς 72, 116,  
 1313, 1318, 5 σπεκουλατοραν 1546 ανεχθηται 1780 την κεφαλην  
 αυτου 116, 1313, 1318, 1546 5 28 om και ηνεγκε . . . πινακι 1546\*  
 om αυτην 2° 1780 29 om αυτου 2° 1079 τω μνημειω 489, 1478,  
 1546, 5 30 om και 3° 1816 και οσα εποιησαν και οσα εδιδαξαν 72, 116,  
 1313, 1318, 1546, 1780, 5 31 αναπαυσασθε 1318, 1478, 1546 om οι  
 2° K, 389, 489, 1346 32 απηλθεν 72, 178, 1346 33 om υπαγοντας και  
 εεγνωσαν αυτους 1816 υπαγοντας + οι οχλοι 1816, 5 αυτους 2°] αυτον K,  
 72, 116, 1546, 1816, 5 και συνεδραμον 1318 om και προηλθον αυτους  
 389 προηλθεν 489; προσηλθον 1478, 1816 34 ειδεν ο ιησους K, 72, 116,  
 5; ειδεν πολυν οχλον ο ιησους 178 αυτοις] αυτους 116 ηρξατο αυτους  
 διδασκειν] εδιδασκεν αυτους 389; ηρξατο διδασκειν αυτους 72, 116, 265, 1313, 5  
 om πολλα 389 35 προσελθοντες + αυτω 5 om αυτω 5 om και.  
 ηδη ωρα πολλη 389 36 εαυτοις] αυτοις K; εαυτους 1079, 1200 εχωσιν  
 1780 37 διακοσιων δηναριων 116, 389, 1200, 5 δωσωμεν 1780

Καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ, Ἀπελθόντες ἀγοράσωμεν δηναρίων διακοσίων  
 ἄρτους, καὶ δώμεν αὐτοῖς φαγεῖν;” Ὁ δὲ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Πόσους 38  
 ἄρτους ἔχετε; ὑπάγετε καὶ ἴδετε. Καὶ γνόντες λέγουσι, Πέντε,  
 καὶ δύο ἰχθύας. Καὶ ἐπέταξεν αὐτοῖς ἀνακλῖναι πάντας συμπόσια 39  
 συμπόσια ἐπὶ τῷ χλωρῷ χόρτῳ. καὶ ἀνέπεσον πρασιαὶ πρασιαὶ, 40  
 ἀνὰ ἑκατὸν καὶ ἀνὰ πεντήκοντα. καὶ λαβὼν τοὺς πέντε ἄρτους καὶ 41  
 τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας, ἀναβλέψας εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν, εὐλόγησε· καὶ κατέ-  
 κλασε τοὺς ἄρτους καὶ ἐδίδου τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, ἵνα παρατι-  
 θῶσιν αὐτοῖς· καὶ τοὺς δύο ἰχθύας ἐμέρισε πᾶσι. καὶ ἔφαγον 42  
 πάντες καὶ ἐχορτάσθησαν· καὶ ἦσαν κλασμάτων δώδεκα κοφίνους 43  
 πλήρεις, καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν ἰχθύων. καὶ ἦσαν οἱ φαγόντες τοὺς ἄρτους 44  
 πεντακισχίλιοι ἄνδρες. Καὶ εὐθέως ἠνάγκασε τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ 45  
 ἐμβῆναι εἰς τὸ πλοῖον καὶ προάγειν εἰς τὸ πέραν πρὸς Βηθσαϊδάν,  
 ἕως αὐτὸς ἀπολύσῃ τὸν ὄχλον. καὶ ἀποταξάμενος αὐτοῖς ἀπῆλθεν 46  
 εἰς τὸ ὄρος προσεύξασθαι. Καὶ ὀψίας γενομένης ἦν τὸ πλοῖον ἐν 47  
 μέσῳ τῆς θαλάσσης, καὶ αὐτὸς μόνος ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς. Καὶ εἶδεν αὐτοὺς 48  
 βασανιζομένους ἐν τῷ ἐλαύνειν· ἦν γὰρ ὁ ἄνεμος ἐναντίος αὐτοῖς·  
 καὶ περὶ τετάρτην φυλακὴν τῆς νυκτὸς ἔρχεται πρὸς αὐτοὺς περι-  
 πατῶν ἐπὶ τῆς θαλάσσης· καὶ ἤθελε παρελθεῖν αὐτούς· οἱ δὲ ἰδόν- 49  
 τες αὐτὸν περιπατοῦντα ἐπὶ τῆς θαλάσσης ἔδοξαν φάντασμα εἶναι,  
 καὶ ἀνέκραξαν· πάντες γὰρ αὐτὸν εἶδον, καὶ ἐταράχθησαν. καὶ 50  
 εὐθέως ἐλάλησε μετ’ αὐτῶν, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Θαρσεῖτε· ἐγὼ εἰμι,  
 μὴ φοβεῖσθε. Καὶ ἀνέβη πρὸς αὐτοὺς εἰς τὸ πλοῖον, καὶ ἐκόπασεν 51  
 ὁ ἄνεμος· καὶ λίαν ἐκ περισσοῦ ἐν ἑαυτοῖς ἐξίσταντο καὶ ἐθαύμαζον.  
 οὐ γὰρ συνήκαν ἐπὶ τοῖς ἄρτοις· ἦν γὰρ αὐτῶν ἡ καρδία πεπω- 52  
 ρωμένη.

38 om υπαγετε και ιδετε 389; υπαγετε  
 ιδετε 1079 γνωστε 1200 λεγουσιν + αυτω 116 39 ανακλιθηναι  
 116 om συμποσια 1° 114 40 om πρασιαι 1° 1313 41 om ανα-  
 βλεψας . . . ιχθυας 1478\* κατεκλασε—και] κλασας 389 παραθωσιν  
 K, 72, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1546, 5 43 των κλασματος 1780  
 44 αρτους + ωσει 5 45 ηναγκασεν + ο ιησους 116 προαγειν + αυτους  
 1200 προσ βηθσαιδαν εις το περαν 1780 46 εις] προσ 1780 47 οψιας  
 δε 116 om εν K\* 48 εναντιος ο ανεμος 116, 389 om αυτοις 389  
 om και ηθελε παρελθειν αυτους 389 om και ηθελε . . . 49 της  
 θαλασσης 1780 50 om παντες . . . εταραχθησαν 178 om και ευθεως  
 . . . μετ’ αυτων 389 και 2°] ο δε 389 om και λεγει αυτοις θαρσειτε  
 1200\* 51 ενεβη 1200; αναβει 489 om εν εαυτοις 1313 εξισταντο]  
 εξεπλησσοντο 1200 52 η καρδια αυτων 5

Καὶ διαπεράσαντες ἦλθον ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν Γεννησαρέθ, καὶ προ- 53  
 σωρμίσθησαν. καὶ ἐξελθόντων αὐτῶν ἐκ τοῦ πλοίου εὐθέως ἐπι- 54 <sup>ξθ</sup><sub>β</sub>  
 γνόντες αὐτὸν, περιδραμόντες ὅλην τὴν περίχωρον ἐκείνην, ἤρξαντο 55  
 ἐπὶ τοῖς κραβάττοις τοὺς κακῶς ἔχοντας περιφέρειν ὅπου ἤκουον ὅτι  
 ἐκεῖ ἐστι. καὶ ὅπου ἂν εἰσεπορεύετο εἰς κώμας ἢ πόλεις ἢ ἀγρούς, 56  
 ἐν ταῖς ἀγοραῖς ἐτίθουν τοὺς ἀσθενοῦντας, καὶ παρεκάλουν αὐτὸν  
 ἵνα κἂν τοῦ κρασπέδου τοῦ ἱματίου αὐτοῦ ἄψωνται· καὶ ὅσοι ἂν  
 ἤπτοντο αὐτοῦ ἐσώζοντο.

Καὶ συνάγονται πρὸς αὐτὸν οἱ Φαρισαῖοι καὶ τινες τῶν γραμ- VII <sup>ΙΗ'</sup>  
 ματέων ἐλθόντες ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων· καὶ ἰδόντες τινὰς τῶν μαθη- 2 <sup>ο</sup>  
 τῶν αὐτοῦ κοιναῖς χερσὶ, τοῦτ' ἔστιν ἀνίπτοις, ἐσθίουσας ἄρτους  
 ἐμέμψαντο· οἱ γὰρ Φαρισαῖοι καὶ πάντες οἱ Ἰουδαῖοι, ἐὰν μὴ πυγμῇ 3  
 νίψωνται τὰς χεῖρας, οὐκ ἐσθίουσι, κρατοῦντες τὴν παράδοσιν τῶν  
 πρεσβυτέρων· καὶ ἀπὸ ἀγορᾶς, ἐὰν μὴ βαπτίσωνται, οὐκ ἐσθίουσι· 4  
 καὶ ἄλλα πολλά ἐστὶν ἃ παρέλαβον κρατεῖν, βαπτισμοὺς ποτηρίων  
 καὶ ξεστῶν καὶ χαλκίων καὶ κλινῶν. ἔπειτα ἐπερωτῶσιν αὐτὸν οἱ 5 <sup>οα</sup><sub>5</sub>  
 Φαρισαῖοι καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς, Διὰ τί οἱ μαθηταί σου οὐ περιπατοῦσι  
 κατὰ τὴν παράδοσιν τῶν πρεσβυτέρων, ἀλλὰ ἀνίπτοις χερσὶν  
 ἐσθίουσιν ἄρτον; Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Ὅτι καλῶς προε- 6  
 φήτευσεν Ἡσαΐας περὶ ὑμῶν τῶν ὑποκριτῶν, ὡς γέγραπται, Οὗτος  
 ὁ λαὸς τοῖς χεῖλεσί με τιμᾷ, ἡ δὲ καρδία αὐτῶν πόρρω ἀπέχει ἀπ'  
 ἐμοῦ. μάτην δὲ σέβονται με, διδάσκοντες διδασκαλίας ἐντάλματα 7  
 ἀνθρώπων. Ἀφέντες γὰρ τὴν ἐντολὴν τοῦ θεοῦ κρατεῖτε τὴν παρά- 8  
 δοσιν τῶν ἀνθρώπων, βαπτισμοὺς ξεστῶν καὶ ποτηρίων, καὶ ἄλλα  
 παρόμοια τοιαῦτα ποιεῖτε πολλά. Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Καλῶς 9  
 ἀθετεῖτε τὴν ἐντολὴν τοῦ θεοῦ, ἵνα τὴν παράδοσιν ὑμῶν τηρήσητε.  
 Μωυσῆς γὰρ εἶπε, Τίμα τὸν πατέρα σου καὶ τὴν μητέρα σου· καὶ, 10  
 ὁ κακολογῶν πατέρα ἢ μητέρα θανάτῳ τελευτάτω· ὑμεῖς δὲ λέγετε, 11  
 Ἐὰν εἴπῃ ἄνθρωπος τῷ πατρὶ ἢ τῇ μητρὶ, Κορβᾶν (ὃ ἐστὶ Δῶρον),  
 ὃ ἐὰν ἐξ ἐμοῦ ὠφεληθῇς, καὶ οὐκέτι ἀφίετε αὐτὸν οὐδὲν ποιῆσαι τῷ 12

53 γεννησαρετ 116, 262,  
 489; γεννησαρ 1500; γεννησαρεθ 652, 1780; γεννησαρετ 178, 1318, 1546, 5  
 54 εκ] απο 1780 55 φερειν 389 om εκει 1200 56 κωμην η πολιν  
 1200\* om αυτου 1° 265 om αν 2° 116 om αυτου 2° 116 2 τινασ  
 των μαθητων] τους μαθητας 1318 αρτουσ] αρτον 72 4 βαπτισονται K,  
 114, 1780 5 om ου 1346\* τον αρτον 116, 1478, 5 6 om οτι 389  
 αυτων] αυτου 389 8 om αφεντες γαρ . . . των ανθρωπων 1780 om  
 τοιαυτα 72, 1346\* om ποιετε 1478 πολλα ποιετε 72, 116, 1318,  
 1780, 5 11 μητρι + αυτου K, 116, 265, 389, 489, 1200, 1219, 1318, 1478,  
 1546, 1780 om ο εστι δωρον 1200\* om εαν 1346

πατρὶ αὐτοῦ ἢ τῇ μητρὶ αὐτοῦ, ἀκυροῦντες τὸν λόγον τοῦ θεοῦ τῇ 13  
 παραδόσει ὑμῶν ἢ παρεδώκατε· καὶ παρόμοια τοιαῦτα πολλὰ ποι-  
 εῖτε. Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος πάντα τὸν ὄχλον ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Ἄκο- 14  
 υτέ μου πάντες καὶ συνίετε. οὐδέν ἐστιν ἔξωθεν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου 15  
 εἰσπορευόμενον εἰς αὐτόν, ὃ δύναται αὐτὸν κοινῶσαι· ἀλλὰ τὰ  
 ἐκπορευόμενα ἀπ' αὐτοῦ, ἐκεῖνά ἐστι τὰ κοινούντα τὸν ἄνθρωπον.  
 εἴ τις ἔχει ὦτα ἀκούειν, ἀκουέτω. Καὶ ὅτε εἰσῆλθεν εἰς οἶκον ἀπὸ 16 17  
 τοῦ ὄχλου, ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ περὶ τῆς παραβολῆς. οβ  
5  
 καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, οὕτως καὶ ὑμεῖς ἀσύνετοί ἐστε; οὐ νοεῖτε ὅτι πᾶν 18  
 τὸ ἔξωθεν εἰσπορευόμενον εἰς τὸν ἄνθρωπον οὐ δύναται αὐτὸν κοινῶ-  
 σαι; ὅτι οὐκ εἰσπορεύεται αὐτοῦ εἰς τὴν καρδίαν, ἀλλ' εἰς τὴν κοι- 19  
 λίαν, καὶ εἰς τὸν ἀφεδρῶνα ἐκπορεύεται καθαρίζον πάντα τὰ βρώ-  
 ματα. Ἔλεγε δέ, Ὅτι τὸ ἐκ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐκπορευόμενον, ἐκεῖνο 20  
 κοινοῖ τὸν ἄνθρωπον· ἔσωθεν γὰρ ἐκ τῆς καρδίας τῶν ἀνθρώπων οἱ 21  
 διαλογισμοὶ οἱ κακοὶ ἐκπορεύονται, μοιχεῖαι, πορνεῖαι, φόνοι,  
 κλοπαί, πλεονεξίαι, πονηρίαι, δόλος, ἀσέλγεια, ὀφθαλμὸς πονηρὸς, 22  
 βλασφημία, ὑπερηφανία, ἀφροσύνη. πάντα ταῦτα τὰ πονηρὰ ἔσω- 23  
 θεν ἐκπορεύεται καὶ κοινοῖ τὸν ἄνθρωπον.

Καὶ ἐκεῖθεν ἀναστὰς ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὰ μεθόρια Τύρου καὶ Σιδῶ- 24  
 νος. καὶ εἰσελθὼν εἰς οἰκίαν οὐδένα ἤθελε γινῶναι. καὶ οὐκ ἐδυνήθη  
 λαβεῖν. ἀκούσασα γὰρ γυνὴ περὶ αὐτοῦ, ἧς εἶχε τὸ θυγάτριον 25 18  
 αὐτῆς πνεῦμα ἀκάθαρτον, ἔλθοῦσα προσέπεσε πρὸς τοὺς πόδας  
 αὐτοῦ· ἦν δὲ ἡ γυνὴ Ἑλληνίς, Συροφοινίκισσα τῷ γένει· καὶ ἡρώτα 26  
 αὐτὸν ἵνα τὸ δαιμόνιον ἐκβάλλῃ ἐκ τῆς θυγατρὸς αὐτῆς. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς 27 σγ  
5  
 εἶπεν αὐτῇ, Ἄφες πρῶτον χορτασθῆναι τὰ τέκνα· οὐ γὰρ καλὸν  
 ἐστὶ λαβεῖν τὸν ἄρτον τῶν τέκνων καὶ βαλεῖν τοῖς κυναρίοις. Ἡ 28

## 13 τον λογον]

την εντολην 1200 om και παρομοια τοιαυτα πολλα ποιειτε 72 πολλα  
 τοιαυτα 1200 ποιειτε πολλα 489 15 ουδεν + γαρ 1200\* om ο  
 δυναται αυτον 178 απ' αυτου] δι' αυτου 1346\* 16 ει τισ εχει] ο εχων  
 389 17 εισηλθον 116 18 εσωθεν 1546 19 om αυτου 1318  
 εισ την καρδιαν αυτου 265 om αλλ' εισ την κοιλιαν 178\* καθαριζων  
 116, 1200, 1780 20 om το Π\* om εκπορευομενον 178 21 λογισμοι  
 1200\* κακοι] πονηροι 1346 κλοπαι φονοι 1200 22 δολοι 1780  
 ασελγειαι 1546 om οφθαλμος πονηρος 389 om υπερηφανια 178\*, 1200\*  
 om αφροσυνη 389 23 ταυτα παντα K, 116, 389 om τα πονηρα 389  
 εκπορευονται K 24 την οικιαν 1200, 5 25 γαρ] om 114; δε 1318  
 η γυνη 178 26 συρα φοινικισσα 1780; συροφοινισσα 5 27 om  
 λαβειν . . . τεκναν και 1780 των τεκνων] αυτων 389 28 απεκριθη και]  
 om 389; αποκριθεισα 116, 1780 εσθιει υποκατω της τραπεζης 1780

δὲ ἀπεκρίθη καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, Ναί, κύριε· καὶ γὰρ τὰ κυνάρια ὑπο-  
κάτω τῆς τραπέζης ἐσθίει ἀπὸ τῶν ψυχίων τῶν παιδίων. Καὶ εἶπεν 29  
αὐτῇ, Διὰ τοῦτον τὸν λόγον, ὕπαγε· ἐξελήλυθε τὸ δαιμόνιον ἐκ τῆς  
θυγατρὸς σου. Καὶ ἀπελθοῦσα εἰς τὸν οἶκον αὐτῆς εὔρε τὸ δαιμό- 30  
νιον ἐξεληλυθὸς καὶ τὴν θυγατέρα βεβλημένην ἐπὶ τῆς κλίνης.

Καὶ πάλιν ἐξελθὼν ἐκ τῶν ὁρίων Τύρου καὶ Σιδῶνος ἦλθε πρὸς 31 <sup>Κ'</sup>  
τὴν θάλασσαν τῆς Γαλιλαίας ἀνὰ μέσον τῶν ὁρίων Δεκαπόλεως. <sup>οδ</sup>  
καὶ φέρουσιν αὐτῷ κωφὸν μογιλάλον, καὶ παρακαλοῦσιν αὐτὸν 32  
ἵνα ἐπιθῇ αὐτῷ τὴν χεῖρα. καὶ ἀπολαβόμενος αὐτὸν ἀπὸ τοῦ 33  
ὄχλου κατ' ἰδίαν ἔβαλε τοὺς δακτύλους αὐτοῦ εἰς τὰ ὦτα αὐτοῦ,  
καὶ πτύσας ἤφατο τῆς γλώσσης αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἀναβλέψας εἰς τὸν οὐρα- 34  
νὸν ἐστέναξε, καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ, Ἐφφαθά, ὃ ἐστι Διανοίχθητι. Καὶ 35  
εὐθέως διηνοιχθησαν αὐτοῦ αἱ ἀκοαί, καὶ ἐλύθη ὁ δεσμὸς τῆς γλώσ-  
σης αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐλάλει ὀρθῶς. καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδεὶν 36 <sup>οε</sup>  
εἰπωσιν· ὅσον δὲ αὐτὸς αὐτοῖς διεστέλλετο, μᾶλλον περισσότερον <sup>η</sup>  
ἐκήρυσσον· καὶ ὑπερπερισσῶς ἐξεπλήσσοντο λέγοντες, Καλῶς 37  
πάντα πεποίηκε· καὶ τοὺς κωφοὺς ποιεῖ ἀκούειν, καὶ τοὺς ἀλάλους  
λαλεῖν.

Ἐν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις, παμπόλλου ὄχλου ὄντος, καὶ μὴ VIII <sup>ΚΑ'</sup>  
ἐχόντων τί φάγωσι, προσκαλεσάμενος τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ λέγει <sup>οδ</sup>  
αὐτοῖς, Σπλαγχνίζομαι ἐπὶ τὸν ὄχλον, ὅτι ἤδη ἡμέραι τρεῖς προ- 2  
σμένουσί μοι, καὶ οὐκ ἔχουσι τί φάγωσι. καὶ ἐὰν ἀπολύσω αὐτοὺς 3  
νῆστες εἰς οἶκον αὐτῶν, ἐκλυθήσονται ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ· τινὲς γὰρ αὐτῶν  
μακρόθεν ἦκουσιν. Καὶ ἀπεκρίθησαν αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, Πόθεν 4  
τούτους δυνήσεται τις ὧδε χορτάσαι ἄρτων ἐπ' ἑρημίαις; Καὶ 5  
ἐπηρώτα αὐτοὺς, Πόσους ἔχετε ἄρτους; Οἱ δὲ εἶπον, Ἑπτὰ. Καὶ 6  
παρήγγειλε τῷ ὄχλῳ ἀναπεσεῖν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς· καὶ λαβὼν τοὺς ἑπτὰ  
ἄρτους, εὐχαριστήσας ἔκλασε καὶ ἐδίδου τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, ἵνα

30 ἐξεληλυθὸς καὶ] ἐξεληλυθοταὶ K θυγατεραν 389  
βεβλημένην . . . κλινῇ] υγιῇ 389 31 ἐξελθὼν + ο ἰησοῦς 116 προσ]  
παρα 1200 32 αὐτῷ] ἐπ' αὐτῷ 1780 33 ἐπιλαβόμενος 389, 1780  
om καὶ πτύσας . . . αὐτοῦ 3° 389 34 om καὶ 1° . . . ἐστέναξε 1313  
36 μηδεν 652, 1780 διεστέλλετο αὐτοσ αὐτοῖς 114 37 περισσῶς 1079  
1 προσκαλεσαμενος + ο ἰησοῦς 116, 5 2 ἡμερας 5; ἡμεραις 114  
3 om νηστεῖς 1079 οἶκον] τοὺς οἶκους 116 ἀπο μακροθεν 1780 ἡκασι  
489, 5 4 om καὶ 389 om οἱ 1500\* δυναται 265 ἐπ] ἐν  
178 ἐρημιας 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1816, 5 5 ἀρτους  
εχετε 116 6 καὶ εὐχαριστήσας 1200, 1478 ἵνα . . . οχλῷ] παραθηνα  
τω οχλῷ 389 περιεθηκαν 116

παραθῶσι· καὶ παρέθηκαν τῷ ὄχλῳ. καὶ εἶχον ἰχθύδια ὀλίγα· καὶ 7  
ταῦτα εὐλογήσας εἶπε παραθεῖναι καὶ αὐτά. ἔφαγον δὲ καὶ ἔχορ- 8  
τάσθησαν πάντες· καὶ ἦσαν περισσέματα κλασμάτων ἑπτὰ  
σπυρίδας. ἦσαν δὲ οἱ φαγόντες ὡς τετρακισχίλιοι. καὶ ἀπέλυσεν 9  
αὐτούς.

Καὶ ἐμβὰς εὐθέως εἰς τὸ πλοῖον μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ ἦλθεν 10  
εἰς τὰ μέρη Δαλμανουθά. καὶ ἐξῆλθον οἱ Φαρισαῖοι καὶ ἤρξαντο 11 <sup>οἱ</sup>  
συζητεῖν αὐτῷ, ζητοῦντες παρ' αὐτοῦ σημεῖον ἀπὸ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ,  
πειράζοντες αὐτόν. καὶ ἀναστενάξας τῷ πνεύματι αὐτοῦ λέγει, 12 <sup>ση</sup>  
Τί ἡ γενεὰ αὕτη σημεῖον ἐπιζητεῖ; ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, εἰ δοθήσεται  
τῇ γενεᾷ ταύτῃ σημεῖον. Καὶ ἀφείς αὐτούς, ἐμβὰς πάλιν εἰς τὸ πλο- 13  
ῖον ἀπῆλθεν εἰς τὸ πέραν.

Καὶ ἐπελάθοντο λαβεῖν ἄρτους, καὶ εἰ μὴ ἓνα ἄρτον οὐκ εἶχον 14  
μεθ' αὐτῶν ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ. καὶ διεστέλλετο αὐτοῖς λέγων, Ὁρᾶτε, 15 <sup>ΚΒ'</sup>  
βλέπετε ἀπὸ τῆς ζύμης τῶν Φαρισαίων καὶ τῆς ζύμης Ἑρῳδου. <sup>οἱ</sup>  
Καὶ διελογίζοντο πρὸς ἀλλήλους λέγοντες, Ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχομεν. 16 <sup>β</sup>  
Καὶ γνοὺς ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτοῖς, Τί διαλογίζεσθε, ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ 17 <sup>π</sup>  
χετε; οὐπω νοεῖτε οὐδὲ συνίετε; ἔτι πεπωρωμένην ἔχετε τὴν  
καρδίαν ὑμῶν; ὀφθαλμοὺς ἔχοντες οὐ βλέπετε, καὶ ὧτα ἔχοντες 18  
οὐκ ἀκούετε, καὶ οὐ μνημονεύετε; ὅτε τοὺς πέντε ἄρτους ἐκκλασα εἰς 19  
τοὺς πεντακισχιλίους, πόσους κοφίνους πλήρεις κλασμάτων ἤρατε,  
Λέγουσιν αὐτῷ, Δώδεκα. Ὅτε δὲ τοὺς ἑπτὰ εἰς τοὺς τετρακισχι- 20  
λίους, πόσων σπυρίδων πληρώματα κλασμάτων ἤρατε; Οἱ δὲ εἶπον,  
'Ἑπτὰ. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, οὐπω συνίετε; 21

Καὶ ἔρχεται εἰς Βηθσαϊδάν· καὶ φέρουσιν αὐτῷ τυφλόν, καὶ 22 <sup>ΚΓ'</sup>  
παρακαλοῦσιν αὐτόν ἵνα αὐτοῦ ἄψῃται. καὶ ἐπιλαβόμενος τῆς 23 <sup>πα</sup>  
χειρὸς τοῦ τυφλοῦ ἐξήγαγεν αὐτόν ἔξω τῆς κώμης· καὶ πτύσας εἰς  
τὰ ὄμματα αὐτοῦ, ἐπιθείς τὰς χεῖρας αὐτῷ, ἐπηρώτα αὐτόν εἰ τι

7 καὶ ἰχθυδια 1478, 1780 ταυτα]  
om 116, 5; αὐτα 1546 εὐλογησας + αὐτα 116 8 om παντες  
116, 5 ωσει 265, 1780 10 ευθεως εμβας 72, 1200, 1318,  
1546, 5 δαλμανουθα] μαλδανουθα 1780 12 om αυτου 1200 13 om  
παλιν 1200, 1780 om το 1° 1200, 1780 15 om λεγων 1816 om  
των φαρισαιων . . . ζυμησ 2° 265 om της ζυμησ 2° 389 17 την  
καρδιαν υμων εχετε 116 19 και ποσους 1816 om πληρεις 1318 om  
κλασματων 1346 om λεγουσιν . . 20 ηρατε 178\* 20 ποσων . . . κλασ-  
ματων] ποσους κοφινους 389 21 λεγει] ελεγεν 116, 1500, 5 ουπω] ου  
πωσ K; πωσ ου 116, 1318, 1546, 5 νοειτε και συνιετε 389 22 βιθσαιδα  
1318 εισφερουσιν 652 23 επιλαβομενου 1780 αυτω] om 389;  
αυτου K

βλέπει. καὶ ἀναβλέψας ἔλεγε, Βλέπω τοὺς ἀνθρώπους, ὅτι ὡς 24  
 δένδρα ὁρῶ περιπατοῦντας. Ἐῖτα πάλιν ἐπέθηκε τὰς χεῖρας ἐπὶ 25  
 τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐποίησεν αὐτὸν ἀναβλέψαι· καὶ ἀπεκα-  
 τεστάθη, καὶ ἐνέβλεψε τηλαυγῶς ἅπαντας· καὶ ἀπέστειλεν αὐτὸν 26  
 εἰς οἶκον αὐτοῦ λέγων, Μηδὲ εἰς τὴν κώμην εἰσέλθης, μηδὲ εἴπῃς  
 τινὶ ἐν τῇ κώμῃ.

Καὶ ἐξῆλθεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ εἰς τὰς κώμας Καί- 27 <sup>ΚΔ'</sup>  
 σαρείας τῆς Φιλίππου· καὶ ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ ἐπηρώτα τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ <sup>πβ</sup>  
 λέγων αὐτοῖς, Τίνα με λέγουσιν οἱ ἄνθρωποι εἶναι; Οἱ δὲ ἀπεκρί- 28  
 θησαν, Ἰωάννην τὸν βαπτιστὴν, καὶ ἄλλοι Ἑλίου, ἄλλοι δὲ ἕνα  
 τῶν προφητῶν. Καὶ αὐτὸς λέγει αὐτοῖς, Ὑμεῖς δὲ τίνα με λέγετε 29  
 εἶναι; Ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Πέτρος λέγει αὐτῷ, Σὺ εἶ ὁ Χριστός. Καὶ 30  
 ἐπετίμησεν αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδενὶ λέγωσι περὶ αὐτοῦ. <sup>πγ</sup>  
<sup>β</sup>

Καὶ ἤρξατο διδάσκειν αὐτοὺς ὅτι δεῖ τὸν υἱὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου 31  
 πολλὰ παθεῖν καὶ ἀποδοκιμασθῆναι ὑπὸ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων καὶ ἁρ-  
 χιερέων καὶ γραμματέων, καὶ ἀποκτανθῆναι, καὶ μετὰ τρεῖς ἡμέρας  
 ἀναστῆναι· καὶ παρρησίᾳ τὸν λόγον ἐλάλει. Καὶ προσλαβό- 32 <sup>πδ</sup>  
 μενος αὐτὸν ὁ Πέτρος ἤρξατο ἐπιτιμᾶν αὐτῷ. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἐπιστρα- 33 <sup>ς</sup>  
 φεῖς καὶ ἰδὼν τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ ἐπετίμησε τῷ Πέτρῳ λέγων,  
 Ὕπαγε ὀπίσω μου, Σατανᾶ· ὅτι οὐ φρονεῖς τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ, ἀλλὰ τὰ  
 τῶν ἀνθρώπων.

Καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τὸν ὄχλον σὺν τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ εἶπεν 34 <sup>πε</sup>  
 αὐτοῖς, Ὅστις θέλει ὀπίσω μου ἔλθειν, ἀπαρνησάσθω ἑαυτὸν καὶ  
 ἁράτω τὸν σταυρὸν αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἀκολουθείτω μοι. ὃς γὰρ ἐὰν θέλῃ 35  
 τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ σῶσαι, ἀπολέσει αὐτήν· ὃς δ' ἂν ἀπολέσῃ τὴν

24 καὶ ἀναβλεψας ἔλεγε] ο δε ειπεν 389 om om 116, 389  
 om om 116, 389 25 om καὶ ἀπεκατεσταθη καὶ ἐνέβλεψε 389 αποκατεσταθη  
 72, 114, 116, 178, 265, 389, 489, 652, 1079, 1200, 1219, 1346, 1478, 5  
 ἀνέβλεψεν 72, 178, 265, 652, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780, 1816 26 τον οικον  
 116, 178, 389, 489, 1200, 1780, 5 κωμην] πολιν 1200; + αυτων 1780  
 om εἰσελθης 1200 μηδε 2°] μη 1500\* 27 τους μαθητας αυτου] αυτους 389  
 om λεγων αυτοις 1313 om αυτοις 389 τινα] τι K 28 om καὶ 72  
 καὶ ἄλλοι] ἄλλοι δε 389 29 καὶ αὐτος δε 72 ελεγεν 1200 om  
 με 652 αποκριθεις + δε K, 116, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1546, 1780, 5  
 30 λεγουσιν 489 31 καὶ ηρξατο διδασκειν] ελεγεν δε 389 υπο] απο  
 116, 5 των αρχιερων καὶ των γραμματεων 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546  
 32 om καὶ 1° . . . ελαλει 389 ο πετρος αυτον 1546 33 om ιησου  
 116, 5 om καὶ ιδων . . . αυτου 389 35 εαν] αν 72, 116, 178,  
 652, 1200, 1313, 1816, 5 αυτου ψυχην] ψυχην αυτου 5 ευαγγελιου  
 + ουτος 116, 1200, 1546, 1780, 5

ἐαυτοῦ ψυχὴν ἔνεκεν ἐμοῦ καὶ τοῦ εὐαγγελίου, σώσει αὐτήν. τί 36  
 γὰρ ὠφελήσει τὸν ἄνθρωπον, ἂν κερδήσῃ τὸν κόσμον ὅλον καὶ  
 ζημιωθῇ τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ; ἢ τί δώσει ἄνθρωπος ἀντάλλαγμα τῆς 37  
 ψυχῆς αὐτοῦ; ὃς γὰρ ἂν ἐπαισχυθῇ με καὶ τοὺς ἐμοὺς λόγους ἐν τῇ 38 πς  
β  
 γενεᾷ ταύτῃ τῇ μοιχαλίδι καὶ ἁμαρτωλῷ, καὶ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου  
 ἐπαισχυθήσεται αὐτὸν, ὅταν ἔλθῃ ἐν τῇ δόξῃ τοῦ πατρὸς αὐτοῦ  
 μετὰ τῶν ἀγγέλων τῶν ἁγίων. Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς, Ἀμὴν λέγω IX πς  
β  
 ὑμῖν ὅτι εἰσὶ τινες τῶν ὧδε ἐστηκότων, οἵτινες οὐ μὴ γεύσωνται  
 θανάτου ἕως ἂν ἴδωσι τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ ἐληλυθυῖαν ἐν  
 δυνάμει.

Καὶ μεθ' ἡμέρας ἕξ παραλαμβάνει ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὸν Πέτρον καὶ τὸν 2 κε'  
 Ἰάκωβον καὶ τὸν Ἰωάννην, καὶ ἀναφέρει αὐτοὺς εἰς ὄρος ὑψηλὸν  
 κατ' ἰδίαν μόνους· καὶ μετεμορφώθη ἔμπροσθεν αὐτῶν· καὶ τὰ 3  
 ἱμάτια αὐτοῦ ἐγένοντο στίλβοντα, λευκὰ λίαν ὥσει χιῶν, οἷα κνα-  
 φεὺς ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς οὐ δύναται λευκᾶναι. καὶ ὥφθη αὐτοῖς Ἑλίας 4  
 σὺν Μωυσεῖ, καὶ ἦσαν συλλαλῶντες τῷ Ἰησοῦ. καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ 5  
 Πέτρος λέγει τῷ Ἰησοῦ, Ῥαββί, καλὸν ἐστὶν ἡμᾶς ὧδε εἶναι· καὶ  
 ποιήσωμεν σκηναὶς τρεῖς, σοὶ μίαν, καὶ Μωυσεῖ μίαν, καὶ Ἑλίᾳ  
 μίαν. Οὐ γὰρ ᾔδει τί λαλήσει ἦσαν γὰρ ἔκφοβοι. καὶ ἐγένετο 6  
 νεφέλη ἐπισκιάζουσα αὐτοῖς· καὶ ἦλθε φωνὴ ἐκ τῆς νεφέλης, 7  
 Οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ υἱὸς μου ὁ ἀγαπητός· αὐτοῦ ἀκούετε. Καὶ ἐξάπινα 8  
 περιβλεψάμενοι οὐκέτι οὐδένα εἶδον ἀλλὰ τὸν Ἰησοῦν μόνον μεθ'  
 ἑαυτῶν. Καταβαινόντων δὲ αὐτῶν ἀπὸ τοῦ ὄρους, διεστείλατο 9  
 αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδενὶ διηγήσωνται ἃ εἶδον, εἰ μὴ ὅταν ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώ-  
 που ἐκ νεκρῶν ἀναστῇ. καὶ τὸν λόγον ἐκράτησαν πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς, 10  
 συζητοῦντες τί ἐστὶ τὸ ἐκ νεκρῶν ἀναστῆναι. καὶ ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν 11  
 λέγοντες, "Οἱ λέγουσιν οἱ γραμματεῖς ὅτι Ἑλὶαν δεῖ ἐλθεῖν πρῶ-  
 τον;" Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Ἑλίας μὲν ἐλθὼν πρῶτον 12

36 om τον 1° K, 72, 116,  
 389, 1200, 5     ἄνθρωπος 389     καὶ ζημιωθῇ τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ] τὴν δε ψυχὴν  
 αὐτοῦ ζημιωθῇ 1200, 1780     38 εαν 1200, 1478, 1546     1 om οτι 1200  
 2 om τον 2° et 3° 389, 1318, 1780     om μονους 389     3 εγενετο 72,  
 114, 1478, 5     om στίλβοντα 489     ὡς 116, 5     ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς] om 178;  
 ἐπὶ τὴν γῆν 1318     δύναται + οὗτα 116     4 καὶ 2° + οἱ 389     συλλαλῶν  
 K     5 om καὶ 1° . . . . ἰησοῦ 1780     τῷ ἰησοῦ] αὐτῷ 389     ἡλίαν  
 1200     μίαν 3°] μίᾳ 1200     6 ἐκφοβοι K, 389     7 νεφέλησ + λεγούσα  
 116, 1780, 5     8 om ουκετι 1313, 1318     om μονον μεθ'εαυτων 1313  
 ἀλλα] εἰ μὴ 389     9 διηγησωνται] εἰπωσιν 389     των νεκρων 1500  
 10 προσ αὐτους 1478     ἐκ] ἐν 1816     12 ἐλθων + ο θεσβιτησ 72     απο-  
 καταθιστα 1079     καθως] καὶ πως 72, 116, 5; ὡς 178     om ἐπὶ τον υιον . . .

ἀποκαθιστῇ πάντα· καθὼς γέγραπται ἐπὶ τὸν υἱὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου  
 ἵνα πολλὰ πάθῃ καὶ ἐξουδενωθῇ. ἀλλὰ λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι καὶ Ἡλίας 13  
 ἐλήλυθε, καὶ ἐποίησαν ἐν αὐτῷ ὅσα ἠθέλησαν, καθὼς γέγραπται  
 ἐπ' αὐτόν.

Καὶ ἐλθὼν πρὸς τοὺς μαθητὰς εἶδεν ὄχλον πολὺν περὶ αὐτοὺς, 14 ἱ  
 καὶ γραμματεῖς συζητοῦντας αὐτοῖς. καὶ εὐθέως πᾶς ὁ ὄχλος ἰδὼν 15  
 αὐτὸν ἐξεθαμβήθη, καὶ προστρέχοντες ἡσπάζοντο αὐτόν. καὶ ἐπη- 16  
 ρώτησε τοὺς γραμματεῖς, Τί συζητεῖτε πρὸς αὐτούς; Καὶ ἀπο- 17  
 κριθεὶς εἰς ἐκ τοῦ ὄχλου εἶπε, Διδάσκαλε, ἡνεγκα τὸν υἱόν μου πρὸς ΚΣ  
 σε, ἔχοντα πνεῦμα ἄλαλον· καὶ ὅπου ἂν αὐτόν καταλάβῃ, ῥήσσει 18 ἱα  
 αὐτόν, καὶ ἀφρίζει καὶ τρίζει τοὺς ὀδόντας αὐτοῦ καὶ ξηραίνεται·  
 καὶ εἶπον τοῖς μαθηταῖς σου ἵνα αὐτὸ ἐκβάλωσι, καὶ οὐκ ἴσχυσαν.  
 Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς αὐτοῖς λέγει, Ὡ γενεὰ ἄπιστος, ἕως πότε πρὸς 19  
 ὑμᾶς ἔσομαι; ἕως πότε ἀνέξομαι ὑμῶν; φέρετε αὐτόν πρὸς με.  
 Καὶ ἡνεγκαν αὐτόν πρὸς αὐτόν· καὶ ἰδὼν αὐτόν εὐθέως τὸ πνεῦμα 20  
 ἐσπάραξεν αὐτόν, καὶ πεσὼν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἐκυλίετο ἀφρίζων. Καὶ 21  
 ἐπηρώτησε τὸν πατέρα αὐτοῦ, Πόσος χρόνος ἐστὶν ὡς τοῦτο γέγονεν  
 αὐτῷ; Ὁ δὲ εἶπε, Παιδιόθεν· καὶ πολλάκις αὐτόν καὶ εἰς πῦρ ἔβαλε 22  
 καὶ εἰς ὕδατα, ἵνα ἀπολέσῃ αὐτόν· ἀλλ' εἴ τι δύνασαι, βοήθησον  
 ἡμῖν σπλαγχνισθεὶς ἐφ' ἡμᾶς. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοὺς εἶπεν αὐτῷ, Εἰ δύνα- 23  
 σαι πιστεῦσαι· πάντα δυνατὰ τῷ πιστεύοντι. Καὶ εὐθέως κράζας 24  
 ὁ πατὴρ τοῦ παιδίου μετὰ δακρύων ἔλεγε, Πιστεύω, Κύριε, βοήθει  
 μου τῇ ἀπιστίᾳ. Ἰδὼν δὲ ὁ Ἰησοὺς ὅτι ἐπισυντρέχει ὁ ὄχλος, ἐπετί- 25  
 μησε τῷ πνεύματι τῷ ἀκαθάρτῳ, λέγων αὐτῷ, Τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ἄλαλον  
 καὶ κωφὸν, ἐγὼ σοι ἐπιτάσσω, ἔξελθε ἐξ αὐτοῦ, καὶ μηκέτι εἰσέλθῃς  
 εἰς αὐτόν. Καὶ κράξαν καὶ πολλὰ σπαράξαν αὐτόν ἐξῆλθε· καὶ 26  
 ἐγένετο ὥσει νεκρὸς, ὥστε πολλοὺς λέγειν ὅτι ἀπέθανεν· ὁ δὲ 27  
 Ἰησοὺς κρατήσας αὐτόν τῆς χειρὸς ἡγειρεν αὐτόν, καὶ ἀνέστη.

Καὶ εἰσελθόντα αὐτόν εἰς οἶκον, οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ ἐπηρώτων 28 ἱβ  
 αὐτόν κατ' ἰδίαν, Διατί ἡμεῖς οὐκ ἐδυνήθημεν ἐκβαλεῖν αὐτό; Καὶ 29 ἱ

13 γεγραπται 1780 13 om και 1° 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1816\* om  
 εν 5 14 om μαθητας 1079\* συζητουντες 114 15 om ο 1780  
 16 εαυτους 389, 1200 18 αν 389, 5 εκβαλωσιν αυτο 265 εκβαλλ-  
 ωσιν 72, 489, 652, 1219, 1318 19 αυτοις] om 389, 489; αυτω K, 116, 5  
 εως ποτε ανεξομαι υμας· εως ποτε προσ υμας εσομαι 652\* 20 om ευθεως 389  
 το πνευμα ευθεως 1500 22 om και πολλακις αυτον K το πυρ K 116,  
 1780 23 + το ante ει 389, 1200, 1546, 1780, 5 24 ελεγε] ειπε 389  
 om κυριε 1500 25 om vers 1546 επισυντρεχει] επισυναπτει 265  
 om ο ante οχλος K, 72, 116, 1313, 1816, 5 εξ] απ 1816 26 ως 1780  
 27 αυτον 1°] αυτου 389; αυτων 1546 om και ανεστη 389 28 διατι] οτι 5

εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τοῦτο τὸ γένος ἐν οὐδενὶ δύναται ἐξελθεῖν εἰ μὴ ἐν  
προσευχῇ καὶ νηστείᾳ.

Καὶ ἐκείθεν ἐξελθόντες παρεπορεύοντο διὰ τῆς Γαλιλαίας, καὶ 30 <sup>ηγ</sup>  
οὐκ ἤθελεν ἵνα τις γινῶ. ἐδίδασκε γὰρ τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ καὶ ἔλεγεν 31 <sup>β</sup>  
αὐτοῖς, "Ὅτι ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου παραδίδοται εἰς χεῖρας ἀνθρώ-  
πων, καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσιν αὐτὸν, καὶ ἀποκτανθεὶς τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ ἀνα-  
στήσεται. Οἱ δὲ ἠγνόουν τὸ ῥῆμα, καὶ ἐφοβοῦντο αὐτὸν ἐπερωτῆ- 32  
σαι.

Καὶ ἦλθεν εἰς Καπερναοῦμ· καὶ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ γενόμενος ἐπηρώτα 33 <sup>KZ'</sup>  
αὐτοὺς, Τί ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς διελογίζεσθε; Οἱ δὲ ἐσιώπων· 34 <sup>4δ</sup>  
πρὸς ἀλλήλους γὰρ διελέχθησαν ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ, τίς μείζων. καὶ καθίσας 35 <sup>4ε</sup>  
ἐφώνησε τοὺς δώδεκα καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Εἴ τις θέλει πρῶτος εἶναι, <sup>β</sup>  
ἔσται πάντων ἔσχατος καὶ πάντων διάκονος. Καὶ λαβὼν παιδίον 36  
ἔστησεν αὐτὸ ἐν μέσῳ αὐτῶν, καὶ ἐναγκαλισάμενος αὐτὸ εἶπεν αὐ-  
τοῖς, "Ὅς ἐὰν ἐν τῶν τοιούτων παιδίων δέξηται ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου, 37 <sup>4ς</sup>  
ἐμὲ δέχεται· καὶ ὃς ἐὰν ἐμὲ δέξηται, οὐκ ἐμὲ δέχεται, ἀλλὰ τὸν ἀπο- <sup>α</sup>  
στείλαντά με.

Ἀπεκρίθη δὲ αὐτῷ Ἰωάννης λέγων, Διδάσκαλε, εἶδομέν τινα 38 <sup>4ζ</sup>  
τῷ ὀνόματί σου ἐκβάλλοντα δαιμόνια, ὃς οὐκ ἀκολουθεῖ ἡμῖν, καὶ <sup>η</sup>  
ἐκωλύσαμεν αὐτὸν, ὅτι οὐκ ἀκολουθεῖ ἡμῖν. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπε, Μὴ 39  
κωλύετε αὐτόν. οὐδεὶς γάρ ἐστιν ὃς ποιήσει δύναμιν ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί <sup>4η</sup>  
μου, καὶ δυνήσεται ταχὺ κακολογησαί με. ὃς γὰρ οὐκ ἔστι καθ' 40  
ὑμῶν, ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν ἐστιν. ὃς γὰρ ἂν ποτίσῃ ὑμᾶς ποτήριον ὕδατος ἐν 41 <sup>5</sup>  
ὀνόματι ὅτι Χριστοῦ ἐστε, ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, οὐ μὴ ἀπολέσῃ τὸν <sup>4θ</sup>  
μισθὸν αὐτοῦ. Καὶ ὃς ἐὰν σκανδαλίσῃ ἓνα τῶν μικρῶν τῶν πιστευό- 42 <sup>β</sup>  
ντων εἰς ἐμὲ, καλὸν ἐστιν αὐτῷ μᾶλλον εἰ περίκειται λίθος μυλικὸς <sup>ρ</sup>  
περὶ τὸν τράχηλον αὐτοῦ, καὶ βέβληται εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν. Καὶ 43 <sup>ς</sup>

31 καὶ ελεγεν αυτοις] λεγων 389      ἀνθρωπων] αμαρτωλων 1478      om  
αποκτανθεισ 389      32 ἐπερωτησαι αυτον 1200      33 ηλθον 1346      ως εισ  
1346      διελογιζεσθε προσ εαυτους 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546      διελογιζοντο  
389      34 διελεχθη Π\*, 1079      om εν τη οδω 265, 1079, 1500      35 om  
παντων εσχατως καὶ 178\*      36 τω μεσω 1780      37 εαν 2°] αν 178  
εμε 2°] με 1200      om ουκ εμε et αλλα 1200      ου δεχετε εμε 1780  
38 om δε 389      ο ιωαννης ς      ειδομεν] οιδαμεν 1200      τινα] + εν  
1200, 1546; + επι 116, 1318      τα δαιμονια 178      om και εκωλυσαμεν  
. . . . ημιν 178\*, 1816      om οτι ουκ ακολουθει ημιν 2° 389      40 om γαρ  
1816\*      υμων 2°] ημων 1200      41 om αν 72      τω ονοματι 389, 1200,  
1318, 1546, ς      ονοματι + μου 72, 116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, ς  
om οτι 1079      42 εαν] αν K, ς      των 2°] τουτων 178      μαλλον αυτω  
1200      λιθος μυλικος] μυλος ονικος 389

ἐὰν σκανδαλίξῃ σε ἡ χεὶρ σου, ἀπόκοψον αὐτήν· καλὸν σοὶ ἐστὶ  
 κυλλὸν εἰς τὴν ζωὴν εἰσελθεῖν, ἢ τὰς δύο χεῖρας ἔχοντα ἀπελθεῖν  
 εἰς τὴν γέενναν, εἰς τὸ πῦρ τὸ ἄσβεστον, ὅπου ὁ σκώληξ αὐτῶν οὐ 44 ρα  
 τελευτᾷ καὶ τὸ πῦρ οὐ σβέννυται. καὶ ἐὰν ὁ ποὺς σου σκανδαλίξῃ 45 ι  
 σε, ἀπόκοψον αὐτόν· καλὸν γάρ ἐστὶ σε εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν ζωὴν  
 χωλὸν, ἢ τοὺς δύο πόδας ἔχοντα βληθῆναι εἰς τὴν γέενναν, εἰς τὸ  
 πῦρ τὸ ἄσβεστον, ὅπου ὁ σκώληξ αὐτῶν οὐ τελευτᾷ καὶ τὸ πῦρ οὐ 46  
 σβέννυται. καὶ ἐὰν ὁ ὀφθαλμός σου σκανδαλίξῃ σε, ἐκβαλε αὐτόν· 47  
 καλὸν σοὶ ἐστὶ μονόφθαλμον εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ,  
 ἢ δύο ὀφθαλμοὺς ἔχοντα βληθῆναι εἰς τὴν γέενναν τοῦ πυρὸς,  
 ὅπου ὁ σκώληξ αὐτῶν οὐ τελευτᾷ καὶ τὸ πῦρ οὐ σβέννυται. Πᾶς 48, 49  
 γὰρ πυρὶ ἀλισθῆσεται, καὶ πᾶσα θυσία ἀλλὶ ἀλισθῆσεται. καλὸν 50 ρβ  
 τὸ ἅλας· ἐὰν δὲ τὸ ἅλας ἄναλον γένηται, ἐν τίνι αὐτὸ ἀρτύσετε;  
 ἔχετε ἐν ἑαυτοῖς ἅλας, καὶ εἰρηνεύετε ἐν ἀλλήλοις.

Κακέϊθεν ἀναστὰς ἔρχεται εἰς τὰ ὄρια τῆς Ἰουδαίας διὰ τοῦ Χ  
 πέραν τοῦ Ἰορδάνου. καὶ συμπορεύονται πάλιν ὄχλοι πρὸς αὐτόν·  
 καὶ ὡς εἰώθει πάλιν ἐδίδασκεν αὐτοὺς. Καὶ προσελθόντες Φαρισαῖοι 2 ΚΗ'  
 ἐπηρώτησαν αὐτόν εἰ ἔξοστιν ἀνδρὶ γυναῖκα ἀπολῦσαι, πειράζοντες  
 αὐτόν. ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τί ὑμῖν ἐνετείλατο Μωσῆς; 3  
 Οἱ δὲ εἶπον, Μωσῆς ἐπέτρεψε βιβλίον ἀποστασίου γράψαι καὶ 4  
 ἀπολῦσαι. καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Πρὸς τὴν σκλη- 5  
 ροκαρδίαν ὑμῶν ἔγραψεν ὑμῖν τὴν ἐντολὴν ταύτην· ἀπὸ δὲ ἀρχῆς 6  
 κτίσεως ἄρσεν καὶ θήλυ ἐποίησεν αὐτοὺς ὁ θεός· ἕνεκεν τούτου 7  
 καταλείψει ἄνθρωπος τὸν πατέρα αὐτοῦ καὶ τὴν μητέρα, καὶ προσ-  
 κολληθήσεται πρὸς τὴν γυναῖκα αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἔσονται οἱ δύο εἰς  
 σάρκα μίαν· ὥστε οὐκέτι εἰσὶ δύο, ἀλλὰ σὰρξ μία. ὁ οὖν ὁ θεὸς 8, 9  
 συνέζευξεν, ἄνθρωπος μὴ χωριζέτω. Καὶ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ πάλιν οἱ μαθη- 10 ρδ  
 ται αὐτοῦ περὶ τοῦ αὐτοῦ ἐπηρώτησαν αὐτόν. καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, 11 ι  
 "Ὅς ἐὰν ἀπολύσῃ τὴν γυναῖκα αὐτοῦ καὶ γαμήσῃ ἄλλην, μοιχᾶται ρε  
 β

116, 5	εστιν σε] σοι εστιν	116, 1200	σε] om 389, 1313; σοι 178, 1318,
1546, 5	εις την ζωνην εισελθειν	389	om τους 389 τους ποδας τους
δυο 1780	46 om vers	389	πυρ + αυτων 1313 47 om εστι 72
48 om vers	389	πυρ αυτων 1313	49 γαρ + αρτος 1200, 1346
om αλι 178	50 αρτυθσεται K	αλληλοις] εαυτοις 1200	1 εισ] επι
1318, 1478	om δια του 116	οχλοι + πολλοι 1780	προς αυτον
οχλοι 1346	2 οι φαρισαιοι 1200, 5	6 αρχην 1478	7 μητερα +
αυτου 489, 1219	8 μια σαρξ 5	9 εζευξεν 1200	χωριζεσθω 116
10 om περι του αυτου K, 116	om του II, 1200	11 om επ' αυτην 1478	

ἐπ' αὐτήν· καὶ ἂν γυνὴ ἀπολύσῃ τὸν ἄνδρα αὐτῆς καὶ γαμηθῇ 12  
ἄλλῳ, μοιχᾷται.

Καὶ προσέφερον αὐτῷ παιδιά, ἵνα ᾄψῃται αὐτῶν· οἱ δὲ μαθηταὶ 13 <sup>ρδ</sup>  
ἐπετίμων τοῖς προσφέρουσιν. ἰδὼν δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἠγανάκτησε, καὶ 14  
εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, "Ἀφετε τὰ παιδιά ἔρχεσθαι πρὸς με, μὴ κωλύετε αὐτά·  
τῶν γὰρ τοιούτων ἐστὶν ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ· ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, 15  
ὅς ἂν μὴ δέξηται τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ ὡς παιδίον, οὐ μὴ εἰσέλθῃ  
εἰς αὐτήν. Καὶ ἐναγκαλισάμενος αὐτά, τιθεὶς τὰς χεῖρας ἐπ' αὐτά 16  
εὐλόγει αὐτά.

Καὶ ἐκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ εἰς ὁδόν, ἰδοὺ τις πλούσιος προσ- 17 <sup>κθ'</sup>  
δραμῶν καὶ γονυπετήσας αὐτὸν ἐπηρώτα αὐτὸν, Διδάσκαλε ἀγαθὲ, <sup>ρδ</sup>  
τί ποιήσω ἵνα ζῶν αἰώνιον κληρονομήσω; Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν 18  
αὐτῷ, Τί με λέγεις ἀγαθόν; οὐδεὶς ἀγαθὸς εἰ μὴ εἰς ὁ θεός. τὰς 19  
ἐντολὰς οἶδας, Μὴ μοιχεύσῃς· μὴ φονεύσῃς· μὴ κλέψῃς· μὴ  
ψευδομαρτυρήσῃς· τίμα τὸν πατέρα σου καὶ τὴν μητέρα. Ὁ δὲ 20  
ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν Ταῦτα πάντα ἐφύλαξά μιν ἐκ νεότητός μου· τί  
ἔτι ὑστερῶ; Ὁ δὲ ἐμβλέψας αὐτῷ ἠγάπησεν αὐτὸν, καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ, 21 <sup>ρη</sup>  
"Εἰ θέλεις τέλειος εἶναι, ἔν σε ὑστερεῖ· ὑπάγε, ὅσα ἔχεις πώλησον  
καὶ δὸς πτωχοῖς, καὶ ἔξεις θησαυρὸν ἐν οὐρανῷ· καὶ δεῦρο ἀκολούθει <sup>ρθ</sup>  
μοι ἄρας τὸν σταυρόν. Ὁ δὲ στυγνάσας ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ ἀπῆλθε λυπού- 22  
μενος· ἦν γὰρ ἔχων κτήματα πολλά. Καὶ περιβλεψάμενος ὁ 23  
Ἰησοῦς λέγει τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, Πῶς δυσκόλως οἱ τὰ χρήματα  
ἔχοντες εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ εἰσελεύσονται. Οἱ δὲ μαθηταὶ 24  
ἐθαμβοῦντο ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις αὐτοῦ. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς πάλιν ἀποκριθεὶς  
λέγει αὐτοῖς, Πῶς δύσκολόν ἐστι τοὺς πεποιθότας ἐπὶ χρήμασιν  
εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ εἰσελθεῖν; εὐκοπώτερόν ἐστι κάμηλον 25

13 αυτων αψηται 1318 14 προσ με + και 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1780, 5  
16 τιθεισ] και επιτιθεισ 389 επ'αυτα] om 389; επ'αυτοισ 1318, 1546  
ευλογησεν 1780 17 εκπορευομενου δε (om και) 1079 om εις οδον 389  
om ιδου τις πλουσιος 5 προσδραμων + εις 5 om και γονυπετησας αυτον  
389 ποιησω] ποιησας 389 om ινα 389 19 om μη φονευσης 1478\*  
ψευδομαρτυρησης + μη αποστερησης 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1478, 1546, 5  
20 ειπεν + αυτω διδασκαλε 116, 5 om τι επι υστερω 5 επι] om 1318;  
εστι 389 21 δε + ιησους 5 αυτω 2° + επι 116 om ει θελεισ  
τελειος ειναι 116, 5 om εν σοι υστερει 389 σε] σοι K, 114, 116, 178,  
389, 1200, 1318, 5 τοις πτωχοις 5 22 στυгнаσας] στυгнаζων 1780  
24 μαθηται + αυτου 72 om αυτου 72 αποκριθεις παλιν 1200, 1318,  
1546, 1780 αποκριθεις και λεγει αυτοισ παλιν 1478 αυτοισ + τεκνα  
116, 1318, 5 τοις χρημασιν 5 25 om vers 1546 της τρυμαλιας  
1318, 5 της ραφιδος 1200, 1318, 5 διελθειν] εισελθειν 652, 1200,

διὰ τρυμαλιᾶς ῥαφίδος διελθεῖν, ἢ πλούσιον εἰς τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ  
 θεοῦ εἰσελθεῖν. Οἱ δὲ περισσῶς ἐξεπλήσσοντο, λέγοντες πρὸς 26  
 ἑαυτοὺς, Καὶ τίς δύναται σωθῆναι; Ἐμβλέψας δὲ αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς 27  
 λέγει, Παρὰ ἀνθρώποις ἀδύνατον, ἀλλ' οὐ παρὰ τῷ θεῷ· πάντα  
 γὰρ δυνατὰ ἐστί παρὰ τῷ θεῷ. Ἦρξατο δὲ ὁ Πέτρος λέγειν αὐτῷ, 28  
 Ἰδοὺ ἡμεῖς ἀφήκαμεν πάντα καὶ ἠκολουθήσαμεν σοι. Ἀποκριθεὶς 29 <sup>ρι β</sup>  
 δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν, Ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν, οὐδεὶς ἐστὶν ὃς ἀφήκεν οἰκίαν,  
 ἢ ἀδελφούς, ἢ ἀδελφάς, ἢ πατέρα, ἢ μητέρα, ἢ γυναῖκα, ἢ τέκνα, ἢ  
 ἀγροὺς, ἔνεκεν ἐμοῦ καὶ ἔνεκεν τοῦ εὐαγγελίου, ἐὰν μὴ λάβῃ ἑκα- 30  
 τονταπλασίονα νῦν ἐν τῷ καιρῷ τούτῳ, οἰκίας καὶ ἀδελφούς καὶ  
 ἀδελφάς καὶ πατέρα καὶ μητέρα καὶ τέκνα καὶ ἀγροὺς, μετὰ διωγ-  
 μῶν, καὶ ἐν τῷ αἰῶνι τῷ ἐρχομένῳ ζῶν αἰώνιον. πολλοὶ δὲ ἔσονται 31 <sup>ρια β</sup>  
 πρῶτοι ἔσχατοι, καὶ ἔσχατοι πρῶτοι.

Ἦσαν δὲ ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ ἀναβαίνοντες εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα· καὶ ἦν προ- 32 <sup>ρι β</sup>  
 ἄγων αὐτοὺς ὁ Ἰησοῦς· καὶ ἐθαμβοῦντο, καὶ ἀκολουθοῦντες ἐφοβ-  
 οῦντο. καὶ παραλαβὼν πάλιν τοὺς δώδεκα ἤρξατο αὐτοῖς λέγειν τὰ  
 μέλλοντα αὐτῷ συμβαίνειν, Ὅτι ἰδοὺ ἀναβαίνομεν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα, 33  
 καὶ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου παραδοθήσεται τοῖς ἀρχιερεῦσι καὶ γραμ-  
 ματεῦσι, καὶ κατακρινοῦσιν αὐτὸν θανάτῳ, καὶ παραδώσουσιν αὐτὸν  
 τοῖς ἔθνεσι, καὶ ἐμπαίξουσιν αὐτῷ καὶ μαστιγώσουσιν αὐτὸν καὶ 34  
 ἐμπτύσουσιν αὐτῷ, καὶ ἀποκτενοῦσιν αὐτόν· καὶ τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ  
 ἀναστήσεται.

Καὶ προσπορεύονται αὐτῷ Ἰάκωβος καὶ Ἰωάννης υἱοὶ Ζεβε- 35 <sup>Λ' ρι γ 5</sup>  
 δαίου λέγοντες, Διδάσκαλε, θέλομεν ἵνα ὁ ἓάν σε αἰτήσωμεν ποιήσης  
 ἡμῖν. Ὁ δὲ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τί θέλετε ποιῆσαί με ὑμῖν; Οἱ δὲ εἶπον 36  
 αὐτῷ, Δὸς ἡμῖν ἵνα εἰς ἐκ δεξιῶν σου καὶ εἰς ἐξ εὐωνύμων σου καθί- 37  
 σωμεν ἐν τῇ δόξῃ σου. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Οὐκ οἴδατε τί 38  
 αἰτεῖσθε. δύνασθε πιεῖν τὸ ποτήριον ὃ ἐγὼ πίνω, καὶ τὸ βάπτισμα

1546, 1780, 5 om την K 26 om λεγοντες 389 προσ εαυτους  
 λεγοντες 1816 27 αυτοις] αυτω 1219 om τω 1° 389 om παντα γαρ  
 . . . . θεω 389, 1318 28 και ηρξατο 5 δε] ουν 389 σοι] σου K  
 29 και αποκριθεις 1318, 1546 om δε 114 om η μητερα 1780 om  
 ενεκεν 2° 389, 1318, 1780, 5 30 εαν] οσ ου 389 om νυν 178, 389  
 om οικιας . . . . διωγμων 389 και πατερα και μητερα] και μητερας 389, 5;  
 + και γυναικα 1200, 1478 31 οι ante εσχατοι 2° 1318, 5 32 om εν  
 τη οδω K\* αυτοις] αυτοις 1200, 1346\*, 1780 om και ακολουθουντες  
 εφοβουντο K 265, 1546, 1780 33 παραδιδοται K τοις γραμματευσι 5  
 αυτον 1°] αυτω 1200 34 αυτω 1°] αυτον 1200, 1780 αυτω 2°] αυτον 1816  
 35 προσπορευονται 1318, 1346 οι υιοι 1318, 1478, 1546, 5 om σε 389,  
 1200, 1780, 1816, 5 37 om σου 1° 652 om σου 2° 72, 389

ὁ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθῆναι· Οἱ δὲ εἶπον αὐτῷ, Δυνάμεθα. Ὁ 39  
 δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τὸ μὲν ποτήριον ὃ ἐγὼ πίνω πίεσθε, καὶ τὸ  
 βάπτισμα ὃ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθήσεσθε· τὸ δὲ καθίσαι ἐκ 40  
 δεξιῶν μου καὶ ἐξ εὐωνύμων οὐκ ἔστιν ἐμὸν δοῦναι, ἀλλ' οἷς ἡτοίμα-  
 σται. Καὶ ἀκούσαντες οἱ δέκα ἤρξαντο ἀγανακτεῖν περὶ Ἰακώβου 41 <sup>ριε</sup>  
 καὶ Ἰωάννου. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς προσκαλεσάμενος αὐτοὺς λέγει αὐτοῖς, 42 <sup>β</sup>  
 Οἴδατε ὅτι οἱ δοκοῦντες ἄρχειν τῶν ἐθνῶν κατακυριεύουσιν αὐτῶν·  
 καὶ οἱ μεγάλοι αὐτῶν κατεξουσιάζουσιν αὐτῶν. οὐχ οὕτως δὲ 43  
 ἔσται ἐν ὑμῖν· ἀλλ' ὅς ἐάν θέλῃ γενέσθαι μέγας ἐν ὑμῖν, ἔσται  
 ὑμῶν διάκονος· καὶ ὅς ἐάν θέλῃ ὑμῶν γενέσθαι πρῶτος, ἔσται πάν- 44  
 των δοῦλος· καὶ γὰρ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου οὐκ ἦλθε διακονηθῆναι, 45 <sup>ριε</sup>  
 ἀλλὰ διακονῆσαι, καὶ δοῦναι τὴν ψυχὴν αὐτοῦ λύτρον ἀντὶ πολλῶν. <sup>δ</sup>

Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς Ἱεριχὺ· καὶ ἐκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ ἀπὸ 46 <sup>ΑΒ'</sup>  
 Ἱεριχὺ καὶ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ καὶ ὄχλου ἱκανοῦ, υἱὸς Τιμαίου <sup>ριε</sup>  
 Βαρτίμαιος ὁ τυφλὸς ἐκάθητο παρὰ τὴν ὁδὸν προσαιτῶν. καὶ 47 <sup>β</sup>  
 ἀκούσας ὅτι Ἰησοῦς ὁ Ναζωραῖὸς ἐστίν, ἤρξατο κρᾶζειν καὶ λέγειν,  
 Ὁ υἱὸς Δαβὶδ Ἰησοῦ, ἐλέησόν με. Καὶ ἐπετίμων αὐτῷ πολλοί, ἵνα 48  
 σιωπήσῃ· ὁ δὲ πολλῶ μᾶλλον ἔκραζεν, Τίε Δαβὶδ, ἐλέησόν με.  
 Καὶ στὰς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτὸν φωνηθῆναι· καὶ φωνοῦσι τὸν 49  
 τυφλὸν, λέγοντες αὐτῷ, Θάρσει, ἔγειρε, φωνεῖ σε. Ὁ δὲ ἀποβαλὼν 50  
 τὸ ἱμάτιον αὐτοῦ ἀναστὰς ἦλθε πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν· καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς 51  
 ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτῷ Τί σοι θέλεις ποιῆσαι; Ὁ δὲ τυφλὸς εἶπεν  
 αὐτῷ, Ῥαββουνί, ἵνα ἀναβλέψω. Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτῷ, 52  
 Ὕπαγε, ἡ πίστις σου σέσωκέ σε. Καὶ εὐθέως ἀνέβλεψε, καὶ ἠκολού-  
 θει τῷ Ἰησοῦ ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ.

Καὶ ὅτε ἐγγίξουσιν εἰς Ἱερουσαλὴμ, εἰς Βηθφαγὴ καὶ Βηθανίαν <sup>ΑΒ'</sup> <sup>ριε</sup> <sup>β</sup> **XI**

39 om oi de eipon . . . βαπτισθησεσθε 1546\* ειπον] λεγουσιν 1780 om  
 αυτω 389 om ιησουσ 116 40 ευωνυμων + μου 116, 5 41 ιωαννου  
 και ιακωβου 265 42 om προσκαλεσαμενος αυτους 389 κατακυριευσουσιν  
 1478 om αυτων 2° 389 43 οσ εαν] ο εαν 116 διακονος υμων 5  
 44 αν 5 om υμων 1346\* γενεσθαι υμων 265 46 om και 1° 652  
 om απο . . . αυτου 2° 1546 om και των . . . ικανου 389 ο υιος 489,  
 1219 47 om ιησουσ 389 ο υιος] υιος K 48 αυτω] αυτον 389  
 om πολλοι 389 49 αυτον] αυτω 1200, 1546 51 om αποκριθεις 389  
 λεγει αυτω ο ιησουσ 389, 5 λεγει] ειπεν 1346 om τι σοι θελεις . . .  
 52 λεγει αυτω 1780 τι θελεις ποιησω σοι 1200, 1318, 1780, 5 ραββوني 5;  
 ραβοννι 265; ραβουνι 72, 389 52 om δε 1500 λεγει] ειπεν 1200, 1318,  
 1478, 1546, 5 ηκολουθησε 1200, 1318 om εν τη οδω 389 1 ηγγισαν  
 389 βηθσφαγη 116, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1816 om βηθφαγη και 389

πρὸς τὸ ὄρος τῶν Ἑλαιῶν, ἀποστέλλει δύο τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ καὶ 2  
 λέγει αὐτοῖς, Ὑπάγετε εἰς τὴν κώμην τὴν κατέναντι ὑμῶν· καὶ  
 εὐθέως εἰσπορευόμενοι εἰς αὐτὴν εὐρήσετε πῶλον δεδεμένον, ἐφ' ὃν  
 οὐπω οὐδεὶς ἀνθρώπων κεκάθηκε· λύσαντες αὐτὸν ἀγάγετε· καὶ ἕαν 3  
 τις ὑμῖν εἴπῃ, Τί ποιεῖτε; τοῦτο εἴπατε, Ὅτι ὁ κύριος αὐτοῦ χρεῖαν  
 ἔχει· καὶ εὐθέως αὐτὸν ἀποστελεῖ ὧδε. Ἀπῆλθον δὲ καὶ εὔρον 4 ριθ  
 πῶλον δεδεμένον πρὸς τὴν θύραν ἔξω ἐπὶ τοῦ ἀμφόδου, καὶ λύουσιν  
 αὐτόν. καὶ τινες τῶν ἐκεῖ ἐστηκότων ἔλεγον αὐτοῖς, Τί ποιεῖτε 5  
 λύοντες τὸν πῶλον; Οἱ δὲ εἶπαν αὐτοῖς καθὼς ἐνετείλατο ὁ Ἰησοῦς· 6  
 καὶ ἀφήκαν αὐτούς. καὶ ἤγαγον τὸν πῶλον πρὸς τὸν Ἰησοῦν, καὶ 7  
 ἐπέβαλον αὐτῷ τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτῶν, καὶ ἐκάθισεν ἐπ' αὐτῷ. πολλοὶ 8  
 δὲ τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτῶν ἔστρωσαν ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ· ἄλλοι στιβάδας ἔκοπτον  
 ἐκ τῶν δένδρων καὶ ἔστρώννουν ἐν τῇ ὁδῷ· καὶ οἱ προάγοντες καὶ οἱ 9 ριθ  
 ἀκολουθοῦντες ἔκραζον λέγοντες, Ὡσαννὰ, εὐλογημένος ὁ ἐρχόμενος  
 ἐν ὀνόματι Κυρίου· καὶ εὐλογημένη ἡ ἐρχομένη βασιλεία ἐν ὀνόματι 10  
 Κυρίου, τοῦ πατρὸς ἡμῶν Δαβὶδ· Ὡσαννὰ ἐν τοῖς ὑψίστοις. Καὶ 11 ρκ  
 εἰσῆλθεν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα ὁ Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἰς τὸ ἱερὸν· καὶ περιβλε-  
 ψάμενος πάντα, ὀψίας ἦδη οὔσης τῆς ὥρας, ἐξῆλθεν εἰς Βηθανίαν  
 μετὰ τῶν δώδεκα.

Καὶ τῇ ἐπαύριον ἐξελθόντων αὐτῶν ἀπὸ Βηθανίας, ἐπείνασε, 12 ΔΓ'  
 καὶ ἰδὼν συκὴν μίαν μακρόθεν ἔχουσιν φύλλα ἦλθεν εἰ ἄρα τι εὐ- 13  
 ρήσει ἐν αὐτῇ· καὶ ἐλθὼν ἐπ' αὐτὴν οὐδὲν εἶρεν εἰ μὴ φύλλα· οὐ  
 γὰρ ἦν καιρὸς σύκων. καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτῇ, Μηκέτι ἐκ σοῦ 14  
 εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα μηδεὶς καρπὸν φάγοι. Καὶ ἤκουον οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ.  
 Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα· καὶ εἰσελθὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἰς τὸ ἱερὸν 15 ρκα  
 ἤρξατο ἐκβάλλειν τοὺς πωλοῦντας καὶ τοὺς ἀγοράζοντας ἐν τῷ  
 α

2 κωμην] πολιν 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546 απεναντι 178, 1780 δεδεμενην  
 1200 om ουπω 5 εκαθικε 114 3 om ποιεите τουτο 389 ειπατε  
 + αυτω 1780 om και ευθεως αυτον αποστελει ωδε 389 αποστελλει K,  
 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780 4 τον πωλον 72, 116, 1780, 5  
 6 ειπον K, 114, 116, 389, 489, 652, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5  
 ενετειλατο + αυτοις 116 om και αφηκαν αυτους, 389 7 εαυτων 389  
 8 πολλοι] αλλοι 389 αυτων] αυτου K εισ την οδον 1° 5 εισ την  
 οδον 2° 5 om αλλοι . . . οδω 389, 1816\* αλλοι + δε K, 116,  
 389, 1200, 1313, 1816 5 9 om ευλογημενος . . . 10 ωσαννα 1313  
 10 om και 389, 1200, 5 η ερχομενη . . . δαβιδ] η βασιλεια του πατρος  
 ημων δαβιδ 1780 11 ο ιησους] ος 265 om και 2° 389, 1816 om  
 εισ βηθανιαν 389 13 om μιαν 116, 5 om ηλθεν ει αρα . . . φυλλα  
 1780 ευρησει τι 116, 1780, 5 εν αυτη ευρησει 1200, 1318, 1546  
 φυλλα 2° + μονον 389 14 αποκριθεις + ο ιησους 116, 5 καρπον εισ  
 τον αιωνα μηδεις φαγοι 1780 ηκουσαν 72, 178, 652, 1313 15 om τους  
 2° 389, 1200, 1478, 1546, 5 om των κολλυβιστων και τας καθεδρας 1780

ἱερῷ, καὶ τὰς τραπέζας τῶν κολλυβιστῶν καὶ τὰς καθέδρας τῶν  
πωλούντων τὰς περιστερὰς κατέστρεψε· καὶ οὐκ ἤφιεν ἵνα τις 16  
διενέγκῃ σκευὸς διὰ τοῦ ἱεροῦ· καὶ ἐδίδασκε λέγων αὐτοῖς, Οὐ 17  
γέγραπται, "Ὅτι ὁ οἶκός μου οἶκος προσευχῆς κληθήσεται πᾶσι  
τοῖς ἔθνεσιν;" ὑμεῖς δὲ αὐτὸν ἐποιήσατε σπήλαιον ληστῶν. Καὶ 18  
ἤκουσαν οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς καὶ ἐζήτουν πῶς αὐτὸν  
ἀπολέσωσιν· ἐφοβοῦντο γάρ· ὅτι πᾶς ὁ ὄχλος ἐξεπλήσσετο ἐπὶ τῇ  
διδαχῇ αὐτοῦ.

Καὶ ὅταν ὁψὲ ἐγένετο, ἐξεπορεύοντο ἔξω τῆς πόλεως. Καὶ 19, 20  
πρῶτ' παραπορευόμενοι εἶδον τὴν συκὴν ἐξηραμμένην ἐκ ῥιζῶν· καὶ 21  
ἀναμνησθεὶς ὁ Πέτρος λέγει αὐτῷ, 'Ραββί, ἴδε ἡ συκὴ ἣν κατηράσω  
ἐξήρανται. Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς λέγει αὐτοῖς, "Ἐχετε πίστιν 22  
θεοῦ· ἀμὴν γὰρ λέγω ὑμῖν, ὅτι ὃς ἂν εἴπῃ τῷ ὄρει τούτῳ, "Ἀρθῇτι 23  
καὶ βλήθῃτι εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν, καὶ μὴ διακριθῇ ἐν τῇ καρδίᾳ αὐτοῦ,  
ἀλλὰ πιστεύσει ὅτι ἃ λέγει γίνεται, ἔσται αὐτῷ ὃ ἂν εἴπῃ. διὰ 24  
τοῦτο λέγω ὑμῖν, Πάντα ὅσα ἂν προσευχόμενοι αἰτέισθε, πιστεύ-  
ετε ὅτι λαμβάνετε, καὶ ἔσται ὑμῖν. Καὶ ὅταν στήκητε προσευχό- 25  
μενοι, ἀφίετε εἴτι ἔχετε κατὰ τινος, ἵνα καὶ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς  
οὐρανοῖς ἀφῇ ὑμῖν τὰ παραπτώματα ὑμῶν· εἰ δὲ ὑμεῖς οὐκ ἀφίετε, 26  
οὐδὲ ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ ἐν οὐρανοῖς ἀφήσει τὰ παραπτώματα ὑμῶν.

Καὶ ἔρχονται πάλιν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα. καὶ ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ περι- 27  
πατοῦντος αὐτοῦ, ἔρχονται πρὸς αὐτὸν οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ γραμ-  
ματεῖς καὶ οἱ πρεσβύτεροι, καὶ λέγουσιν αὐτῷ, 'Ἐν ποίᾳ ἐξουσίᾳ 28  
ταῦτα ποιεῖς; καὶ τίς σοι τὴν ἐξουσίαν ταύτην ἔδωκεν ἵνα ταῦτα  
ποιῇς; Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Ἐπερωτήσω κάγώ 29  
ὑμᾶς ἕνα λόγον, καὶ ἀποκρίθητέ μοι, καὶ ἐρῶ ὑμῖν ἐν ποίᾳ ἐξουσίᾳ

16 ηφιεν] ηφικεν 1780 17 αυτοις λεγων 1318 om ου 389 εποιη-  
σατε αυτον K, 116, 389, 1200, 5 18 οι γραμματισ και οι αρχιερισ 5  
γραμματισ + του λαου 1780 απολεσουσιν K, 72, 114, 1478, 5 γαρ +  
αυτον 5 εξεπλησσουντο 389 19 οτε 116, 1200, 5 εξεπορευετο 116,  
1200, 5; επορευοντο 1816\* 20 πορευομενοι 72 21 εξηραται 1318, 1816  
22 om ο 5 23 om γαρ 389 24 αν 72, 116, 1816, 5 om αιτεισθε  
. . . . 25 προσευχομενοι 178 25 om ινα 1346\* ημων 1° et 2° 1200  
ημιν 1200 om τοις K om αφη . . . 26 ουρανοισ 265 26 om  
υμων 1° 1478 τοις ουρανοισ 265, 1318, 5 αφησει] αφη 1200 ad  
fin add λεγω δε υμιν· αιτειτε και δοθησεται υμιν· ζητειτε και ευρησετε· κρουετε και  
ανοιγησεται υμιν· πας γαρ ο αιτων λαμβανει· και ο ζητων ευρισκει· και τω κρουοντι  
ανοιγησεται 1318, 1546 (in marg 178, 1200, 1816) 27 και οι πρεσβυτεροι  
και οι γραμματισ 1780 28 σοι] σου 1816 ταυτην την εξουσιαν 1478  
εδωκεν την εξουσιαν ταυτην 389, 1780 om ινα ταυτα ποιησ 389 29 om  
αποκριθεις 265 υμας καγω 178, 1200, 1478, 5 και εγω ερω 1816 om  
και ερω . . . 30 μοι 265\*

ταῦτα ποιῶ. Τὸ βάπτισμα Ἰωάννου ἐξ οὐρανοῦ ἦν ἢ ἐξ ἀνθρώπων; 30 ἀποκρίθητέ μοι. Καὶ διελογίζοντο πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς λέγοντες, Ἐὰν 31 εἴπωμεν, Ἐξ οὐρανοῦ, ἐρεῖ, Διατί οὖν οὐκ ἐπιστεῦσατε αὐτῷ; ἀλλ' 32 εἴπωμεν, Ἐξ ἀνθρώπων; ἐφοβούντο τὸν λαόν· ἅπαντες γὰρ εἶχον τὸν Ἰωάννην ὅτι ὄντως προφήτης ἦν. καὶ ἀποκριθέντες λέγουσι τῷ 33 Ἰησοῦ, Οὐκ οἶδαμεν. Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοὺς λέγει αὐτοῖς, Οὐδὲ ἐγὼ λέγω ὑμῖν ἐν ποίᾳ ἐξουσίᾳ ταῦτα ποιῶ.

Καὶ ἤρξατο αὐτοῖς ἐν παραβολαῖς λέγειν, Ἀμπελῶνα ἐφύ- XII Δ 5' ρκη β  
 τευσεν ἄνθρωπος, καὶ περιέθηκε φραγμὸν καὶ ὥρυξεν ὑπολήνιον καὶ  
 ὠκοδόμησε πύργον, καὶ ἐξέδοτο αὐτὸν γεωργοῖς, καὶ ἀπεδήμησε.  
 καὶ ἀπέστειλε πρὸς τοὺς γεωργοὺς δοῦλον τῷ καιρῷ, ἵνα παρὰ τῶν 2  
 γεωργῶν λάβῃ ἀπὸ τοῦ καρποῦ τοῦ ἀμπελῶνος· οἱ δὲ λαβόντες 3  
 αὐτὸν ἔδειραν καὶ ἀπέστειλαν κενόν. καὶ πάλιν ἀπέστειλε πρὸς 4  
 αὐτοὺς ἄλλον δοῦλον· κἀκεῖνον λιθοβολήσαντες ἐκεφαλαίωσαν,  
 καὶ ἀπέστειλαν ἡτιμωμένον. καὶ πάλιν ἄλλον ἀπέστειλε· κἀκεῖ- 5  
 νον ἀπέκτειναν· καὶ πολλοὺς ἄλλους, τοὺς μὲν δέροντες, τοὺς δὲ  
 ἀποκτείνοντες. ἔτι οὖν ἓνα υἱὸν ἔχων ἀγαπητὸν αὐτοῦ, ἀπέστειλε 6  
 καὶ αὐτὸν ἔσχατον πρὸς αὐτοὺς λέγων, Ὅτι ἐντραπήσονται τὸν  
 υἱόν μου. ἐκεῖνοι δὲ οἱ γεωργοὶ εἶπον πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς, Ὅτι οὗτός ἐστιν 7  
 ὁ κληρονόμος· δεῦτε ἀποκτείνωμεν αὐτὸν, καὶ ἡμῶν ἔσται ἡ κληρο-  
 νομία. καὶ λαβόντες αὐτὸν ἀπέκτειναν καὶ ἐξέβαλον αὐτὸν ἔξω τοῦ 8  
 ἀμπελῶνος. τί οὖν ποιήσει ὁ κύριος τοῦ ἀμπελῶνος; ἐλεύσεται 9  
 καὶ ἀπολέσει τοὺς γεωργοὺς, καὶ δώσει τὸν ἀμπελῶνα ἄλλοις. Οὐδὲ 10  
 τὴν γραφὴν ταύτην ἀνέγνωτε; Δίθον δὲν ἀπεδοκίμασαν οἱ οἰκοδο-  
 οῦντες, οὗτος ἐγενήθη εἰς κεφαλὴν γωνίας· παρὰ Κυρίου ἐγένετο 11  
 αὕτη, καὶ ἔστι θαυμαστὴ ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς ἡμῶν. Καὶ ἐξήτουν αὐτὸν 12

ρκη  
α

31 ελογίζοντο 1478, 5 om ουν 1200,  
 1780 32 αλλ] εαν 389; αλλ'εαν 1318, 1546, 5 οτι οντως προφητης ην]  
 προφητην 389 om οντως 1318 33 ο ιησους αποκριθεισ 116, 1546, 5  
 om και αποκριθεισ 389 om ο ιησους 1200, 1318 λεγει αυτοισ ο ιησους  
 389 λεγω εγω 1780 υμιν λεγω 265 1 om πυργον . . . απεδημησε  
 1200 εξεδετο K 2 τω καιρω δουλον 1318, 1780, 5 τω] εν 1200  
 των γεωργων] αυτων 389 4 om παλιν 652 5 om και 1° 389 απεσ-  
 τειλεν αλλον 389 τουσ-τους] ουσ-ους 1546 αποκτεινοντες 5; αποκτεινοντες  
 72, 114, 116, 178, 265, 389, 1079, 1200, 1219, 1313, 1500 6 om εσχατον  
 72, 178, 652 προσ αυτους εσχατον K, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1546, 5  
 om οτι 389 7 ειπον προσ εαυτους] θεασαμενοι αυτον ερχομενον προσ αυτους  
 ειπον 652 (εαντους), 1200, 1318 om προσ εαυτους 1546 αυτους 1313,  
 1780 8 om αυτον 2° K, 72, 114, 116, 1318, 1478, 1816, 5 9 γεωργους  
 + εκεινους 1200, 1318, 1546 10 ανεγνωτε] οιδατε 178 11 ημων] υμων  
 1780

κρατήσαι, καὶ ἐφοβήθησαν τὸν ὄχλον· ἔγνωσαν γὰρ ὅτι πρὸς αὐ-  
τοὺς τὴν παραβολὴν εἶπε· καὶ ἀφέντες αὐτὸν ἀπῆλθον.

Καὶ ἀποστέλλουσι πρὸς αὐτὸν τινὰς τῶν Φαρισαίων καὶ τῶν 13 <sup>ΛΖ'</sup>  
Ἑρωδιανῶν, ἵνα αὐτὸν ἀγρεύσωσι λόγῳ. οἱ δὲ ἐλθόντες λέγουσιν 14 <sup>ρλ</sup>  
αὐτῷ, Διδάσκαλε, οἶδαμεν ὅτι ἀληθὴς εἶ, καὶ οὐ μέλει σοι περὶ  
οὐδενός· οὐ γὰρ βλέπεις εἰς πρόσωπον ἀνθρώπων, ἀλλ' ἐπ' ἀλη-  
θείας τὴν ὁδὸν τοῦ θεοῦ διδάσκεις, ἔξεστι κῆνσον Καίσαρι δοῦναι ἢ  
οὐ; δώμεν, ἢ μὴ δώμεν; Ὁ δὲ εἰδὼς αὐτῶν τὴν ὑπόκρισιν εἶπεν 15  
αὐτοῖς, Τί με πειράζετε; φέρετέ μοι δηνάριον, ἵνα ἴδω. Οἱ δὲ 16  
ἤνεγκαν. Καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Τίνος ἡ εἰκὼν αὕτη καὶ ἡ ἐπιγραφή;  
Οἱ δὲ εἶπον αὐτῷ, Καίσαρος. Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν 17  
αὐτοῖς, Ἀπόδοτε τὰ Καίσαρος Καίσαρι, καὶ τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ τῷ θεῷ.  
Καὶ ἐθαύμασαν ἐπ' αὐτῷ.

Καὶ ἔρχονται Σαδδουκαῖοι πρὸς αὐτὸν, οἵτινες λέγουσιν ἀνά- 18  
στασιν μὴ εἶναι· καὶ ἐπηρώτησαν αὐτὸν λέγοντες, Διδάσκαλε, 19  
Μωυσῆς ἔγραψεν ἡμῖν ὅτι ἐὰν τινος ἀδελφὸς ἀποθάνῃ, καὶ κατα-  
λίπῃ γυναῖκα καὶ τέκνα μὴ ἀφῇ, ἵνα λάβῃ ὁ ἀδελφὸς αὐτοῦ τὴν  
γυναῖκα αὐτοῦ, καὶ ἐξαναστήσῃ σπέρμα τῷ ἀδελφῷ αὐτοῦ. ἐπτὰ 20  
ἀδελφοὶ ἦσαν· καὶ ὁ πρῶτος ἔλαβεν γυναῖκα, καὶ ἀποθνήσκων οὐκ  
ἀφῆκε σπέρμα· καὶ ὁ δεύτερος ἔλαβεν αὐτήν, καὶ ἀπέθανε, καὶ οὐδὲ 21  
αὐτὸς ἀφῆκε σπέρμα· καὶ ὁ τρίτος ὡσαύτως· καὶ ἔλαβον αὐτήν οἱ 22  
ἐπτὰ καὶ οὐκ ἀφῆκαν σπέρμα. ἔσχατον πάντων ἀπέθανε καὶ ἡ  
γυνή. ἐν τῇ οὖν ἀναστάσει, ὅταν ἀναστῶσι, τίνος αὐτῶν ἔσται 23  
γυνή; οἱ γὰρ ἐπτὰ ἔσχον αὐτήν γυναῖκα. Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰη- 24  
σοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Οὐ διὰ τοῦτο πλανᾶσθε, μὴ εἰδότες τὰς γραφὰς  
μηδὲ τὴν δύναμιν τοῦ θεοῦ; ὅταν γὰρ ἐκ νεκρῶν ἀναστῶσιν, οὔτε 25  
γαμοῦσιν οὔτε γαμίσκονται, ἀλλ' εἰσὶν ὡς ἄγγελοι ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς.

12 παραβολὴν + ταυτην 1200 13 om και 2° 178 14 μελλει  
389, 1200 ανθρωπου K, 116 διδασκεις + ειπον ουν ημιν 652  
εξεστιν + ουν 1079 δουναι κηνσον καισαρι 1200; καισαρι δουναι κηνσον 1780  
om δωμεν η μη δωμεν 1346\* 17 και αποκριθεις ο ιησους] ο δε 389 ειπεν]  
λεγει 1478 αποδοτε + ουν 389, 1200, 1318 τω καισαρι 265 om  
και θαυμασαν επ' αυτω 389 18 μη ειναι αναστασιν 389 19 τινος] τις  
1816 om ινα 116 20 επτα + ουν 389 21 αυτος] ουτος 389  
22 και ελαβον . . . γυνη] οι γαρ επτα εσχον αυτην γυναικα 1780 αφηκεν  
389 εσχατη 116, 5; εσχατον] + δε 489; + ουν 1318 23 om ουν 1318  
om οταν αναστωσιν 389 αυτων] των επτα 1478 24 om ου 389  
25 οτε 389 γαμωσιν 389, 652 εκγαμискονται 1200 αγγελου] +  
οι 116, 5; + θεου 1780

περὶ δὲ τῶν νεκρῶν, ὅτι ἐγείρονται, οὐκ ἀνέγνωτε ἐν τῇ βίβλῳ 26  
Μωυσέως ἐπὶ τοῦ βάτου, ὡς εἶπεν αὐτῷ ὁ θεὸς λέγων, Ἐγὼ ὁ θεὸς  
Ἀβραὰμ καὶ ὁ θεὸς Ἰσαὰκ καὶ ὁ θεὸς Ἰακώβ; Οὐκ ἔστιν θεὸς 27  
νεκρῶν, ἀλλὰ ζώντων· ὑμεῖς οὖν πολὺ πλανᾶσθε.

Καὶ προσελθὼν εἰς τῶν γραμματέων, ἀκούσας αὐτῶν συζητούν- 28 <sup>ΔΘ'</sup>  
των, εἰδὼς ὅτι καλῶς αὐτοῖς ἀπεκρίθη, ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν, Ποία <sup>ρλα</sup>  
ἐστὶ πρώτη πάντων ἐντολή; Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀπεκρίθη αὐτῷ, Ὅτι 29  
πρώτη πάντων ἐντολή, Ἄκουε, Ἰσραὴλ, Κύριος ὁ θεὸς ἡμῶν  
Κύριος εἰς ἐστι· καὶ ἀγαπήσεις Κύριον τὸν θεόν σου ἐξ ὅλης τῆς 30  
καρδίας σου καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς διανοίας σου καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ἰσχύος σου.  
αὕτη πρώτη πάντων ἐντολή. καὶ δευτέρα ὁμοία, αὕτη, Ἀγαπήσεις 31  
τὸν πλησίον σου ὡς σεαυτὸν. Μείζων τούτων ἄλλη ἐντολή οὐκ  
ἐστι. Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῷ ὁ γραμματεὺς, Καλῶς, διδάσκαλε, ἐπ' 32 <sup>ρλγ</sup>  
ἀληθείας εἶπας, ὅτι εἰς ἐστι, καὶ οὐκ ἔστιν ἄλλος πλὴν αὐτοῦ· καὶ 33  
τὸ ἀγαπᾶν αὐτὸν ἐξ ὅλης τῆς καρδίας καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς συνέσεως  
καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ψυχῆς καὶ ἐξ ὅλης τῆς ἰσχύος, καὶ τὸ ἀγαπᾶν τὸν  
πλησίον ὡς ἑαυτὸν, πλείον ἐστι πάντων τῶν ὀλοκαυτωμάτων καὶ  
θυσιῶν. Καὶ ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἰδὼν αὐτὸν ὅτι νουνεχῶς ἀπεκρίθη, εἶπεν 34 <sup>ρλγ</sup>  
αὐτῷ, Οὐ μακρὰν εἶ ἀπὸ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ. Καὶ οὐδεὶς <sup>β</sup>  
οὐκέτι ἐτόλμα αὐτὸν ἐπερωτῆσαι.

Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἔλεγε διδάσκων ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ, Πῶς 35 <sup>Μ'</sup>  
λέγουσιν οἱ γραμματεῖς ὅτι ὁ Χριστὸς υἱὸς ἐστὶ Δαβίδ; αὐτὸς γὰρ 36 <sup>ρλδ</sup>  
Δαβίδ εἶπεν ἐν Πνεύματι Ἀγίῳ, Λέγει ὁ Κύριος τῷ κυρίῳ μου,  
Κάθου ἐκ δεξιῶν μου ἕως ἂν θῶ τοὺς ἐχθρούς σου ὑποπόδιον τῶν  
ποδῶν σου. Αὐτὸς οὖν Δαβίδ λέγει αὐτὸν κύριον· καὶ πόθεν υἱὸς 37  
αὐτοῦ ἐστι; Καὶ ὁ πολὺς ὄχλος ἤκουεν αὐτοῦ ἠδέως.

26 της βατου 389, 489, 1219, 1780, 5 om και 1° 178 27 ο  
θεος 116, 1200, 1318, 1546, 5 θεος + θεος 1200 αλλα + θεος 116,  
1318, 1478, 1546, 5 πολυ] om 389; πολλα 652 28 ακουσαι K, 116  
om αυτοις 72, 178, 652, 1313 om εστι 1346\* πασων 72, 5  
29 om οτι 72, 265, 1079 παντων εντολη] πασων των εντολων 5 ημων]  
σου 1200, 1318, 1346 30 καρδια σου + και εξ ολης της ψυχης σου 116,  
1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 om παντων 5 31 om και 389, 1780  
σεαυτον] εαυτον Π, 652, 1200 32 εστι + θεος 116, 1780, 5 33 om και  
2° . . . συνεσεως 389 σεαυτον 1318, 1478 om εστιν 1200, 1780  
om παντων 1780 των θυσιων 116, 1780, 5 34 ο δε ιησους 389  
35 εν τω ιερω διδασκων 72, 178, 652, 1313 om ο ante χριστος 489  
του δαβιδ 116, 1200 36 τω πνευματι τω αγιω 5 λεγει] ειπεν 389,  
1200, 5 37 om αυτοσ . . . κυριον 389 και ποθεν] ποθεν ουν 389  
υιοσ αυτου] υιοσ δαβιδ 389; αυτου υιοσ 1546 om ο 1313, 1780 και ο  
πολυσ οχλος] ο δε οχλος 389

Καὶ ἔλεγεν αὐτοῖς ἐν τῇ διδαχῇ αὐτοῦ, Βλέπετε ἀπὸ τῶν γραμ- 38 <sup>ρλε</sup>  
ματέων τῶν θελόντων ἐν στολαῖς περιπατεῖν, καὶ ἀσπασμοὺς ἐν <sup>β</sup>  
ταῖς ἀγοραῖς καὶ πρωτοκαθεδρίας ἐν ταῖς συναγωγαῖς καὶ πρω- 39  
τοκλισίας ἐν τοῖς δείπνοις· οἱ κατεσθίοντες τὰς οἰκίας τῶν χηρῶν, 40 <sup>ρλς</sup>  
καὶ προφάσει μακρὰ προσευχόμενοι· οὗτοι λήψονται περισσότερον <sup>η</sup>  
κρίμα.

Καὶ καθίσας ὁ Ἰησοῦς κατέναντι τοῦ γαζοφυλακίου ἐθεώρει 41 <sup>ΜΑ'</sup>  
πῶς ὁ ὄχλος βάλλει χαλκὸν εἰς τὸ γαζοφυλάκιον. καὶ πολλοὶ  
πλούσιοι ἔβαλον πολλὰ· καὶ ἔλθουσα μία χήρα πτωχῇ ἔβαλε λεπτὰ 42  
δύο, ὃ ἐστὶ κοδράντης. καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τοὺς μαθητὰς αὐτοῦ 43  
εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι ἡ χήρα αὕτη ἡ πτωχῇ πλείον  
πάντων βέβληκε τῶν βαλλόντων εἰς τὸ γαζοφυλάκιον· πάντες γὰρ 44  
ἐκ τοῦ περισσεύοντος αὐτοῖς ἔβαλον· αὕτη δὲ ἐκ τῆς ὑστερήσεως  
αὐτῆς πάντα ὅσα εἶχεν ἔβαλεν, ὅλον τὸν βίον αὐτῆς.

Καὶ ἐκπορευομένου αὐτοῦ ἐκ τοῦ ἱεροῦ, λέγει αὐτῷ εἰς τῶν XIII <sup>ρλς</sup>  
μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ, Διδάσκαλε, ἴδε ποταποὶ λίθοι καὶ ποταπαὶ οἰκο- <sup>β</sup>  
δομαί. Καὶ ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτῷ, Βλέπεις ταύτας τὰς 2  
μεγάλας οἰκοδομάς; οὐ μὴ ἀφεθῇ λίθος ἐπὶ λίθον, ὃς οὐ μὴ κατα-  
λυθῇ. Καὶ καθημένου αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ ὄρος τῶν Ἑλαιῶν κατέναντι τοῦ 3 <sup>ΜΒ'</sup>  
ἱεροῦ, ἐπηρώτων αὐτὸν κατ' ἰδίαν Πέτρος καὶ Ἰάκωβος καὶ Ἰωάννης <sup>ρλη</sup>  
καὶ Ἀνδρέας, Εἰπὲ ἡμῖν, πότε ταῦτα ἔσται, καὶ τί τὸ σημεῖον ὅταν 4 <sup>β</sup>  
μέλλῃ ταῦτα πάντα συντελεῖσθαι; Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀποκριθεὶς 5  
αὐτοῖς ἤρξατο λέγειν, Βλέπετε μή τις ὑμᾶς πλανήσῃ. πολλοὶ γὰρ 6  
ἐλεύσονται ἐπὶ τῷ ὀνόματί μου, λέγοντες, Ὅτι ἐγὼ εἰμι, καὶ πολ-  
λοὺς πλανήσουσιν. ὅταν δὲ ἀκούσητε πολέμους καὶ ἀκοὰς πολέμων, 7  
μὴ θροεῖσθε· δεῖ γὰρ γενέσθαι· ἀλλ' οὕτω τὸ τέλος. Ἐγερθή- 8  
σεται γὰρ ἔθνος ἐπὶ ἔθνος καὶ βασιλεία ἐπὶ βασιλείαν· καὶ ἔσονται

38 αυτοῖς] αυτοὺς 1780, 1816 om εν τη  
διδαχη αυτου 389 γραμματεων + και 1780 add φιλονων αντε ασπασ-  
μουσ 1200, 1318, 1546 39 και πρωτοκλισιας εν τοις δειπνοις και πρωτοκαθ-  
εδριας εν ταις συναγωγαῖς 116 πρωτοκαθεδριας 1546, 1816 41 βαλλει  
. . . . . πολλὰ] εβαλεν εν αυτω πολλὰ 389 εν τω γαζοφυλακιω 1780 εβαλλον  
K, 72, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1816, 5 42 εβαλλεν K 43 ειπεν] λεγει 5  
βεβληκε] εβαλεν 178 om των βαλλοντων 389 βαλοντων 116, 1318,  
1346, 1816, 5 44 εβαλλον 1780, 1816 εβαλλεν 1816 1 εις + εκ  
1546 αι οικοδομαι 1313 2 ο ιησους αποκριθεις 5 om οικοδομας  
265 λιθον] λιθω K, 116, 1478, 5; λιθου 1200, 1313, 1318, 1546 3 ιερου]  
ορου K επηρωτα 1200 om κατ'ιδιαν 1200 πετρος . . . . ανδρεας]  
οι μαθηται αυτου 389 ιωαννησ και ιακωβος 1200 4 om ταυτα 2° 1780  
παντα ταυτα 1478, 5 συντελεισθαι παντα 1318 5 om αυτοις 389  
λεγειν + αυτοις 1546

σεισμοὶ κατὰ τόπους, καὶ ἔσονται λιμοὶ καὶ ταραχαί· ἀρχὴ ὠδίνων 9  
 ταῦτα. Βλέπετε δὲ ὑμεῖς ἑαυτοὺς· παραδώσουσι γὰρ ὑμᾶς εἰς ρλθ  
 συνέδρια, καὶ εἰς συναγωγὰς δαρήσεσθε, καὶ ἐπὶ ἡγεμόνων δὲ καὶ α  
 βασιλέων σταθήσεσθε ἕνεκεν ἐμοῦ, εἰς μαρτύριον αὐτοῖς· καὶ εἰς 10 ρμ  
 πάντα τὰ ἔθνη δεῖ πρῶτον κηρυχθῆναι τὸ εὐαγγέλιον. ὅταν δὲ 11 ρμα  
 ἄγωσιν ὑμᾶς παραδιδόντες, μὴ προμεριμνᾶτε τί λαλήσητε, μηδὲ β  
 μελετᾶτε· ἀλλ' ὃ ἐὰν δοθῇ ὑμῖν ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ὥρᾳ, τοῦτο λαλεῖτε·  
 οὐ γὰρ ἐστε ὑμεῖς οἱ λαλοῦντες, ἀλλὰ τὸ Πνεῦμα τὸ "Ἅγιον.  
 παραδώσει δὲ ἀδελφὸς ἀδελφὸν εἰς θάνατον, καὶ πατήρ τέκνον· καὶ 12  
 ἐπαναστήσονται τέκνα ἐπὶ γονεῖς καὶ θανατώσουσιν αὐτούς· καὶ 13  
 ἔσεσθε μισούμενοι ὑπὸ πάντων διὰ τὸ ὄνομά μου· ὃ δὲ ὑπομείνας εἰς  
 τέλος, οὗτος σωθήσεται.

"Όταν δὲ ἴδῃτε τὸ βδέλυγμα τῆς ἐρημώσεως, τὸ ῥηθὲν ὑπὸ 14 ρμβ  
 Δανιὴλ τοῦ προφήτου, ἑστὸς ὅπου οὐ δεῖ (ὃ ἀναγινώσκων νοείτω) ς  
 τότε οἱ ἐν τῇ Ἰουδαίᾳ φευγέτωσαν εἰς τὰ ὄρη· ὃ δὲ ἐπὶ τοῦ δώματος 15 ρμγ  
 μὴ καταβάτω εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν, μηδὲ εἰσελθέτω τι ἄραι ἐκ τῆς οἰκίας β  
 αὐτοῦ· καὶ ὃ εἰς τὸν ἀγρὸν ὦν μὴ ἐπιστρεψάτω εἰς τὰ ὀπίσω ἄραι 16  
 τὸ ἱμάτιον αὐτοῦ. οὐαὶ δὲ ταῖς ἐν γαστρὶ ἐχούσαις καὶ ταῖς θηλα- ρμδ  
 ζούσαις ἐν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις. προσεύχεσθε δὲ ἵνα μὴ γένηται ἡ 17  
 φυγὴ ὑμῶν χειμῶνος. ἔσονται γὰρ αἱ ἡμέραι ἐκεῖναι θλιῦσις, οἷα 18  
 οὐ γέγονε τοιαυτὴ ἀπ' ἀρχῆς κτίσεως ἧς ἔκτισεν ὁ θεὸς ἕως τοῦ ρμε  
 νῦν, καὶ οὐ μὴ γένηται. καὶ εἰ μὴ Κύριος ἐκολόβωσε τὰς ἡμέρας, 19 ς  
 οὐκ ἂν ἐσώθη πᾶσα σὰρξ· ἀλλὰ διὰ τοὺς ἐκλεκτοὺς οὓς ἐξελέξατο. ρμς  
 ἐκολόβωσε τὰς ἡμέρας. Καὶ τότε ἐὰν τις ὑμῖν εἴπῃ, Ἰδοὺ ὧδε ὁ 20 ς  
 Χριστὸς, ἢ ἰδοὺ ἐκεῖ, μὴ πιστεύσητε· ἐγερθήσονται γὰρ ψευδοχρι- ρμη  
 στοὶ καὶ ψευδοπροφῆται, καὶ δώσουσι σημεῖα καὶ τέρατα πρὸς τὸ β  
 ἀποπλανᾶν, εἰ δυνατόν, καὶ τοὺς ἐκλεκτοὺς. ὑμεῖς δὲ βλέπετε· ἰδοὺ 21  
 22 ρμθ  
 23 ς

8 om και εσονται 2° 389 9 αρχαι 72, 114, 116, 1200, 1478, 1546, ς  
 om δαρησεσθε 389 om και επι . . . σταθησεσθε 1079 om δε 2° 116,  
 1079, 1500, ς 11 αγαγωνιν 1200, ς μεριμνατε 389, 652, 1200, 1478,  
 1546 υμεισ εστε 389, 1200, 1318 14 υπο] δια 1200 οπου ου δει]  
 εν τοπω αγιω 1478 15 αραι τι 116, 389, 489, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, ς  
 om αυτου 1200\* 16 om εισ τα 1780, 1816\* 18 χειμωρος + η εν  
 σαββατω 1200, 1318, 1546 19 om γαρ 1546 om τοιαυτη 389, 1200,  
 1318 om ησ εκτισεν ο θεος 265, 389 και ου μη] ουδ'ου μη 389  
 20 κυριος εκολοβωσε τας ημερας] εκολοβωθησαν αι ημεραι 389 ημερας 1° +  
 εκεινας 1780 21 om και 1° 389 υμιν] ημιν 1478 om η 1780  
 εκει + ο χριστος 1780 23 om υμεισ δε λεπετε 389 απαντα] om 389;  
 παντα 114, 116, 1200, 1816, ς

προείρηκα ὑμῖν ἅπαντα. Ἄλλ' ἐν ἐκείναις ταῖς ἡμέραις μετὰ τὴν 24 <sup>ρν</sup>  
 θλίψιν ἐκείνην ὁ ἥλιος σκοτισθῆσεται, καὶ ἡ σελήνη οὐ δώσει τὸ <sup>β</sup>  
 φέγγος αὐτῆς, καὶ οἱ ἀστέρες ἔσονται ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ πίπτοντες 25 <sup>ρν</sup>  
 καὶ αἱ δυνάμεις αἱ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς σαλευθήσονται. καὶ τότε ὅψο- 26 <sup>β</sup>  
 νται τὸν υἱὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐρχόμενον ἐν νεφέλαις μετὰ δυνάμεως  
 καὶ δόξης πολλῆς. καὶ τότε ἀποστελεῖ τοὺς ἀγγέλους αὐτοῦ, καὶ 27  
 ἐπισυνάξει τοὺς ἐκλεκτοὺς αὐτοῦ ἐκ τῶν τεσσάρων ἀνέμων, ἀπ'  
 ἄκρου τῆς γῆς ἕως ἄκρου τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.

Ἀπὸ δὲ τῆς συκῆς μάθετε τὴν παραβολὴν· ὅταν ἦδη ὁ κλάδος 28  
 αὐτῆς γένηται ἀπαλὸς καὶ ἐκφυῇ τὰ φύλλα, γινώσκετε ὅτι ἐγγὺς τὸ  
 θέρος· οὕτως καὶ ὑμεῖς, ὅταν ἴδητε ταῦτα γινόμενα, γινώσκετε ὅτι 29  
 ἐγγὺς ἐστὶν ἐπὶ θύραις. Ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐ μὴ παρέλθῃ ἡ 30  
 γενεὰ αὕτη μέχρις οὗ πάντα ταῦτα γένηται. ὁ οὐρανὸς καὶ ἡ γῆ 31  
 παρελεύσονται, οἱ δὲ λόγοι μου οὐ μὴ παρέλθωσι.

Περὶ δὲ τῆς ἡμέρας ἐκείνης ἢ τῆς ὥρας οὐδεὶς οἶδεν, οὐδὲ οἱ 32 <sup>ΜΓ'</sup>  
 ἄγγελοι οἱ ἐν οὐρανῷ, οὐδὲ ὁ υἱὸς, εἰ μὴ ὁ πατήρ. <sup>ρνβ</sup>  
<sup>ς</sup>

Βλέπετε, ἀγρυπνεῖτε καὶ προσεύχεσθε· οὐκ οἴδατε γὰρ πότε 33 <sup>ρνγ</sup>  
 ὁ καιρὸς ἐστίν. ὥς ἄνθρωπος ἀπόδημος ἀφείλς τὴν οἰκίαν αὐτοῦ, 34 <sup>ς</sup>  
 καὶ δούς τοῖς δούλοις αὐτοῦ τὴν ἐξουσίαν, καὶ ἐκάστω τὸ ἔργον αὐτοῦ,  
 καὶ τῷ θυρωρῷ ἐνετείλατο ἵνα γρηγορή· γρηγορεῖτε οὖν· οὐκ 35 <sup>ρνδ</sup>  
 οἴδατε γὰρ πότε ὁ κύριος τῆς οἰκίας ἔρχεται, ὅψέ, ἢ μεσονυκτίου, ἢ <sup>β</sup>  
 ἀλεκτοροφωνίας, ἢ πρωῒ· μὴ ἐλθὼν ἐξαίφνης εὕρῃ ὑμᾶς καθεύδοντας. 36 <sup>ρνε</sup>  
 ὁ δὲ ὑμῖν λέγω, πᾶσι λέγω, Γρηγορεῖτε. 37 <sup>β</sup>

Ἦν δὲ τὸ πάσχα καὶ τὰ ἄζυμα μετὰ δύο ἡμέρας· καὶ ἐξήτουν XIV <sup>ρνς</sup>  
 οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς πῶς αὐτὸν ἐν δόλῳ κρατήσαντες <sup>α</sup>  
<sup>ρνζ</sup>

24 <sup>εκείνην</sup>] των ημερων εκείνων 178, 1200,  
 1318, 1546 <sup>om αυτης</sup> 1200 25 <sup>του ουρανου εσονται εκπιπτοντες</sup> K,  
 116, <sup>ς</sup> <sup>πεσουνται εκ του ουρανου</sup> 389 <sup>om εσονται</sup> 178 <sup>om αι 2°</sup>  
 1780 <sup>αι εν τοις ουρανοισ</sup>] των ουρανων K, 389 26 <sup>δυναμειω πολλησ</sup> και  
 δοξης K, 116, <sup>ς</sup> 27 <sup>om της</sup> K, <sup>ς</sup> <sup>ακρου 2°</sup> ακρων 1200 <sup>om του</sup>  
 K, 116, 1200, 1318, <sup>ς</sup> 28 <sup>om ηδη</sup> 1478 <sup>αυτης ηδη ο κλαδος</sup> K, 116,  
 1546, <sup>ς</sup>; <sup>ηδη αυτης ο κλαδος</sup> 1318 <sup>απαλος γενηται</sup> K, 116, 1200, 1318,  
 1478, 1546, <sup>ς</sup> <sup>τα φυλλα εκφυη</sup> 389 <sup>θερουσ</sup>] τελος K <sup>ad fin add</sup>  
<sup>εστιν</sup> K, 116, 489, <sup>ς</sup> 29 <sup>ταυτα ιδητε</sup> K, 116, <sup>ς</sup> 30 <sup>om οτι</sup> 1780  
<sup>μεχρις ου</sup>] <sup>εωσ αν</sup> 389 <sup>ταυτα παντα</sup> 1780 <sup>om ταυτα</sup> 389 31 <sup>παρ-</sup>  
<sup>ελευσεται</sup> 652 32 <sup>η</sup>] και 389, 1780, 1816, <sup>ς</sup> <sup>om της 2°</sup> 1318, 1780,  
 1816 <sup>οι εν ουρανω</sup>] του θεου 389, 1780; <sup>εν ουρανω</sup> 1546 <sup>τω ουρανω</sup> 72  
 ουρανοισ 116 <sup>om ουδε 2°</sup> . . . πατηρ 389 34 <sup>om την 2°</sup> 1780  
 36 <sup>εξελθων</sup> 652, 1780 37 <sup>ο</sup>] α 72, 116, 389, 652, 1478, 1780, <sup>ς</sup>  
 λεγω υμιν 1816 1 <sup>πωσ</sup>] το πωσ 1200

ἀποκτείνωσιν· ἔλεγον δέ, Μὴ ἐν τῇ ἑορτῇ, μήποτε θόρυβος ἔσται 2 <sup>5</sup> <sup>ΜΔ'</sup>  
τοῦ λαοῦ. Καὶ ὄντος αὐτοῦ ἐν Βηθανίᾳ ἐν τῇ οἰκίᾳ Σίμωνος τοῦ 3 <sup>ρνη</sup>  
λεπροῦ, κατακειμένου αὐτοῦ ἦλθε γυνὴ ἔχουσα ἀλάβαστρον μύρου  
νάρδου πιστικῆς πολυτελοῦς· καὶ συντρίψασα τὸν ἀλάβαστρον  
κατέχεεν αὐτοῦ κατὰ τῆς κεφαλῆς. ἦσαν δέ τινες ἀγανακτοῦντες 4  
πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς καὶ λέγοντες, Εἰς τί ἡ ἀπώλεια αὕτη τοῦ μύρου γέ-  
γονεν; ἐδύνατο γὰρ τοῦτο τὸ μύρον πραθῆναι ἐπάνω τριακοσίων 5  
δηναρίων· καὶ δοθῆναι τοῖς πτωχοῖς· καὶ ἐνεβριμῶντο αὐτῇ. Ὁ δέ 6  
Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν, "Ἀφετε αὐτήν· τί αὐτῇ κόπους παρέχετε; καλὸν  
ἔργον· εἰργάσατο ἐν ἐμοί. πάντοτε γὰρ τοὺς πτωχοὺς ἔχετε μεθ' 7  
ἑαυτῶν, καὶ ὅταν θέλητε δύνασθε αὐτοὺς εὖ ποιῆσαι· ἐμὲ δὲ οὐ  
πάντοτε ἔχετε. ὃ ἔσχεν αὕτη, ἐποίησε· προέλαβε μυρίσαι μου τὸ 8 <sup>ρνη</sup>  
σῶμα εἰς τὸν ἐνταφιασμόν. ἀμὴν δὲ λέγω ὑμῖν, ὅπου ἂν κηρυχθῇ 9 <sup>δ</sup>  
τὸ εὐαγγέλιον τοῦτο εἰς ὅλον τὸν κόσμον, καὶ ὃ ἐποίησεν αὕτη λαλη-  
θῆσεται εἰς μνημόσυνον αὐτῆς. Καὶ Ἰούδας ὁ Ἰσκαριώτης, εἰς τῶν 10 <sup>ρξ</sup>  
δώδεκα, ἀπῆλθε πρὸς τοὺς ἀρχιερεῖς, ἵνα παραδῷ αὐτὸν αὐτοῖς· οἱ 11 <sup>β</sup>  
δὲ ἀκούσαντες ἐχάρησαν, καὶ ἐπηγγείλαντο αὐτῷ ἀργύρια δοῦναι·  
καὶ ἐξήτει πῶς εὐκαίρως αὐτὸν παραδῶ.

Καὶ τῇ πρώτῃ ἡμέρᾳ τῶν ἀζύμων, ὅτε τὸ πάσχα ἔθουν, λέγουσιν 12 <sup>ΜΕ'</sup>  
αὐτῷ οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ, Ποῦ θέλεις ἀπελθόντες ἐτοιμάσωμεν ἵνα  
φάγῃς τὸ πάσχα; Καὶ ἀποστέλλει δύο τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ καὶ 13  
λέγει αὐτοῖς, Ὑπάγετε εἰς τὴν πόλιν· καὶ ἀπαντήσῃ ὑμῖν ἄνθρω-  
πος κεράμιον ὕδατος βαστάζων· ἀκολουθήσατε αὐτῷ, καὶ ὅπου 14  
ἂν εἰσέλθῃ εἵπατε τῷ οἰκοδεσπότῃ, "Οτι ὁ διδάσκαλος λέγει, Ποῦ  
ἔστι τὸ κατάλυμα ὅπου τὸ πάσχα μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν μου φάγω;  
καὶ αὐτὸς ὑμῖν δείξει ἀνάγαιον μέγα ἐστρωμένον ἑτοιμον· ἐκεῖ 15  
ἐτοιμάσατε ἡμῖν. Καὶ ἐξῆλθον οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ καὶ ἦλθον εἰς τὴν 16  
πόλιν, καὶ εὑρον καθὼς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, καὶ ἡτοίμασαν τὸ πάσχα.

αποκτείνουσιν 72 2 τω λαω  
1780 3 om τη 389, 652, 1200, 1318, 1780 ανακειμενου 389 τον]  
το 116, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1346, 1546, 5 κατα της κεφαλῆς] τη κεφαλῇ 389  
5 om το μυρον 5 επανω τριακοσιων δηναριων πραθηναι 72 om τοις 178,  
389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546 6 εν εμοι] εισ εμε 5 7 εαυτους K  
8 εσχεν] ειχεν 72, 116, 5 9 om δε 114, 116, 1500, 1816, 5 εαν K,  
116, 1200, 1313, 1780 αυτη + εισ ολον τον κοσμον 265 10 ο ιουδας K,  
116, 5 11 αργυριον 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 5 12 om ημερα  
1546 om των αζυμων . . . εθουν 1500 13 om και λεγει αυτοις 1313  
14 om οπου αν εισελθῃ 389 εαν K, 72, 116, 1313, 1478, 5 τω οικοδε-  
σποτη ειπατε 389 om οτι 389, 1546 15 υποδειξει 1200 ημιν] υμιν  
1200 16 ηλθον] απηλθον 652

Καὶ ὁψίας γενομένης ἔρχεται μετὰ τῶν δώδεκα· καὶ ἀνακειμέ- 17  
νων αὐτῶν καὶ ἐσθιόντων εἶπεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Ἀμὴν λέγω ὑμῖν ὅτι εἰς 18 M<sup>5</sup>  
ρξα  
δ  
ἐξ ὑμῶν παραδώσει με, ὁ ἐσθίων μετ' ἐμοῦ. Οἱ δὲ ἤρξαντο λυπεῖ- 19 ρξβ  
α  
σθαι, καὶ λέγειν εἰς καθ' εἰς, Μὴ τι ἐγώ; Καὶ ἄλλος, Μὴ τι ἐγώ;  
'Ο δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Εἰς ἐκ τῶν δώδεκα, ὁ ἐμβαπτόμενος 20 ρξγ  
β  
μετ' ἐμοῦ εἰς τὸ τρυβλίον. ὁ μὲν υἱὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ὑπάγει, καθὼς 21  
γέγραπται περὶ αὐτοῦ· οὐαὶ δὲ τῷ ἀνθρώπῳ ἐκείνῳ δι' οὗ ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ  
ἀνθρώπου παραδίδοται· καλὸν ἦν αὐτῷ, εἰ οὐκ ἐγεννήθη ὁ ἄνθρωπος  
ἐκεῖνος. ρξδ  
ς

Καὶ ἐσθιόντων αὐτῶν, λαβὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἄρτον, εὐλογήσας 22 ρξε  
α  
ἔκλασε καὶ ἔδωκεν αὐτοῖς, καὶ εἶπε, Λάβετε· τοῦτό ἐστι τὸ σῶμά  
μου. Καὶ λαβὼν τὸ ποτήριον, εὐχαριστήσας ἔδωκεν αὐτοῖς· καὶ 23 ρξς  
β  
ἔπιον ἐξ αὐτοῦ πάντες· καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τοῦτό ἐστι τὸ αἷμά μου 24  
τὸ τῆς καινῆς διαθήκης, τὸ περὶ πολλῶν ἐκχυννόμενον. ἀμὴν λέγω 25  
ὑμῖν ὅτι οὐκέτι οὐ μὴ πῖω ἐκ τοῦ γενήματος τῆς ἀμπέλου, ἕως τῆς  
ἡμέρας ἐκείνης ὅταν αὐτὸ πίνω καινὸν ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ τοῦ θεοῦ.

Καὶ ὑμνήσαντες ἐξῆλθον εἰς τὸ ὄρος τῶν Ἑλαιῶν. καὶ λέγει 26 ρξζ  
ς  
αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς, Ὅτι πάντες σκανδαλισθήσεσθε ἐν ἐμοὶ ἐν τῇ νυκτὶ 27 ρξη  
δ  
ταύτῃ· ὅτι γέγραπται, Πατάξω τὸν ποιμένα, καὶ διασκορπισθή-  
σεται τὰ πρόβατα τῆς ποιμνῆς. Ἀλλὰ μετὰ τὸ ἐγερθῆναί με 28 ρξθ  
ς  
προάξω ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν Γαλιλαίαν. Ὁ δὲ Πέτρος ἔφη αὐτῷ, Καὶ εἰ 29 ρο  
α  
πάντες σκανδαλισθήσονται, ἀλλ' οὐκ ἐγώ. Καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ ὁ 30  
Ἰησοῦς Ἀμὴν λέγω σοι, ὅτι σὺ σήμερον ἐν τῇ νυκτὶ ταύτῃ, πρὶν  
ἢ δις ἀλέκτορα φωνῆσαι, τρίς ἀπαρνήσῃ με. Ὁ δὲ ἐκ περισσοῦ 31 ροα  
ς  
ἔλεγε, Μᾶλλον ἐάν με δέῃ συναποθανεῖν σοι, οὐ μὴ σε ἀπαρνήσο-  
μαι· ὥσαύτως δὲ καὶ πάντες ἔλεγον.

Καὶ ἔρχονται εἰς χωρίον οὗ τὸ ὄνομα Γεθσημανί· καὶ λέγει 32 ροβ  
α

18 εἶπεν + αυτοῖς 1200, 1478

ιησουσ] κυριοσ 1780 om ο ιησουσ 1478 om εἰς 1200 19 λεγειν  
+ αυτω 489, 1200, 1313, 1318, 1478, 1546, ς om και αλλος μη τι  
εγω 1816 20 εμβαπσασ 1346 τρυβλιον + αυτοσ με παραδωσει  
1200, 1318, 1546 21 μεν + ουν 116 22 om ο ιησουσ 489 τον  
αρτον 1313 και ευλ. 116, 1780 λαβετε + φαγετε 72, 116, 1200, 1313, 1318,  
1478, 1546, ς 23 om το 1200, 1546 24 om το 2° 1318 25 αμην  
+ δε 1318, 1478 πινω] πιω 1780 27 σι γεγραπται] γεγραπται γαρ  
1816 διασκορπισθησονται K, 116, 1200 om της ποιμνης 1200, 1318,  
1478, 1546, ς 30 om και 1° 389 om συ 116, ς σημερον συ 1079  
om πιν 1200\* 31 δε + πετροσ 116, 652 δεη με 1200 συναποθανειν  
σσι δεη με 1318 om ωσαντωσ . . . ελεγον 265 οι παντες 1200  
32 γεσιμανη 1478, 1546

τοῖς μαθηταῖς αὐτοῦ, Καθίσατε ὧδε ἕως προσεύξωμαι. Καὶ παρα- 33  
 λαμβάνει τὸν Πέτρον καὶ τὸν Ἰάκωβον καὶ τὸν Ἰωάννην μεθ' ἑαυ- 34  
 τοῦ· καὶ ἤρξατο ἐκθαμβεῖσθαι καὶ ἀδημονεῖν· καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, 34  
 Περίλυπός ἐστιν ἡ ψυχὴ μου ἕως θανάτου· μέννατε ὧδε καὶ γρη- 35  
 γορεῖτε. Καὶ προσελθὼν μικρὸν ἔπεσεν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς, καὶ προσηύ- 35  
 χετο ἵνα, εἰ δυνατόν ἐστι, παρέλθῃ ἀπ' αὐτοῦ ἡ ὥρα· καὶ ἔλεγεν, 36  
 Ἀββᾶ ὁ πατήρ, πάντα δυνατὰ σοί· παρένεγκε ἀπ' ἐμοῦ τὸ ποτή- 37  
 ριον τοῦτο· ἀλλ' οὐ τί ἐγὼ θέλω, ἀλλὰ τί σύ. Καὶ ἔρχεται καὶ 37  
 εὗρίσκει αὐτοὺς καθεύδοντας, καὶ λέγει τῷ Πέτρῳ, Σίμων, καθεύ- 38  
 δεις; οὐκ ἴσχυσας μίαν ὥραν γρηγορῆσαι; γρηγορεῖτε καὶ προσεύ- 38  
 χεσθε ἵνα μὴ εἰσέλθῃτε εἰς πειρασμόν· τὸ μὲν πνεῦμα πρόθυμον, ἡ 39  
 δὲ σὰρξ ἀσθενής. Καὶ πάλιν ἀπελθὼν προσηύξατο τὸν αὐτὸν λόγον 39  
 εἰπὼν· καὶ ὑποστρέψας εὗρεν αὐτοὺς πάλιν καθεύδοντας· ἦσαν 40  
 γὰρ οἱ ὀφθαλμοὶ αὐτῶν καταβαρυνόμενοι, καὶ οὐκ ᾔδεισαν τί αὐτῷ 40  
 ἀποκριθῶσι.

Καὶ ἔρχεται τὸ τρίτον, καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς, Καθεύδετε τὸ λοιπὸν 41  
 καὶ ἀναπαύεσθε. ἀπέχει, ἦλθεν ἡ ὥρα· ἰδοὺ παραδίδοται ὁ υἱὸς 41  
 τοῦ ἀνθρώπου εἰς χεῖρας τῶν ἀμαρτωλῶν. ἐγείρεσθε, ἄγωμεν· ἰδοὺ 42  
 ὁ παραδιδούς με ἤγγικε.

Καὶ εὐθέως ἔτι αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος παραγίνεται Ἰούδας ὁ Ἰσκα- 43  
 ριώτης, εἰς τῶν δώδεκα, καὶ μετ' αὐτοῦ ὄχλος πολλὸς μετὰ μαχαι- 43  
 ρῶν καὶ ξύλων, παρὰ τῶν ἀρχιερέων καὶ γραμματέων καὶ τῶν 44  
 πρεσβυτέρων. δεδώκει δὲ ὁ παραδιδούς αὐτὸν σύσσημον αὐτοῖς, 44  
 λέγων, Ὅν ἂν φιλήσω, αὐτός ἐστι· κρατήσατε αὐτὸν καὶ ἀπαγά- 45  
 γετε ἀσφαλῶς. Καὶ ἐλθὼν, εὐθέως προσελθὼν αὐτῷ λέγει, 45  
 Ῥαββί, ραββί, καὶ κατεφίλησεν αὐτόν. Οἱ δὲ ἐπέβαλον τὰς χεῖρας 46  
 αὐτῶν ἐπ' αὐτόν καὶ ἐκράτησαν αὐτόν.

Εἰς δέ τις τῶν παρεστηκότων σπασάμενος τὴν μάχαιραν ἔπαισε 47  
 αὐτόν.

εωσ + αν απελθων 116, 1780 33 παραλαβον  
 1546 om τον 2° 389 om τον 3° 389, 1478, 5 35 προσελθων 72,  
 114, 116, 652, 1318, 1478\*, 1500, 1780 36 το ποτηριον απ'εμου 5  
 40 om παλιν 265, 1816\* καταβαρυνόμενοι] βεβαρημενοι 116, 1478, 5  
 ανταποκριθωσι 1318, 1478, 1546 41 om το 2° 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478  
 τας χειρας 72, 5 om των 1780 43 om ετι 72, 1318 om ο ισκαρι-  
 ωτης 5 εισ + ων 72, 114, 178, 5 παρα] απο 1780 των γραμματεων  
 114, 116, 5 om των 3°. 1200 πρεσβυτερων + του λαου 1780  
 44 εδεδωκει 389 om και απαγαγετε ασφαλωσ 389 αγαγετε 1200, 1318,  
 1546 45 om ελθων ευθεωσ 389 λεγει αυτω 389, 1200, 1478, 1546  
 om ραββι 2° 1500\* 46 επεβαλλον 1816 επ'αυτον τας χειρας αυτων  
 116, 5 αυτων επ'αυτον] αυτω 652 47 om την 389

τὸν δοῦλον τοῦ ἀρχιερέως καὶ ἀφείλεν αὐτοῦ τὸ ὠτίον. Καὶ ἀπο- 48 ρπδ  
κριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Ὡς ἐπὶ ληστὴν ἐξήλθετε μετὰ α  
μαχαιρῶν καὶ ξύλων συλλαβεῖν με; καθ' ἡμέραν ἡμην πρὸς ὑμᾶς 49  
ἐν τῷ ἱερῷ διδάσκων, καὶ οὐκ ἐκρατήσατέ με· ἀλλ' ἵνα πληρωθῶσιν ρπε  
αἱ γραφαί. Καὶ ἀφέντες αὐτὸν πάντες ἔφυγον. Καὶ εἰς τις νεανί- 50 ρπ  
σκος ἠκολούθησεν αὐτῷ περιβεβλημένος σινδόνα ἐπὶ γυμνοῦ. καὶ 51 ρπ  
κρατοῦσιν αὐτὸν οἱ νεανίσκοι· ὁ δὲ καταλιπὼν τὴν σινδόνα γυμνὸς 52 ρπ  
ἔφυγεν ἀπ' αὐτῶν.

Καὶ ἀπήγαγον τὸν Ἰησοῦν πρὸς τὸν ἀρχιερέα Καϊάφαν· καὶ 53 ρπζ  
συνέρχονται αὐτῷ πάντες οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ γραμματεῖς καὶ οἱ ρπη  
πρεσβύτεροι. Καὶ ὁ Πέτρος ἀπὸ μακρόθεν ἠκολούθησεν αὐτῷ ἕως 54 δ  
ἔσω εἰς τὴν αὐλὴν τοῦ ἀρχιερέως· καὶ ἦν συγκαθήμενος μετὰ τῶν ρπθ  
ὑπηρετῶν καὶ θερμαινόμενος πρὸς τὸ φῶς. Οἱ δὲ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ ὅλον 55 β  
τὸ συνέδριον ἐζήτουν κατὰ τοῦ Ἰησοῦ μαρτυρίαν εἰς τὸ θανατώσαι  
αὐτόν· καὶ οὐχ εὗρισκον· πολλοὶ γὰρ ἐψευδομαρτύρουν κατ' αὐτοῦ, 56 ρη  
καὶ ἴσαι αἱ μαρτυρίαι οὐκ ἦσαν. καὶ τινες ἀναστάντες ἐψευδομαρ- 57 ρ  
τύρουν κατ' αὐτοῦ λέγοντες, "Ὅτι ἡμεῖς ἠκούσαμεν αὐτοῦ λέγοντος, 58  
"Ὅτι ἐγὼ καταλύσω τὸν ναὸν τοῦτον τὸν χειροποίητον, καὶ διὰ τριῶν  
ἡμερῶν ἄλλον ἀχειροποιήτον οἰκοδομήσω. Καὶ οὐδὲ οὕτως ἴση ἦν 59  
ἡ μαρτυρία αὐτῶν. Καὶ ἀναστὰς ὁ ἀρχιερεὺς εἰς μέσον ἐπηρώτησε 60  
τὸν Ἰησοῦν λέγων, Οὐκ ἀποκρίνη οὐδέν; τί οὗτοί σου καταμαρτυ-  
ροῦσιν; Ὁ δὲ ἐσιώπα καὶ οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίνατο. Πάλιν ὁ ἀρχιερεὺς 61  
ἐπηρώτα αὐτὸν καὶ λέγει αὐτῷ Σὺ εἶ ὁ Χριστὸς ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ τοῦ  
εὐλογητοῦ; Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν, Ἐγὼ εἰμι· καὶ ὅψεσθε τὸν υἱὸν 62 ρη  
τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐκ δεξιῶν καθήμενον τῆς δυνάμεως καὶ ἐρχόμενον μετὰ ριβ  
τῶν νεφελῶν τοῦ οὐρανοῦ. Ὁ δὲ ἀρχιερεὺς διαρρήξας τοὺς χιτῶνας 63 ρ  
αὐτοῦ λέγει, Τί ἔτι χρεῖαν ἔχομεν μαρτύρων; ἠκούσατε τῆς βλα- 64 ριβ  
σφημίας· τί ὑμῖν φαίνεται; Οἱ δὲ πάντες κατέκριναν αὐτὸν εἶναι β

48 ἐξηλθατε

1500 49 διδασκων εν τω ιερω 178 γραφαι + των προφητων 116  
50 και 1°] τοτε 652 αυτον + οι μαθηται 652 51 om τις 72  
ηκολουθει ρ om επι γυμνου Κ\* 53 om τον αρχιερεα 389 καιαφαν]  
om 1200, 1313, ρ; καιαφα 178, 389 και οι πρεσβυτεροι και οι γραμματεις  
116, ρ 54 ηκολουθει 1200 αυτω] αυτον 1780 folio continente  
55 μαρτυριαν . . . 65 οι υπηρεται caret 1500 56 ψευδομαρτυρον 489  
58 om οτι ημεις 116 καταλυω Π\* om ημερων 114 αχειροποιητον]  
ου χειροποιητον 389 60 το μεσον ρ επηρωτα 1200 61 om του θεου  
116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 1816, ρ 62 καθήμενον εκ δεξιων ρ  
μετα] επι 1546 63 διερρηξε—λεγων 178 τους χιτωνας] τα ιματια 178;  
τον χιτωνα 265 64 οι δε + παλιν 1780 εκριναν 1780 ειναι αυτον 178

ἐνοχον θανάτου. Καὶ ἤρξαντό τινες ἐμπτύειν αὐτῷ, καὶ περικαλύ- 65 ρ<sup>4</sup>δ  
α  
πτειν τὸ πρόσωπον αὐτοῦ καὶ κολαφίζειν αὐτὸν καὶ λέγειν αὐτῷ  
Προφῆτευσον· καὶ οἱ ὑπηρέται ραπίσμασιν αὐτὸν ἔλαβον.

Καὶ ὄντος τοῦ Πέτρου ἐν τῇ αὐλῇ κάτω, ἔρχεται μία τῶν 66 MZ'  
ρ<sup>4</sup>ε  
α  
παιδισκῶν τοῦ ἀρχιερέως, καὶ ἰδοῦσα τὸν Πέτρον θερμαινόμενον 67  
ἐμβλέψασα αὐτῷ λέγει, Καὶ σὺ μετὰ τοῦ Ναζαρηνοῦ Ἰησοῦ ἦσθα.  
Ὁ δὲ ἡρνήσατο αὐτὸν λέγων, Οὐκ οἶδα, οὐδὲ ἐπίσταμαι τί σὺ 68 ρ<sup>4</sup>ς  
α  
λέγεις. Καὶ ἐξῆλθεν ἔξω εἰς τὸ προαύλιον· καὶ ἀλέκτωρ ἐφώνησε.  
Καὶ ἡ παιδίσκη ἰδοῦσα αὐτὸν πάλιν ἤρξατο λέγειν τοῖς παρεστῶ- 69  
σιν, "Οτι οὗτος ἐξ αὐτῶν ἐστιν. Ὁ δὲ πάλιν ἡρνεῖτο. Καὶ μετὰ 70  
μικρὸν πάλιν οἱ παρεστῶτες ἔλεγον τῷ Πέτρῳ, Ἀληθῶς ἐξ αὐτῶν  
εἶ· καὶ γὰρ Γαλιλαῖος εἶ, καὶ ἡ λαλιά σου ὁμοιάζει. Ὁ δὲ ἤρξατο 71  
ἀναθεματίζειν καὶ ὀμνύειν, "Οτι οὐκ οἶδα τὸν ἄνθρωπον τοῦτον ὃν  
λέγετε· καὶ ἐκ δευτέρου ἀλέκτωρ ἐφώνησε. καὶ ἀνεμνήσθη ὁ Πέτρος 72 ρ<sup>4</sup>ζ  
β  
τὸ ῥῆμα ὡς εἶπεν αὐτῷ ὁ Ἰησοῦς, "Οτι πρὶν ἀλέκτορα φωνῆσαι δις,  
ἀπαρνήσῃ με τρίς. καὶ ἐπιβαλὼν ἔκλαιε.

Καὶ εὐθέως ἐπὶ τὸ πρῶτ' συμβούλιον ποιήσαντες οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς XV ρ<sup>4</sup>η  
β  
μετὰ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων καὶ γραμματέων, καὶ ὅλον τὸ συνέδριον, ρ<sup>4</sup>θ  
α  
δήσαντες τὸν Ἰησοῦν ἀπήνεγκαν καὶ παρέδωκαν τῷ Πιλάτῳ. καὶ 2  
ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν ὁ Πιλάτος, Σὺ εἶ ὁ βασιλεὺς τῶν Ἰουδαίων;  
Ὁ δὲ ἀποκριθεὶς εἶπεν αὐτῷ, Σὺ λέγεις. Καὶ κατηγοροῦν αὐτοῦ οἱ 3 σ  
α  
ἀρχιερεῖς πολλὰ· ὁ δὲ Πιλάτος πάλιν ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν λέγων, 4 α  
σα  
δ  
Οὐκ ἀποκρίνη οὐδέν; Ἴδε πόσα σου καταμαρτυροῦσιν· Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς 5  
οὐκέτι οὐδὲν ἀπεκρίθη, ὥστε θαυμάζειν τὸν Πιλάτον.

Κατὰ δὲ ἑορτὴν ἀπέλυνεν αὐτοῖς ἓνα δέσμιον, ὃν περ ᾔτοῦντο. 6 σβ  
β  
ἦν δὲ ὁ λεγόμενος Βαραββᾶς μετὰ τῶν συστασιαστῶν δεδεμένος, 7 σγ  
δ  
οἵτινες ἐν τῇ στάσει φόνον πεποιήκεισαν. καὶ ἀναβοήσας ὁ ὄχλος 8

65 αυτω 1<sup>ο</sup> αυτον 1219 om προφητευσον 1313 εβαλλον 116  
489, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1780, 1816, ς; εβαλον 72, 114, 389, 1200, 1313,  
1546 67 εμβλεψασ K λεγει + αυτω 1318 68 om αυτον K, 116,  
1200, 1318, 1546, ς ουτε 116, 1318, 1478 om συ 1200 69 παρ-  
εστηκοσιν 72, ς ηρνησατο 116, 1318 70 και η λαλια σου ομοιαζει και  
γαρ γαλιλαιος ει 116 71 καταθεματιζειν 1546 om τουτον K, 389  
72 εμνησθη 1200, 1318 του ρηματος ου ς ωσ] ο K, 116, 1318  
om με 1816 1 τω] αυτω 1346 2 om αυτον 1780 3 πολλα +  
αυτος δε ουδεν απεκρινατο 652, 1780 4 om παλιν 1780 επηρωτησεν  
αυτον παλιν 1346 om ουκ αποκρινη ουδεν 1079 5 om ο δε . . . απεκριθη  
1816 om ουκετι 389 7 στασιαστων K, 178 πεποιηκασιν Π;  
ποιηκεισαν 1200\*

ἤρξατο αἰτεῖσθαι, καθὼς αἰεὶ ἐποίει αὐτοῖς. ὁ δὲ Πιλάτος ἀπεκρίθη 9  
αὐτοῖς λέγων, Θέλετε ἀπολύσω ὑμῖν τὸν βασιλέα τῶν Ἰουδαίων;  
Ἐπεγίνωσκε γάρ ὅτι διὰ φθόνον παραδεδώκεισαν αὐτὸν οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς. 10  
οἱ δὲ ἀρχιερεῖς ἀνέσεισαν τὸν ὄχλον, ἵνα μᾶλλον τὸν Βαραββᾶν 11 <sup>σδ</sup>  
ἀπολύσῃ αὐτοῖς. ὁ δὲ Πιλάτος ἀποκριθεὶς πάλιν εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Τί 12 <sup>α</sup>  
οὖν θέλετε ποιήσω ὃν λέγετε βασιλέα τῶν Ἰουδαίων; Οἱ δὲ πάλιν 13 <sup>σε</sup>  
ἔκραξαν λέγοντες Σταύρωσον αὐτόν. Ὁ δὲ Πιλάτος ἔλεγεν 14 <sup>α</sup>  
αὐτοῖς, Τί γὰρ κακὸν ἐποίησεν; Οἱ δὲ περισσῶς ἔκραζον, Σταύρω-  
σον αὐτόν. Ὁ δὲ Πιλάτος βουλόμενος τῷ ὄχλῳ τὸ ἱκανὸν ποιῆ- 15 <sup>σδ</sup>  
σαι ἀπέλυσεν αὐτοῖς τὸν Βαραββᾶν, καὶ παρέδωκε τὸν Ἰησοῦν, <sup>α</sup>  
φραγελλώσας, ἵνα σταυρωθῇ.

Οἱ δὲ στρατιῶται ἀπήγαγον αὐτὸν ἔσω τῆς αὐλῆς, ὃ ἐστὶ 16 <sup>σδ</sup>  
πραιτώριον, καὶ συγκαλοῦσιν ὅλην τὴν σπείραν, καὶ ἐνδύουσιν 17 <sup>δ</sup>  
αὐτὸν πορφύραν καὶ περιτιθέασιν αὐτῷ πλέξαντες ἀκάνθινον στέ-  
φανον, καὶ ἤρξαντο ἀσπάζεσθαι αὐτόν, Χαῖρε, ὁ βασιλεὺς τῶν 18  
Ἰουδαίων, καὶ ἔτυπτον αὐτοῦ τὴν κεφαλὴν καλάμῳ, καὶ ἐνέπτυνον 19  
αὐτῷ καὶ τιθέντες τὰ γόνατα προσεκύνουν αὐτῷ. Καὶ ὅτε ἐνέπαι- 20 <sup>ση</sup>  
ξαν αὐτῷ, ἐξέδυσαν αὐτόν τὴν πορφύραν καὶ ἐνέδυσαν αὐτόν τὰ <sup>ς</sup>  
ἱμάτια τὰ ἴδια· καὶ ἐξάγουσιν αὐτόν ἵνα σταυρώσωσιν αὐτόν· καὶ 21 <sup>σδ</sup>  
ἀγγαρεύουσι παράγοντά τινα Σίμωνα Κυρηναῖον, ἐρχόμενον ἀπ' <sup>α</sup>  
ἀγροῦ, τὸν πατέρα Ἀλεξάνδρου καὶ Ῥούφου, ἵνα ἄρῃ τὸν σταυ-  
ρὸν αὐτοῦ.

Καὶ φέρουσιν αὐτόν ἐπὶ Γολγοθᾶ τόπον, ὃ ἐστὶ μεθερμηνευό- 22 <sup>σι</sup>  
μενον Κρανίου τόπος. Καὶ ἐδίδουν αὐτῷ πιεῖν ἐσμυρνισμένον 23 <sup>α</sup>  
οἶνον· ὁ δὲ οὐκ ἔλαβε. Καὶ σταυρώσαντες αὐτόν διαμερίζονται 24 <sup>σια</sup>  
τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτοῦ, βάλλοντες κλῆρον ἐπ' αὐτὰ, τίς τί ἄρῃ. ἦν δὲ 25 <sup>δ</sup>  
<sup>σιβ</sup>  
<sup>α</sup>

8 ἤρξαντο 1780 9 λέγων + τινα 1780 10 ἐγίνωσκε  
72, 114, 116, ς παρεδεδώκεισαν 489, 1313 1478, 1780; παρεδεδώκεισεν 72  
om οι αρχιερεως 389, 1200 11 ανεπεισαν 652, 1200, 1346\*, 1500, 1816  
12 αποκριθεις παλιν] om 389; παλιν αποκριθεις 489, 1219, 1780 pro  
verss. 12-13 iterum v 9 praestat 1200 13 εκραζον 72 om  
λεγοντες 1546 14 περισσοτερως ς εκραξαν ς 16 αυλησ] + του  
καιαφα 265; + του αρχιερεως 1200 om ο εστι πραιτωριον 1200 συγκαλ-  
ουσιν] hic desinit 1500 17 αυτω] αυτον 1780 στεφανον + εξ ακανθων  
1346\* 18 αυτον + και λεγειν 1200, 1318, 1546 ο βασιλευσ] βασιλευ  
72, ς 19 om και τιθεντες . . . αυτω 1816 20 αυτω] αυτον 652  
om την πορφυραν και ενεδυσαν αυτον 1546 ινα σταυρωσωσιν αυτον] ωστε  
σταυρωσαι 72 σταυρωσουσιν 178, 1780 22 τον γολγοθα 116 γολγο-  
θαν K, 72, 178, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546 πειν] ποιειν 116 24 διεμερ-  
ιζον 1478, ς; διεμεριζοντο 72 25 ωρα τριτη 72, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, ς

τρίτη ὥρα καὶ ἐσταύρωσαν αὐτόν. Καὶ ἦν ἡ ἐπιγραφὴ τῆς αἰτίας 26  
 αὐτοῦ ἐπιγεγραμμένη, Ὁ βασιλεὺς τῶν Ἰουδαίων. Καὶ σὺν αὐτῷ 27  
 σταυροῦσι δύο ληστὰς, ἓνα ἐκ δεξιῶν καὶ ἓνα ἐξ εὐωνύμων αὐτοῦ·  
 καὶ ἐπληρώθη ἡ γραφὴ ἡ λέγουσα, Καὶ μετὰ ἀνόμων ἐλογίσθη. 28  
 Καὶ οἱ παραπορευόμενοι ἐβλασφήμουν αὐτὸν κινδύντες τὰς κεφαλὰς 29  
 αὐτῶν καὶ λέγοντες, Οὐὰ ὁ καταλύων τὸν ναὸν καὶ ἐν τρισὶν  
 ἡμέραις οἰκοδομῶν, σῶσον σεαυτὸν καὶ κατὰβα ἀπὸ τοῦ σταυροῦ. 30  
 Ὁμοίως καὶ οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς ἐμπαίζοντες πρὸς ἀλλήλους μετὰ τῶν 31  
 γραμματέων ἔλεγον, Ἄλλους ἔσωσεν, ἑαυτὸν οὐ δύναται σῶσαι.  
 ὁ Χριστὸς ὁ βασιλεὺς Ἰσραὴλ καταβάτω νῦν ἀπὸ τοῦ σταυροῦ, ἵνα 32  
 ἴδωμεν καὶ πιστεῦσωμεν. Καὶ οἱ συνεσταυρωμένοι αὐτῷ ὠνείδιζον  
 αὐτόν. Γενομένης δὲ ὥρας ἑκτῆς σκότος ἐγένετο ἐφ' ὅλην τὴν γῆν 33  
 ἕως ὥρας ἐνάτης· καὶ τῇ ὥρᾳ τῇ ἐνάτῃ ἐβόησεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς φωνῇ 34  
 μεγάλῃ, λέγων, Ἐλωῖ Ἐλωῖ, λιμὰ σαβαχθανί; ὃ ἐστὶ μεθερ-  
 μηνεύμενον, Ὁ θεὸς ὁ θεός μου, εἰς τί με ἐγκατέλιπες; Καὶ τινες 35  
 τῶν παρεστηκότων ἀκούσαντες ἔλεγον, Ὅτι ἰδοὺ Ἥλιον φωνεῖ.  
 Δραμὼν δὲ εἰς, καὶ γεμίσας σπὸγγον ὄξους περιθεῖς τε καλάμῳ, 36  
 ἐπότιζεν αὐτόν, λέγων, Ἀφετε ἴδωμεν εἰ ἔρχεται Ἥλιος καθελεῖν  
 αὐτόν.

Ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἀφείδς φωνὴν μεγάλην ἐξέπνευσε. Καὶ τὸ καταπέ- 37, 38  
 τασμα τοῦ ναοῦ ἐσχίσθη εἰς δύο ἀπὸ ἄνωθεν ἕως κάτω. Ἰδὼν δὲ ὁ 39  
 κεντυριῶν ὁ παρεστηκὼς ἐξ ἐναντίας αὐτοῦ ὅτι οὕτως κράξας  
 ἐξέπνευσεν, εἶπεν, Ἀληθῶς ὁ ἄνθρωπος οὗτος υἱὸς ἦν θεοῦ. Ἦσαν 40  
 δὲ καὶ γυναῖκες ἀπὸ μακρόθεν θεωροῦσαι, ἐν αἷς ἦν καὶ Μαρία ἡ  
 Μαγδαληνὴ καὶ Μαρία ἡ Ἰακώβου τοῦ μικροῦ καὶ Ἰωσὴ μῆτηρ καὶ  
 Σαλώμη, αἱ καὶ ὅτε ἦν ἐν τῇ Γαλιλαίᾳ ἠκολούθουν αὐτῷ καὶ διη- 41  
 κόνουν αὐτῷ καὶ ἄλλαι πολλαὶ αἱ συναναβᾶσαι αὐτῷ εἰς Ἱεροσό-  
 λυμα.

Καὶ ἦδη ὀψίας γενομένης, ἐπεὶ ἦν παρασκευὴ, ὃ ἐστὶ προσάβ- 42

26 γεγραμμένη 652, 1200      27 om αυτου 1200, 1318      29 om ουα 1200  
 30 καταβηθι 652, 1318      31 ομοιωσ + δε 1200, 5      32 του ισραηλ 116,  
 178, 1318, 5      om οι 1079\*      αυτου] αυτω 389      34 ανεβοσησεν 1200  
 λαμμα 5; λειμα 1318; λεμα 72      θεος 1° + μου 178, 389, 5      35 om  
 οτι 116, 5      om ιδου 72      36 και δραμων 72 και περιθεισ (om τε) 1318  
 39 om εξ εναντιας αυτου 72      ουτωσ] ουτοσ K      του θεου 178      θεον ην 489  
 40 om και 2° 1318, 1546, 1780, 1816 om η 2° 265, 489, 1200, 1219,  
 1318, 1346, 1780, 1816      του ιακωβου 116, 489, 5      41 om ηκολουθουν  
 αυτω και 1200      ηκολουθησαν 1318      om και διηκονουν αυτω 1478, 1780  
 om αυτω 1° 389      42 παρασκευη ην 116, 389      προσ σαββατον K, 1780

σιγ  
 ι  
 σιδ  
 α  
 σιε  
 α  
 σις  
 η  
 σις  
 5  
 σιη  
 β  
 σιδ  
 β  
 σκ  
 β  
 σκα  
 5

σκβ  
 β

σκγ  
 α  
 σκδ  
 β  
 σκε  
 β  
 σκς  
 5

MH'  
 σκς

βατον, ἐλθὼν Ἰωσήφ ὁ ἀπὸ Ἀριμαθαίας, εὐσχήμων βουλευτῆς, ὃς 43 α  
 καὶ αὐτὸς ἦν προσδεχόμενος τὴν βασιλείαν τοῦ θεοῦ· τολμήσας  
 εἰσηλθε πρὸς Πιλάτον, καὶ ᾔτήσατο τὸ σῶμα τοῦ Ἰησοῦ. ὁ δὲ 44  
 Πιλάτος ἐθαύμασεν εἰ ἤδη τέθνηκε· καὶ προσκαλεσάμενος τὸν  
 κεντυρίωνα ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτὸν εἰ πάλοι ἀπέθανε· καὶ γνοὺς ἀπὸ 45  
 τοῦ κεντυρίωνος ἐδωρήσατο τὸ σῶμα τῷ Ἰωσήφ. καὶ ἀγοράσας 46 σκη  
α  
 σινδόνα καὶ καθελὼν αὐτὸν ἐνείλησε τῇ σινδόνι, καὶ κατέθηκεν αὐτὸν  
 ἐν μνημείῳ ὃ ἦν λελατομημένον ἐκ πέτρας· καὶ προσεκύλισε λίθον  
 ἐπὶ τὴν θύραν τοῦ μνημείου. ἡ δὲ Μαρία ἡ Μαγδαληνὴ καὶ Μαρία 47  
 Ἰωσὴ ἐθεώρουν ποῦ τέθειται.  
 Καὶ διαγενομένου τοῦ σαββάτου Μαρία ἡ Μαγδαληνὴ καὶ XVI  
 Μαρία ἡ τοῦ Ἰακώβου καὶ Σαλῶμῃ ἡγόρασαν ἀρώματα, ἵνα ἐλθο-  
 ῦσαι ἀλείψωσιν αὐτόν. καὶ λίαν πρωῒ τῆς μιᾶς σαββάτων 2  
 ἔρχονται ἐπὶ τὸ μνημεῖον, ἔτι ἀνατείλαντος τοῦ ἡλίου. καὶ ἔλεγον 3  
 πρὸς ἑαυτάς, Τίς ἀποκυλίσει ἡμῖν τὸν λίθον ἐκ τῆς θύρας τοῦ μνη-  
 μείου; Καὶ ἀναβλέψασαι θεωροῦσιν ὅτι ἀποκεκύλισται ὁ λίθος· ἦν 4  
 γὰρ μέγας σφόδρα. καὶ εἰσελθοῦσαι εἰς τὸ μνημεῖον εἶδον νεανί- 5  
 σκον καθήμενον ἐν τοῖς δεξιοῖς περιβεβλημένον στολὴν λευκὴν, καὶ  
 ἐξεθαμβήθησαν. ὁ δὲ λέγει αὐταῖς, Μὴ ἐκθαμβεῖσθε. Ἰησοῦν ζητ- 6  
 εῖτε τὸν Ναζαρηνὸν τὸν ἐσταυρωμένον· ἡγέρθη, οὐκ ἔστιν ὧδε· ἴδε  
 ὁ τόπος ὅπου ἔθηκαν αὐτόν. ἀλλ' ὑπάγετε, εἶπατε τοῖς μαθηταῖς 7  
 αὐτοῦ καὶ τῷ Πέτρῳ, ὅτι προάγει ὑμᾶς εἰς τὴν Γαλιλαίαν· ἐκεῖ  
 αὐτὸν ὄψεσθε, καθὼς εἶπεν ὑμῖν. Καὶ ἐξελθοῦσαι ἔφυγον ἀπὸ τοῦ 8  
 μνημείου· εἶχε δὲ αὐτὰς τρόμος καὶ ἔκστασις· καὶ οὐδενὶ οὐδὲν εἶπον,  
 φόβοντο γάρ.

Ἀναστὰς δὲ πρωῒ πρώτη σαββάτων ἐφάνη πρῶτον Μαρίᾳ τῇ 9  
 Μαγδαληνῇ, ἀφ' ἧς ἐκβεβλήκει, ἐπτὰ δαιμόνια. ἐκείνη ἀπελθοῦσα 10  
 ἀπήγγειλε τοῖς μετ' αὐτοῦ γενομένοις, πενθοῦσι καὶ κλαίουσι. καὶ 11 σλδ  
ι

43 ἐλθων] ἦλθεν 1780, 1816, 5 om  
 του 2° 1346 44 ἐπηρωτα 1780 45 απο] παρα 72 om τω 1346\*  
 46 ἐνείλησεν + ἐν 72 κατέθηκαν K om και 4° 1478 47 ἡ ἰωση  
 72, 389 1 om του 1° 1318 μαριαμ 2° 72 om η του 116, 1200,  
 1318, 1346, 1546, 1780 om του 2° 72 αυτον] τον ιησουν K\*, 114\*,  
 1200 2 των σαββατων K, 116 om ετι 114, 116, 265, 389, 489, 1200,  
 1318, 1546, 1780, 1816, 5 3 εκ] απο 265, 1200 6 ἐγερθη 265  
 7 εἶπεν] εἶπον 72 om ὑμιν 389 8 ἐξελθοῦσαι + ταχυ 5 απο] εκ  
 265 9 του σαββατου 116, 1780, 5 10 ἀπελθοῦσα] πορευθεῖσα 72, 116,  
 1200, 1313, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780, 5 πενθοῦσι + τε 1318

κεῖνοι ἀκούσαντες ὅτι ζῇ καὶ ἐθεάθη ὑπ' αὐτῆς ἠπίστησαν. Μετὰ 12 σλ ε  
 δὲ ταῦτα δυσὶν ἐξ αὐτῶν περιπατοῦσιν ἐφανερῶθη ἐν ἑτέρᾳ μορφῇ, η  
 πορευομένοις εἰς ἀγρόν. καὶ κεῖνοι ἀπελθόντες ἀπήγγειλαν τοῖς 13 σλ ς  
 λοιποῖς· οὐδὲ ἐκείνοις ἐπίστευσαν. Ὑστερον ἀνακειμένοις αὐτοῖς 14  
 τοῖς ἑνδεκα ἐφανερῶθη, καὶ ὠνείδισε τὴν ἀπιστίαν αὐτῶν καὶ σκλη-  
 ροκαρδίαν, ὅτι τοῖς θεασαμένοις αὐτὸν ἐγγηγεμένον οὐκ ἐπίστευσαν.  
 Καὶ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς, Πορευθέντες εἰς τὸν κόσμον ἅπαντα κηρύξατε 15  
 τὸ εὐαγγέλιον πάσῃ τῇ κτίσει. ὁ πιστεύσας καὶ βαπτισθεὶς σωθή- 16  
 σεται· ὁ δὲ ἀπιστήσας κατακριθήσεται. σημεῖα δὲ τοῖς πιστεύ- 17  
 σασι ταῦτα παρακολουθήσει· ἐν τῷ ὀνόματί μου δαιμόνια ἐκβαλ-  
 οῦσι, γλώσσαις λαλήσουσι καιναῖς, ὅφεις ἄρουσι, κἄν θανάσιμόν τι 18  
 πῶσιν, οὐ μὴ αὐτοὺς βλάψῃ· ἐπὶ ἄρρώστους χεῖρας ἐπιθήσουσι,  
 καὶ καλῶς ἔξουσιν.

Ὁ μὲν οὖν Κύριος Ἰησοῦς μετὰ τὸ λαλῆσαι αὐτοῖς ἀνελήφθη 19  
 εἰς τὸν οὐρανὸν καὶ ἐκάθισεν ἐκ δεξιῶν τοῦ θεοῦ· ἐκεῖνοι δὲ ἐξελθόν- 20  
 τες ἐκήρυξαν πανταχοῦ, τοῦ Κυρίου συνεργοῦντος καὶ τὸν λόγον  
 βεβαιοῦντος διὰ τῶν ἐπακολουθούντων σημείων. Ἀμήν.

12 om δε

1478 om περιπατοουσιν 72 14 υστερον + δε 72, 489, 1318 εγγηγεμενον  
 + εκ νεκρων 72, 1546 17 ταυτα] τοιαυτα 72 εκβαλλουσιν 489  
 18 καλωσ] hic desinit Π 19 om ιησους 72, 116, 389, 652, 1200, 1318,  
 1546, 1780, ς εκ δεξιων] εν δεξια 1200, 1318, 1478 20 om και τον  
 λογον βεβαιουντος 1346\* om αμην 1079

## **APPENDICES**



I. Unique readings of Family Π

ii.4	αὐτῶν προσεγγίσαι
x3	θὰ τῶν σπῳριμῶν ἐν τοῖς σαββασι
iii.10	ἐθεράπευεν
19	τὸν οἶκον
25	στήναι
xiv.10	ἀποστείλῃ αὐτὸν
ii.22	ὁ ἐὰν θέλῃς ποστ δῶσω σοι
27	ὁ βασιλεὺς ἀποστείλῃ
"	αὐτὸν τὴν κεφαλὴν
30	καὶ σοὰ ἐδώξαν καὶ σοὰ σπῳσαι
iii.5	ὅταν τὸν ἀντὶ ἄφρον
x.52	λέγει
ii.2	ἀλλ. οὕτως ἀντὶ αὐδαί
iii.28	σμ.· ἐστὶ
xiv.19	σμ. αὐτῶ
xxv.35	ἐλεγον + ὅτι
40	σμ. τοῦ 1 <sup>ου</sup>
xvi.10	ἀπελθούσα

AΦ 565, 1071 kl sek

42	η λερα απ' αυτου	A 565, 1011 AL x46
43	εξεβηλον αυτον ευθεωσ	A
iii.1	αυτον θεραπευσει	700
10	απτωσται	λλθ
12	ποιωσιν	DLW Fam. 13
12	οι. γινωσι	A
12	αφεβησται	A 565 Or
κ.11	βακμενη προς τω ορει	AM 506
12	οι. παρεισ	M let og fresh
37	ακολουθησει	A 346
37.2	ινα κελ	D
14	αμεστω	A 28

2. x indicates agreement with the Family. "—disagreement. When a ms. is defective the space is left blank. (x) or (-) indicate that a reading is similar to that of the Family or the T. R. Since three tables were compiled in 1930 they have only very partially been checked with S. C. Egg's Novum Testamentum Graecum, Oxford, 1935.

K	(A)	x x - x x x (x) x x x x x x x x x x
72		x x - x x - x x - x x x x x x x x x x
114		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
116		- - - x - - - - - x - x - - -
178		x x x x - x x x x x x x x x x x x
225		x x - x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
309		x x x x x x x x (x) x x x x x x x x x x
489		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x - x x
652		x x - x x - x x x x x x x x x x x x
1079		x x - x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
1200		x - - - x x x x - x x - x x -
1219		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
1315		- x x x x - - - - x x x - x x -
1318		- - - - - - - - - - x - x - -
1346		x x - x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
1478		x x x x x x x x x x x - x - x x -
1576		x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
1770		- - - x x x x x - x x x x x x x x
1816		x x x - x x x x x (x) x x x x x x x x x x

x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 | | x x | | x x x x x x  
 x | x | | x | | x x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 x x x | | x x x x x x  
 x x x | x x x x x | x  
 | | | | | | | | |  
 | | x x x | x x x x x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 x | x | | | x x x x x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 x x x x x x x x | | x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 x x 3 x x x x x x x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 | x | x x 8 x x x |  
 | | | | | | | | |  
 x x x x x x x x x | x x  
 | | x | x x x x | x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x  
 x x x x x x x x x x x x



III. Fam II variants supported by A and other Mas.

i. i. 10 σ  
12 εν θεω  
14 σμ. ο  
16 αμφιβαλλοντας  
17 εαυτου  
37 σε θουσει  
39 εις τω συναγωγας  
45 παντοθεν  
ii. i. εισηλθεν παλιν  
8 αυται αντα διαλογ.  
9 τον κραββατον σου  
14 λει  
17 σμ. εις μετανοαν  
18 φαρισαιοι  
20 εν εκεινη τη ημερα  
21 σμ. και ι' του αυτου το πληρωμα  
iii. 5 σμ υησος ωσ η αλλη  
7 ηκολουθησεν  
11 προσεπιπτον  
13 εκραζον  
12 φανερον αυτον  
20 μηδε  
27 ουδεις δυναται  
31 αδαλφαι + αυτου  
32 περι αυτον οχλος  
34 ιδου  
iv. 4 σμ. του ουρανου  
9 σμ. αυτοισ  
18 σμ. αυτοι εισιν 2'.  
22 σμ. ο  
33 εδυνάτο  
36 πλοια  
v. 3 πλημ-ασει  
8 εδυνάτο  
4 ισχυεν αυτον  
5 εν τοις μηρμ και εν τοις ορεσ  
6 σμ. απο  
7 ανεγει  
9 νομα  
- απεκριθη λεγων λεγει αυτω

[illegible]

17 προδραμων εισιδου τισ πλου-  
σιου προδραμων

21	σπ. τοιο	αθ fam. 13, 28, 565, 700 gong
24	σπ. τοιο 2°	ABNMXTAY ad 80
25	σπ. τησ 1°	A at omnes praeter D fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
25	σπ. τησ 2°	AK unc <sup>2</sup> DWΘ fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
31	σπ. οι	AKLWADWΘ fam. 1, 28, 565, 700
35	σπ. οι	AKLWADWΘ fam. 1, 28, 565, 700 ad 40
40	σπ. μου 2°	AKBCLMYADWΘ fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
43	υμων δελεανου	A at omnes praeter B fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
44	αησαν	ACLWYΓ fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
51	ραββουρι	A at omnes praeter min. basic
xi. 4	σπ. τον	A at omnes praeter min. basic
8	εν τη οδυ 1°	AMNY 28, 700
"	" " 2°	AMNY 565, 700
13	τι ευρησει	AKBCLNULW fam. 1, 28
14	σπ. ο ιησου	AKBCLMNAD fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
15	τουσ αγοραζοντασ	AKBCLMNUL
17	αυτον επουσατε	AMG fam. 1, 565, 700
18	α αρχερ. και οι γραμ.	AKBCLADWΘ fam. 1, 28, 565, 700
"	απολεσωντο	AKB unc <sup>2</sup> DWΘ fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
19	εξεπορευοντο	AKBMDW fam. 1, 28, 565, 700
22	αποκριθεισ + ο	AY at omnes praeter min. basic
32	σπ. εαν	AKBCLMDXCY fam. 1
33	αποκριθεισ ο ιησουσ	AMYD fam. 1, fam. 13
xii. 8	εξεβαλον + αυτον	AKBCNMTD 565
26	του βατου	AKB unc <sup>2</sup> fam. 1, fam. 13, 28 al. fba
27	σπ. θεου 2°	AKB unc <sup>2</sup> D fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
28	παντων	AEFHVSXCY ad 100
29	παντων εντολη	AMULY 33
32	σπ. θεου	AKBLMSUXCY fam. 1 ad 100
33	σπ. των αυτε θυσιων	ABXCY unc <sup>2</sup> DWΘ 28, 700 al. fba
36	σπ. τω 1° 2°	AMYATW fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 700 al
"	ειπεν λεγει	AECHMSVYD ad 100
43	λεγει επεν	AKBLUAD 565, 700
"	βαλλοντων	AKBLXVAD unc <sup>2</sup> fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
xiii. 2	αποκριθεισ ο ιησουσ	AD fam. 1, fam. 13, 28
4	ταυτα παντα	AGHMYTLL fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 700
11	αγωνων	AKED unc <sup>2</sup> fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
26	και δεξιοσ πολλησ	AMD fam. 13, 28, 700 al.
28	τησ ο κλαδουσ αυτησ	AKBCLD 565, 700
29	ιδητε ταυτα	AKBCLUO fam. 1, fam. 13, 565

32 καὶ ἡ

xiv. 3 τοῦτον

5 τούτο + το μύρον

6 εἰς ἐλθὲν ἐκεί

8 εἰς ἐλθὲν ἐκεί

10 οὐκ ἔστι

11 ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ

14 αὐ

22 οὐκ φάσκει

30 οὐ σὺ σήμερον

33 τὸν ἰστανήν

40 καταβαρυνόμενοι

41 οὐκ. τὰς

43 ἰουδαῖοι + οἱ ἰσκαριώται

" οὐκ. οὐκ

" οὐκ. τῶν αὐτῶν γραμμάτων

51 ἡκολούθησεν

55 ἐπιρέα + καλαφάν

" οἱ γραφ. καὶ οἱ πρεσ.

60 οὐκ. το

65 ἐλαβον

72 το πημα οὐκ (ωσ, ο)

κx13 ἐκράσαν + λένοντες

14 περισσῶς

" ἐκράσαν

18 ο. παρ' αὐτοῦ

24 διακρίνονται

31 οὐκ. δε. ι'

34 ἄλλα

" οὐκ. μου ι'

43 ἐλθὼν

xiv. 8 οὐκ. ταχὺ

Aet omnes fenestrae. XDFS Cas

A " " CM fami. fam 13cl

ABCLUΔΘ al 35

AXB unc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. fam 13, 28, 55

AYBCLMYD 555, 700 al mu. 55

AYBunc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. 28, 700 Or. Eno

ALYΓ al 50 Eno kl 55-70

ABDΔW 565, 700 al famc

AXBCLMYDOW fami. 565, 700

AB unc<sup>1</sup> fami. fam 13, 28 W al 55

ABW fami. 13 al mu.

ABNLΔW fami. fam 13 al 30

AFNUW 700 al 50

AMLYB 700 al 50

AXBCLNWO fami. 13, 700 al 50

ACMNAW fami. fam 13, 700 Or

Aunc<sup>1</sup> fami. 13, 28 al 120

AMYNW fami. fam 13, 565, 700 kl

AD 565, 700 al Or

AYet omnes fenestrae MDΘ fami.

AXBCLNSULVYΓ al 55-700

AXBCLYΔΘ 565

ADMY 565, 700 al

AXBCL unc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. fam 13, 565, 700

ADGMP fami. fam 13

Aunc<sup>1</sup> fami. 13, 28 al 100

AXB unc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. 1, 28, 565

AXB unc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. fam 13, 28, 565

ANPLKΓ 700 al 120

Aunc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. fam 13, 700 al 100

AXBCLMYΔW fami. fam 13 al 100

AXB unc<sup>1</sup> 70 fami. fam 13, 28, 565

700 al 140

700 al 140

IV. Fam II variants not in A but supported elsewhere

i. 2 καθ' ὅσον

" οὐκ. ἐμπροσθεν σου

9 ναφαρεθ

18 οὐκ. ἐν τῇ ἐρημῳ

16 αὐτοῦ + τοῦ σιμωνίου

XBLΔ 33 Θ fami. 1, 565, 700 Or

XBLPD ΘW 700 Or

DMYΘW fami. fam 13 EFHUV

fami. fam 13, 28, 565, 700 al 100

EFHSUV al 120

2204 Γ. 30





# VI. Readings found in more than one Family here and with other support.

i. 5	ΕΞΗΠΟΡΕΥΟΝΤΟ	114, 1200, 1780, 1816*
6	Ο ΙΩΑΝΝΗΣ	K, 116, 389, 1478, 1816*
9	Ο ΙΗΣΟΥΣ	1200, 1318
13	ΟΙ ΣΜ.	178, 1318, 1500
14	ΤΟΝ ΣΜ.	116, 489, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546
15	ΚΑΙ ΙΟ ΣΜ.	78, 178, 1313
16	ΕΙΣ ΤΗΝ ΘΑΛΑΣΣΑΝ	178, 389, 1318
17	ΣΜ. ΓΕΝΕΣΘΑΙ	389, 1318, 1780
33	ΤΗ ΘΥΡΑ	1200, 1780
35	ΑΠΕΛΘΕΝ + Ο ΙΗΣΟΥΣ	265, 1500 <sup>2</sup> , 1780
36	ΚΑΤΕΔΙΩΞΕΝ	1200, 1478, 1546, 1780
38	ΕΛΗΛΥΘΑ	116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1780
44	ΣΜ. ΜΗΔΕΝ	114, 489
ii. 10	ΑΜΑΡΤΙΑΣ ΕΠΙ ΤΗΣ ΥΓΗΣ	116, 389, 1200, 1478, 1546
"	ΕΠΙ ΤΗΣ ΥΓΗΣ ΑΦΙΕΝΑΙ	77, 489, 1780
20	ΥΠΟΤΕΛΟΥΣΙΝ	K, 116, 1318, 1478, 1546, 178
iii. 11	ΕΘΕΩΡΗ	389, 1780
15	ΑΠΟΟΤΕΛΛΕΙ	389, 1200
17	ΤΟΥ ΙΑΚΩΒΟΥ ΑΥΤΟΥ	389, 1780
"	ΣΜ. ΤΟΥ ΟΥΤΕ ΙΑΚΩΒΟΥ	K, 116, 1200, 1546
20	Ο ΟΥΛΟΣ	489, 1219, 1780
32	ΣΟΥ <sup>20</sup> + ΚΑΙ ΑΙ ΑΔΕΛΦΑΙ ΣΟΥ	116, 1318
iv. 1	ΗΡΞΑΤΟ ΠΑΛΙΝ	1200, 1546
3	ΣΜ. ΑΚΟΥΕΤΕ	1200, 1478, 1546
7	ΑΠΕΠΝΙΞΑΝ	1780, 1478
21	ΕΠΙΤΕΘΗ ΤΕΘΗ	116, 1200, 1318, 1546
24	ΑΝΤΙΜΕΤΡΙΘΗΝΕΤΑΙ	116, 1318
27	ΕΥΕΙΡΕΤΑΙ	178, 265, 489, 1200, 1313, 1780
"	ΒΛΑΣΤΑΝΕΙ	389, 1200
30	ΘΜΟΙΩΣΩ	K, 389, 1200
"	ΘΜΟΙΩΣΟΜΕΝ	116, 652, 1478, 1780
31	ΚΟΚΚΟΝ	K, 116, 178, 389, 1200, 1318, 1546
32	ΟΠΑΡΗΓΑΥΣΗΘΗ	1318, 1780
37	ΚΑΤΕΠΛΑΝΤΙΣΘΕΘΑΙ	1200, 1478, 1546
38	ΕΠΙ ΙΘΗΕΝ	116, 652
v. 1	ΥΕΡΓΕΣΗΝΩΝ	116, 652
2	ΥΠΗΝΤΗΣΕΝ	652, 1200
4	ΙΟΧΥΣΕΝ ΑΥΤΟΝ	652, 1200
7	ΣΜ. ΙΗΣΟΥ	652, 1780, 1816
10	ΠΑΡΕΚΑΛΟΥΝ	116, 652

XDLPTYΓΘ fam. 1	fam. 13, 565, 700
EFHLSPYΓ	al. 50
DMΓΔ	
AM 33	
AEGHGSUVΓΘ	al. 50 Eue
AEGHGSUVΓD	al. 30
fam. 13, 28, 565	typ. sin
fam. 1	fam. 13, 28, 700 georg. 2 fresh
U	al. 10
C3 FGV	al. 30
XBMMU	28 al
ΔW	fam. 13, 28, 565
AXLΔWD	fam. 13, 565, 700
B	al. 10
XCDHLMΔ	al. 60
DFUL	fam. 1
CMY	
FH	
Θ 28, 565	al
Θ 28,	al
CSΔ	fam. 1, fam. 13
X <sup>2</sup> ABDDΔ	
ADEFHMSUVΓ	fam. 13 al. 100
DW 565	Or
al	10
33	al. 10
XBCLA	al. 60
al	10
KEFGHLM	al. 10
EFH	al. 10
28	fam. 13 al. 10
C	fam. 1 al. 40
ACLM	unc. 9 al. 10
al	10
al	10
XABCLAD	al. 15
LUΔO	fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
XBCGLΔDO	fam. 1, fam. 13, 28, 565, 700
Y	fam. 1 al. 30
fam. 1,	33 al
AD	fam. 1, 28, 565

10	αποστείλα αὐτοῦ	116, 178	AM Rec arm. Dam
13	σπ. εὐθεωσ	178, 389	Dam. aeth
14	σπ. τι εὐτιν	389, 1780	H al <sup>s</sup>
15	σπ. και ἀντὲ ματιομ.	652, 1318	XBLAD al <sup>18</sup>
16	διηγήσαντο δε	Π <sup>2</sup> , 116, 1318, 1346 <sup>2</sup>	DEFHUV al <sup>100</sup>
26	σπ. παρ	652, 1200, 1546	DWΘ fam <sup>1</sup> , 565, 700
28	εαυτῆς αὐτῆς	116, 1318	ALM <sup>4</sup> unc <sup>8</sup> al <sup>100</sup>
36	σπ. εὐθεωσ	389, 652	XBLAD fam <sup>1</sup> , 28, 565 al pauc
37	ἐκωβου αὐτοῦ	489, 652	Δ fam <sup>1</sup> al
vi. 2	ακουσάντες	Π, 1318	Δ FLAD al
4	σπ. σπ	1318, 1546, 1816	SA fam <sup>13</sup> , 565 al
8	συγγενεῖς	489, 652, 1780	BEFGHLUVΔ fam <sup>1</sup> fam <sup>13</sup> al me
7	προσκαλεσάμενος (σπ και)	116, 389, 652, 1780	D fam <sup>1</sup>
8	πάρηγεν	389, Π <sup>2</sup>	ELVY al me
13	εἰς τὴν οὐδον	116, 1200	28 al <sup>10</sup>
13	ἐξέβαλον	72, 652	MY
14	τὴν ἀκοὴν ἡοῦ ἀντὲ φανερον	265, 652 <sup>2</sup> , 1546, 1780	N fam <sup>13</sup> al pauc
16	σπ. ο	Κ, 72, 116, 178, 489, 652 <sup>2</sup> , 1313, 1318, 1780	C <sup>2</sup> DUV al <sup>45</sup>
17	ἀπο τῶν νεκρῶν	116, 1318	C Oz
17	σπ. ο ἀντὲ ἡρώδης	Κ <sup>2</sup> , 1500 <sup>2</sup> , 1546	CDUV al <sup>45</sup>
18	σπ. σπ	389, 1318	D 28 al
20	ἀκουσάσ[α]κουσιν	116, 389, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1478, 1780	28 al
26	ἦθεν	Π <sup>4</sup> , 178, 265	fam <sup>1</sup>
29	αὐτο[ς] αὐτῶ	265, 652, 1780	EFUVΓ
31	σπ. οἱ 2 <sup>ο</sup>	Κ, 389, 489, 1346	CM al
32	ἀναπαύσασθε	1318, 1478, 1546	A
33	ἀπηλθεν	72, 178, 652 <sup>2</sup> , 1346	EFGHUVΓ fam <sup>13</sup> , 700 al
36	προσῆλθον	1478, 1816	LA fam <sup>13</sup> al pauc
48	ἐαυτοῖς[ε]αυτοῦ	1079, 1200	M fam <sup>13</sup>
53	ἐναντίος ο ἀνεμῶ	116, 389	AX fam <sup>13</sup>
53	γενήσασθαι	116, 265 <sup>2</sup> , 489	AX BLXΓD unc <sup>7</sup> al
53	γενήσασθαι	652, 1780	N al
vii. 4	σπ. τοιαυτὰ	Κ, 114, 1780	N X
8	σπ. τοιαυτὰ	72, 1546 <sup>2</sup>	al pauc
11	μητρὶ + αὐτοῦ	Κ, 116, 265, 389, 489, 1200, 1219, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780	Θ 700 Y
19	καθαρίζων	116, 1200, 1780	ABEFGHL
23	ταῦτα πάντα	Κ, 116, 389	Γ fam <sup>13</sup> , 28
31	μεσῶν	Κ, 1780	EX
31	ἐξελθὼν + ο ἡοῦ	116, 1500 <sup>2</sup>	FCHSVXΓ fam <sup>13</sup> al me
33	ἐπιλαβομένου	389, 1780	Γ al
36	μῆδεν	652, 1780	FGH
viii. 4	ἀρτον	Κ, 652, 1200	FNΓ fam <sup>1</sup>
6	καὶ εὐχαριστήσας	1200, 1478	CSV D al
7	παράθηναι	1200, 1780	EFHΓ al pauc

8	ωσε	265, 1780	M al <sup>10</sup>
13	σπ. παλιν	1200, 1780	al franc
"	σπ. το 1 <sup>ο</sup>	"	AEFGMY al mu
16	εχωμεν	K, 1780	al
24	σπ. σπ. ετ opw	116, 389	D M <sup>mg</sup> CR fam 1 al
25	ανεβλεψεν	72, 178, 652, 652, 1200, 1318, 1546, 1780, 1816	7 M al
31	+ των ante αρχ. ετ γραμ.	1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	XBC LMY al mu
37	αυταλαγμα	K, 489, 1219, 1780	LX al mu
38	εαν	1200, 1346 <sup>2</sup> , 1478, 1546	XBCFLMXYΓΔ al plu
ix. 1	γευσονται	K, 1200, 1500 <sup>2</sup> , 1780	EHLNX
2	σπ. τον 2 <sup>ο</sup>	389, 1318, 1780	XΓΔ al mu
"	σπ. τον 3 <sup>ο</sup>	389, 1318, 1780	AMBNXΓΔ unc <sup>7</sup> al fl
6	εμφοβοι	K, 389	U al franc
9	διηγρσονται	K, 178, 1200, 1780	HNXY al <sup>10</sup>
13	οτι και οτι	1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1816 <sup>2</sup>	M <sup>o</sup> NULΓ fam 1, 28
16	εαυτουσ	389, 1200	AGMΓ al
18	εββαλλωσιν	72, 489, 652, 1219, 1318	fam 1
22	το πυρ	π <sup>2</sup> , K, 116, 1346 <sup>2</sup> , 1780	AEFGMLΓ al <sup>10</sup>
33	διελογιζεσθε προς εαυτουσ	1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565
34	σπ. εν τη οδω	265, 1079, 1500	IDA lat
38	επ. τω	116, 1318	U al <sup>20</sup>
"	εν τω	1200, 1546	XBC LNA fam 1 fam 13, 565 al mu
45	σοι εστιν	178, 1816	al
49	γαρ + αρτοσ	116, 1200	DM <sup>2</sup> S al
x. 7	μητερα + αυτου	1200, 1346	al
10	σπ. περι του αυτου	489, 1219	XDM
"	σπ. του	K, 116	al
27	σπ. τω 1 <sup>ο</sup>	π <sup>2</sup> , 1200	al
29	σπ. παντα γαρ.... θεω	389, 1346 <sup>2</sup>	XBCNXYMΓΔ unc <sup>8</sup> al <sup>10</sup>
29	και αποκριθεισ	389, 1318	Δ fam 1 al
30	σπ. νυν	1318, 1546	CEFGHM al <sup>20</sup>
"	και μητερα + και γυναικα	178, 389	D lat
32	σπ. και ακολουθουντεσ σφοβουτο	1200, 1478	al franc
35	προπορευονται	K, 265, 1546, 1780	D 28, 700 al
37	σπ. σου 2 <sup>ο</sup>	1318, 1346	SA al franc
46	ο υιοσ	72, 389	BAD fam 1, 565
51	ραβουνι	489, 1219	XBC LSA al
xi. 2	κατεναντι απεναντι	72, 389	EU al franc
3	αποσ-τελλει	178, 1780	M al franc
11	σπ. και 2 <sup>ο</sup>	K, 116, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546, 1780	AMY al franc
21	εξηραται	389, 1816	XBC L M <sup>2</sup> Δ fam 13, 28, 565 Or
26	+ λερω δε υμιν . αλτελτε εδω.	1318, 1780 <sup>2</sup> , 1816	X al <sup>20</sup>
28	εδωκεν την εξουσιαν ταυτην	1780 <sup>2</sup> , 1800 <sup>2</sup> , 1318, 1546, 1816 <sup>mg</sup>	M al <sup>20</sup>
		389, 1780	XBC L M <sup>2</sup> Δ fam 13, 565



45	λεγει αυτω	389, 1200, 1478, 1546	DFYΓ 565
65	εβαλον	72, 114, 389, 1200, 1313, 1546	EMUX al <sup>25</sup>
68	ουτε	116, 1318, 1478	CEGH SVA fam, fam 13, al <sup>20</sup>
69	ηγησατο	116, 1318	G M N X Δ fam 1 fam 13, 565 Euc
71	σπ. τωτων	K, 389	DN al <sup>5</sup>
xx.3	πολλα + αυτος δε ουδεν απεκρινατο	652, 1780	N Λ Δ fam 13 al <sup>40</sup> O <sup>2</sup>
7	στασιαστων	K, 178	XBCD fam 1 fam 13
10	σπ. οι αρχιερεις	389, 1200	B fam <sup>1</sup>
11	παρεδεδωκεσαν	489, 1313, 1478, 1780	al fauc
12	ανεπεισαν	652, 1200, 1346, 1500, 1816	Γ al <sup>15</sup>
18	αυτον + και λεγειν	489, 1219, 1780	XBC 565 al
20	σταυρωσουσιν	1200, 1318, 1546	X C <sup>2</sup> N Λ al
22	γολγοθαν	178, 1780	ACL N P Δ fam 13 D
24	βαλοντες	K, 72, 178, 1200, 1318, 1478, 1546	X B F G L M N S U V Y Γ Δ 700
27	σπ. αυτου ποτε ευωνυμων	K, 178	L M V
30	καταβηθι	652, 1318	C <sup>2</sup> D fam 1, 565
40	σπ. και ποτε ην	1318, 1546, 1780, 1816	P fam 1 Euc
"	σπ. η του	265, 489, 1200, 1219, 1318, 1346, 1816	C U G D Γ al
41	σπ. και δηκονουν αυτω	1478, 1780	DL fam 13, 565
42	προς σαββατον	K, 1780	D C D al
47	η ιωση	72, 389	H S E G U Y Γ al
χλ.1	σπ. η του	116, 1200, 1318, 1346, 1546, 1780	A X <sup>2</sup> B C G Δ fam 1
"	αυτον τον ιησουν	K, 114, 1800	E M fam 1 fam 13, 28, al mu
2	μιας + των	K, 116	M X fam 13 al <sup>10</sup>
3	εκ] απο	265, 1200	X B L Δ 565 Euc
14	ωτερον + δε	72, 489, 1318	C D W Θ fam 13 Euc
"	εγγερμενον + εκ νεκρων	72, 1546	A D al
19	εν δεξι	1200, 1318, 1478	A C X Δ
			C Δ

## VII. READINGS OF INDIVIDUAL MASS. NOT SUPPORTED BY OTHER MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY

K					
i.	14	κηρυσσον —	vii.	3	εαν] εα —
	20	αυτου] αυτω D		5	ο μαθηται —
	31	διηκονη —		17	τησ] τη —
	33	πολησ —		23	εκπορευονται G N Δ 28
	40	παρακαλον —		30	εξεληλυθοται —
	41	σπλαχνισθεις —	viii.	16	εχωμεν al
ii.	4	om αυτω* D lat		19	τουσ 2 <sup>o</sup> ] του —
	“	κραβατων —		21	ου παωσ —
	8	om ο ιησους* —		23	αυτω] αυτου A D 28, 565 al
	“	το πνευματι —		27	τινα] τι —
	11	εγειραι] εγειρον —	ix.	4	συλλαλουν —
iii.	2	τοισαββασιν —		22	om και πολλακις αυτον —
	11	om τα 2 <sup>o</sup> —		34	εν] ε —
	“	λεγοντες N D al		50	αρτυνησεται fam 1 al
	18	δαδδαιον Δ	x.	21	εξησ H Γ
	30	εχη —		“	ακολουθη al
iv.	1	αυτον 2 <sup>o</sup> ] ἐμ τὸν —		25	om την —
	4	ηλθον H Δ 33		28	σοι] σου Δ
	16	σπειρωμενοι —		32	om εν τη οδω* —
	19	λυπα —		33	παραδιδοται —
	22	ελθει —		47	om ο ante υιοσ D fam 13, 565 Or
	24	μετριτε —	xi.	8	αυτων] αυτου —
	37	ηδι —		15	τουσ] του —
	39	γαλινη —		25	om τοισ al
v.	5	κραζον D	xii.	1	εξεδετο A N B C L
	12	εισελθομεν —		7	κληρομια —
	13	om τα 2 <sup>o</sup> —	xiii.	3	ιερου] ορου —
	19	αυτοις] τοισ σοισ —		17	ταιημεραιραισ —
	23	αυτη] αυτω A al		27	τουσ] του —
	28	σωθησωμαι al		28	θεροσ] τελοσ —
	29	ιατε —	xiv.	7	αυτουσ] εαυτουσ —
	40	κατεγελουν Ω al		15	υμιν] υμι —
	43	αυτη] αυτην al		22	λαβον —
vi.	4	συγγ. + αυτου B C L M <sup>2</sup> 28 al		25	αυτο] αυτω al
	8	εν τη οδω lat		38	ασθεασθενησ —
	17	ιωανην —		50	om επι γυμνου* —
	“	ρωδιαδα —		59	ουτοσ W fam 1 k Syr <sup>sin</sup>
	19	ηρωδηασ —		67	εμβλεψασ Δ M 33 al
	26	συνακειμενουσ —	xv.	34	εγκατελειπασ al
	31	αναπανεσθαι B C M Δ fam 13 al		39	ουτωσ] ουτοσ —
	36	εαυτοις] αυτοισ L al		43	ηλθων —
	47	om εν* —		46	κατεθηκαν —
	56	αφονται H N al mu	xvi.	4	αποκελίσται —
				9	ησ] εισ —
				11	ακουσανντεσ —
				14	εδεκα —

## Π

ii. 22	βαλλη	—
iv. 12	ακουουσι	—
v. 40	εισπορευονται*	M 33
vii. 20	om το ante εκ του ανθρ.*	—
xiv. 58	καταλυω*	A
xv. 7	πεποιηκασιν	Γ min pauc

## 72

i. 23	om αυτων	D lat <sup>eur</sup> boh
25	εξ] απ	H L Σ 33, 565, 700
iii. 5	λυπουμενος	—
v. 17	ηρξατο	—
vii. 2	αρτον	Σ georg lat syr <sup>rin</sup>
13	om και παρομοια τοιαυτα πολλα ποιειτε	W
viii. 28	om και ante αλλοι	V Δ lat <sup>eur</sup>
29	και αυτοσ δε	—
ix. 12	ελθων + ο θεσβιτησ	—
41.	om αν Ψ	—
47	om εστι	69, 565
x. 24	μαθηται + αυτου	D Δ fam
	1, 565 θ lat <sup>eur</sup> Syr <sup>sin</sup> georg	
	om αυτου	—
xi. 20	πορευομενοι	al
xiii. 32	τω ουρανω	D Ψ 565
xiv. 1	αποκτεινουσιν	—
5	επανω τριακ. δην. πραθηται	—
51	om τισ	—
xv. 13	εκραζον	G fam 1 fam 13
20	ινα σταυρ. αυτον] ωστε σταυρωσαι	fam 1
24	διμεριζοντο	fam 13, 700 al
34	λεμα	Σ C L Δ Ψ θ
35	om ιδου	D θ k pesh sah
	Eus	—
36	και δραμων	D θ fam 1, 565, 700 lat <sup>eur</sup> Syr <sup>sin</sup> georg
39	om εξ εναντιασ αυτου	—
45	απο] παρα	D fam 1 θ W
	124, 565	
46	εν τη	fam 1, 22 al
xvi. 1	μαριαμ 2°	fam 1, syr <sup>sin</sup> syr <sup>jer</sup> georg
	om του 2°	Σ C G M S U V Γ X Ψ
	θ W 700 al mu	
7	ειπον	—
12	om περιπατουσιν	fam 1
17	ταυτα] τοιαυτα	—

## 114

iii. 27	om εαν μη . . . διαρπασει	—
iv. 24	om και προστεθσεται υμιν	G
	al pauc.	
v. 23	om αυτη	—
34	υπαγε] πορευου	θ 565, 700
vi. 39	om συμποσια 2°	L al
vii. 25	om γαρ	—
36	διεστελλετο αυτοσ αυτοισ	—
viii. 2	ημεραισ	B
x. 29	om δε post αποκριθεισ	A M
	S U V al	
xi. 2	εκαθικε	—
xiv. 58	om ημερων	—

## 116

ii. 1	παλιν + ο ιησουσ	—
8	εν εαυτοις] εν ταισ καρδιαισ αυτων	—
iii. 7	ηκολουθησεν αυτω απο της γαλιλαιασ	—
9	αυτω] αυτον	—
22	om οτι 2°	700 al
23	και 1° + αυτοσ	al
35	om μου 2°	al
iv. 13	τας παραβολας πασας	—
39	σιωπα + και	—
v. 40	τουσ μετ' αυτου] τουσ μαθητας αυτου	georg
vi. 7	δωδεκα + μαθητας αυτου	syr <sup>sin</sup> al
10	εισελθτε] απελθτε	—
14	αυτου] του ιησου	georg
	βαπτιστησ	D S W θ Ω fam
	13, 28, 33, 700	
24	ειπε 2° + αυτη	28 syr <sup>sin</sup> georg
34	αυτοις] αυτουσ	Σ B D F al
38	λεγουσιν + αυτω	A D N θ Σ
	fam 13, 565, 700 syr <sup>sin</sup> lat	
39	ανακληθηναι	Σ B G θ Φ fam
	1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700 Or	
45	ηγαγκασεν + ο ιησουσ	fam
	13 al	
47	οφιασ δε	—
56	om αν 2°	Σ D Δ fam 1, 33
	om αυτου 2°	Δ 565 lat
vii. 17	εισηλθον	Σ U W al boh
	arm	

- viii. 3 οικον] τουσ-οικουσ al  
 5 αρτους εχετε N D W Θ Φ  
 fam 13, 28, 33, 700 lat al  
 6 παρεθηκαν] περιεθηκαν —  
 7 ευλογησας + αυτα N B C L  
 Δ Θ 28  
 17 την καρδιαν υμων εχετε —  
 ix. 3 δυναται + ουτω N B C L  
 N Δ Θ fam 13, 28, 33, 565 al  
 x. 1 om δια του D G Δ fam 1,  
 fam 13, 28, 565, al<sup>25</sup> lat  
 9 χωριζεσθω Δ  
 21 αυτω 2° + ετι N 118 sah  
 boh  
 39 om ιησους al  
 43 οσ] ο —  
 xi. 6 ενετειλατο + αυτοισ D M W  
 Θ Φ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565,  
 700 syr<sup>sin</sup>  
 xii. 19 om ινα —  
 39 και πρωτοκλ. εν τ. δειπ. και πρωτοκαθ.  
 εν τ. συν. —  
 43 πλειω U 33 al  
 xiii. 32 ουρανοισ al k  
 xiv. 21 μεν + ουν al  
 34 λεγειν E G H Δ Ψ al  
 49 γραφαι των προφητων N W  
 Θ Φ fam 1, fam 13, 565,  
 hl<sup>mg</sup> georg  
 58 om οτι ημεισ —  
 70 και η λαλια σου ομοιαζει και γαρ  
 γαλιλαιωσ ει —  
 xv. 22 τον γολγοθα N B F L N  
 Δ Θ Σ Ψ fam 13, 33, 565 al  
 23 πιειν]ποιειν 346 al

## 178

- i. 22 εξεπλησσαντο + παντες (man. sec.)  
 min. pauc  
 ii. 15-16 om ησαν . . . αυτου\*  
 iii. 7 προσ] εις D H P al<sup>20</sup> fam  
 1 al  
 iv. 12 om και μη συνιωσι . . . ακουσωσι  
 (verse 15)\*  
 28 om πληρη  
 v. 9 επηρωτησεν A lat pesh D am  
 33 om και τρεμουσα al

- vi. 34 πολυν οχλον ο ιησους D al  
 50 om παντες . . . εταραχθησαν —  
 vii. 15 om ο δυναται αυτον al  
 19 om αλλ' εις την κοιλιαν\* —  
 20 om εκπορευομενον —  
 25 η γυνη M fam 13  
 viii. 4 επ] εν F H Γ fam 1  
 20 om λεγουσιν . . . ηρατε\* —  
 ix. 3 om επι της γησ —  
 12 και πως] ωσ —  
 35 om παντων εσχατος και\* fam  
 1 al pauc  
 37 εαν 2°] αν B D L Δ al pauc  
 W Θ Ψ 28  
 38 τα δαιμονια al  
 39 κωλυεται —  
 42 των 2°] τουτων —  
 49 om αλι al<sup>10</sup>  
 xi. 2 ευρησεται —  
 24-25 om αιτεσθε . . . προσευχομενοι —  
 xii. 10 ανεγνωτε] οιδατε —  
 13 om και 2°  
 26 om και post αβρααμ —  
 43 βεβληκε] εβαλεν A 1220 N°  
 B D L Δ 33 al<sup>15</sup>  
 xiii. 20 εκολωβησε —  
 xiv. 15 δειξη —  
 49 διδασκων εν τω ιερω P al  
 63 διερρηξε- λεγων —  
 τουσ χιτωνασ] τα ιματια al  
 64 ειναι αυτον —  
 xv. 39 του θεου fam 13

## 265

- i. 18 δεικτυα —  
 29 οικιαν + του —  
 30 πενθερα + του L M Δ fam 1,  
 fam 13, 565, 700 al<sup>25</sup>  
 36 αυτον] αυτου —  
 ii. 4 εξωρυξαντες —  
 9 αφεονται 69 al  
 17 om ο 1° —  
 19 om οσον χρονον . . . νηστευει\*  
 D U 33 fam 1  
 iii. 22 βεελζεβολ fam 13, 700 lat  
 pesh aeth  
 27 om τα —

iv. 27	μηκυνεται	B D H al <sup>20</sup>	
31	οσ] ωσ	C Δ	
38	σου] συ	—	
v. 4	το τον αυτον	—	
23	επιθεισ	fam 13	
26	εισ] επι	D Θ 565, 700	
	οm ελθουσα . . . ιησου	—	
vi. 3	οm και ουκ . . . εν αυτω*	—	
11	τον 2 <sup>ο</sup> ] των	—	
12	εκηρυσσων	—	
14	ηρωδης ο βασιλευσ	D F al mu	
	565, 700		
26	οm αυτην	al	
56	οm αυτου 1 <sup>ο</sup>	—	
vii. 19	εισ την καρδιαν αυτου	D Δ	
	lat vg		
viii. 4	δυνασεται] δυναται	28	
15	οm των φαρισαιων . . . ζυμης 2 <sup>ο</sup>	—	
	—		
ix. 18	εκβαλωσιν αυτο	565, 700	
25	επισυντρεχει] επισυναπτει	—	
x. 13	επιτιμων	—	
35	ποιησεις	—	
41	ιωαννου και ιακωβου	min	
	pauc		
44	γενεσθαι υμων	al <sup>10</sup>	—
51	ραβοννι	—	
xi. 11	ο ιησουσ] οσ	—	
25	οm αφη . . . 26 ουρανοισ	—	
29	οm αποκριθεισ	Ν B C L Δ	
	33 lat boh pesh aeth		
	οm και ερω . . . 30 μοι*	69	
33	υμιν λεγω	—	
xii. 17	καισαρος + τω	Θ 565	
39	πρωκλησιασ	—	
xiii. 2	οm οικοδομασ	—	
4	μελη	—	
24	δοσει	—	
xiv. 9	αυτη + εις ολον τον κοσμον	—	
31	οm ωσαντωσ . . . ελεγον	Ψ 67,	
	68		
63	τον χιτωνα	S pesh	
xv. 16	αυλησ + του καιαφα	min	
	pauc		
39	παρεστηκοσ	—	
xvi. 6	εγερθη	—	
8	απο] εκ	—	
<b>389</b>			
i. 17	οm οπισω μου	—	
32	προς αυτον] προς αυτους	—	
34	τα δαιμονια] αυτα	D Θ lat	
	vg aeth		
40	οm αυτον 3 <sup>ο</sup>	Ν L Θ fam 1,	
	565 arm georg		
ii. 5	οm τεκνον	al	
8	οm αυτου	D W lat boh	
19	οm ου δυνανται νηστευειν	—	
20	αρθη	C fam 1, fam 13, 28	
iii. 10	αυτω] αυτου	—	
26	εαυτον] εαυτην*	—	
iv. 12	βλεποντες + μη (οm και μη ιδωσι)		
	E F G H Δ al Or		
"	οm ακουωσι και	W 28 Or a	
20	οm εν ult. al		
v. 3	ηδυνατο] ηδυν	—	
7	σου] συ	—	
15	οm τον εσχ . . . λεγεωνα	D lat	
	vg al		
20	αυτω] αυτη	—	
35	τι επι σκυλλεισ] μη σκυλε	— (Lk.)	
36	οm λαλουνμενον	D	
38	οm θορυβον	—	
	οm πολλα	—	
39	τι θορ. και κλαιετε] μη κλαιετε (Lk)		
40	οm και τουσ μετ' αυτου	—	
	κειμενον	al	
41	της χειροσ του παιδιου] αυτου της		
	χειροσ	—	
	οm αυτη	W	
	οm μεθερμηνευομενον	—	
42	οm το κορασιον	—	
vi. 1	και ακολ. . . . αυτου 2 <sup>ο</sup> ] μετα των		
	μαθητων αυτου	b c e	
7	οm των 1 <sup>ο</sup> et 2 <sup>ο</sup>	C Δ fam 13,	
	28, 33 al		
15	οm ελεγον 2 <sup>ο</sup>	Ν fam 1, 28,	
	565 lat pesh arm		
17	εδησει] εθετο	— (Mt.)	
23	αιτησισ μοι	al	
27	οm ο βασιλευσ	D W fam	
	1, 28, 565, 700 lat vg		
33	οm και προηλθον αυτους	D	
	28, 565 lat		
34	ηρξατο διδασκειν] εδιδασκεν		
	—		
	οm πολλα	sy <sup>r</sup> sin	

35	om και ηδη ωραι πολλη	—	5	τω ιησου] αυτω	N
38	om υπαγετε και ιδετε	—	8	αλλα] ει μη	Ν B D N 33
41	κατεκλασε. . . και] κλασας	—		lat (Mt.)	
	(Mt.)		9	διηγησηωνται] ειπωσιν	— (cf. Mt.)
48	om αυτοις	fam 1 (Mt.)	18	αφρισει	—
	om και ηθελε παρελθειν αυτοις		19	om αυτω	C fam 13 k al
	G (Mt.)		20	om ευθεωσ	D 565 lat
50	και 1°] ο δε	Ν B L Δ 33	24	ελεγε] ειπε	fam 13
	om ευθεωσ ελαλησε μετ'αυτων και		27	αυτον 1°] αυτου	
	—			om και ανεστη	W k (syr <sup>sin</sup> )
vii. 6	om οτι	Ν B L Δ 33 lat	31	και ελεγεν αυτοις] λεγων	k
	pesh aeth (Mt.)			om αποκτανθεισ	D a c k
	αυτων] αυτου	M al		boh	
16	ει τις εχει] ο εχων	1071	33	διελογιζοντο	M al
22	om οφθαλμος ποιηρος	—	38	om δε	D al pauc
	om αφροσυνη	—		om οτι ουκ ακολουθει ημιν	2°
23	om τα ποιηρα	fam 1, 565		D X fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565	
27	των τεκνων] αυτων	—		lat arm	
28	om απεκριθη και	— (Mt.)	42	λιθος μυλικωσ] μυλος ονικωσ	Ν
30	βεβλημενην επι της κλινησ] υγιη			B C D L Δ	
	—			βεβλη	—
33	om και πτυσας . . . αυτου	—	43	om τας	D al
viii. 4	om και	—	45	εισελθειν . . . ζωνη] εισ την ζωνη	
6	ινα παραβ. . . οχλω] παραθηναι			εισελθειν	Ν F Γ al
	τω οχλω	—		om τουσ	al
15	om της ζυμης 2°	—	46	om vers.	Ν B C L Δ fam 1, 28, 565 k
20	ποσων . . . κλασματων] ποσους			om vers.	—
	κοφινουσ	—	x. 16	+ και ante τιθεισ	fam 1
21	νοiete και ante συνιετε	—		τιθεισ] επιτιθεισ	565
	(cf. Mt.)			om επ' αυτα	hl* al
23	om αυτω	al	17	om εισ οδον	a c k
24	και αναβλεψας] ο δε	W (syr <sup>sin</sup> )		om και γονυπετησας αυτον	(cf. Mt.)
	ελεγε] ειπεν	Ν C Θ		ποιησω] ποιησας	} al (Lk.)
25	om και ιποκατ. και ενεβλ.	—		om ινα	
27	τουσ μαθητας αυτου] αυτους	—	20	ετι] εστι	—
	om αυτοις	D L Δ (Mt.)	21	om εν σοι υστερει	—
28	και αλλοι] αλλοι δε	D N fam 13, 565 lat	26	om λεγοντες	—
31	και ηρξατο διδασκειν] ελεγεν δε		28	ηρξατο ουν	al
	—		30	εαν μη] οσ ου μη	Θ 28, 565, 700 (cf. Lk.)
32	om και παρρησια . . . ελαλει	al		om οικιασ . . . διωγων	Ν*
	(Mt.)			k (Lk.)	
33	om και ιδων . . . αυτου	—	39	om αυτω	D Caes.
	(Mt.)		42	om προσκαλεσαμενος αυτους	al
36	ανθρωπος	Ν unc <sup>7</sup> fam 1, fam 13 al (Mt. Lk.)		om αυτων 2°	N fam 1, al
ix. 2	om μονουσ	al (Mt.)		pauc.	— (Mt.)
4	και 2° + οι	—			

- 46 om και των μαθητων αυτου και  
οχλου ικανου —
- 47 om ιησουσ —
- 48 αυτω] αυτον B<sup>3</sup> al  
om πολλοι —
- 51 om αποκριθεισ c pesh
- 52 om εν τη οδω georg (cf.  
Lk.)
- xi. 1 ηγγισαν 1220 M fam 13,  
al pauc. (Mt.)  
om βηθφαγη και D 700  
lat Or.  
3 om ποιειτε τουτο fam 1 (Mt.)  
om και ευθεωσ...ωδε  
(cf. Lk.)  
6 om και αφηκαν αυτουσ syr<sup>sin</sup>  
7 εαυτων B θ  
8 πολλοι] αλλοι —  
11 om εισ βηθανιαν —  
13 φυλλα (2) + μονον C<sup>2</sup> N 33  
fam 13, 565 Or. (Mt.)  
17 om ου D fam 1, 28, 565  
(Mt. Lk.)  
18 εξεπλησσοντο N M Δ  
23 om γαρ N B D N fam 1,  
28, 565 arm  
28 om ινα ταυτα ποιησ 565  
arm lat<sup>eur</sup> (Mt. Lk.)  
32 αλλ' εαν D al<sup>15</sup> (Mt. Lk.)  
οτι οντως προφητησ ην] προφητην  
(cf. Mt. Lk.)  
33 και ο Ιησουσ...αυτοις] λεγει αυτοις  
ο Ιησουσ
- xii. 2 αυτων for των γεωργων θ 33,  
565, 700  
5 om και 1° —  
απεστειλεν αλλον —  
6 om οτι L N Δ 33 fam 13  
al<sup>25</sup> k sah (Mt.)  
17 και 1°...Ιησουσ] ο δε (k boh)  
(Lk.)  
om και εθανυμασαν επ' αυτω —  
18 μη ειραι αναστασιν min.  
pauc (Mt.)  
20 επτα + ουν C<sup>2</sup> M al mu  
(Lk.)  
21 αυτοσ] ουτοσ X 28 al pauc  
22 αφηκεν —  
23 om οταν αναστωσι N B C  
D L Δ 33, 28 al (Mt. Lk.)
- 24 om ου Δ k a syr<sup>sin</sup>  
25 οτε al —  
27 om πολυ al  
33 om και εξ ολησ της συνεσεωσ al  
34 ο δε Ιησουσ (και) —  
37 om αυτοσ...κυριον —  
και ποθεν] ποθεν ουν —  
υιοσ αυτου] υιοσ δαβιδ —  
και ο πολυσ οχλοσ] ο δε οχλοσ —  
38 om εν τη διδαχη αυτου —  
41 βαλλει...πολλα] εβαλεν εν αυτω  
πολλα —  
43 om των βαλοντων W fam 1,  
fam 13 lat<sup>eur</sup> syr<sup>sin</sup>
- xiii. 3 πετροσ...ανδρεασ] οι μαθηται αυτου  
(cf. Mt.)  
5 om αυτοισ —  
8 om και εσονται 2° arm  
9 om δαρησεσθε —  
19 και ου μη] ουδ' ου μη F G  
fam 1, fam 13, 565 θ (Mt.)  
20 om κυρισ W (Mt.)  
εκολωβωθησαν αι ημεραι (1°) (Mt.)  
21 om και U fam 1 al<sup>10</sup>  
(Mt.)  
23 om υμεισ δε βλεπετε C (Mt.)  
om παντα (Mt.)  
25 πεσουνται εκ του ουρανου 565,  
700 (Mt.)  
28 τα φυλλα εκφυη U fam 1  
al pauc (Mt.)  
30 μεχρισ ου] εωσ αν fam 1, fam 13,  
28 (Mt. Lk.)  
om ταυτα lat (Lk.)  
32 om ουδε 2°...πατηρ —
- xiv. 3 ανακειμενου Σ (Mt.)  
κατα της κεφαλησ] τη κεφαλη Σ  
al  
14 om οπου εαν εισελθη (Lk.)  
τω οικοδεσποτη ειπατε —  
30 om και 1° —  
33 om τον 2° 1220, 1223 N  
C D E F G H M N S U V  
etc.  
44 εδεωκει al  
om και απαγαγατε ασφαλωσ l  
al (Mt.)  
45 om ελθων ευθεωσ D (fam 1,  
565)  
47 om την D fam 1, 565

- 53 τον αρχι.] καιαφα (Mt.)  
 55 και ου ουχ —  
 58 ου χειροποιητον —  
 xv. 5 om ουκετι syr<sup>sin</sup>  
 32 αυτον fin.] αυτω fam 1  
 41 om αυτω 1° —  
 xvi. 7 om υμιν —

## 489

- i. 5 om η H M Θ 543  
 20 απηλθεν —  
 iii. 8 εποησεν min pauc  
 iv. 17 εαυτοισ] αυτοισ L al  
 31 μικροτερον N B D L M Δ  
 Θ 13, 28  
 41 υπακουσιν —  
 v. 11 τα ορει post μεγαλη M W  
 fam 13, 28 al  
 19 περιποιηκεν —  
 vi. 3 ημας] υμας —  
 6 περιηγαγεν —  
 33 προηλθεν —  
 40 πετηκοντα —  
 51 αναβει —  
 vii. 13 ποιειτε πολλα —  
 viii. 30 λεγουσιν W al  
 ix. 3 om στιλβοντα fam 1, 346  
 al  
 19 om αυτοισ C\* fam 13,  
 georg k  
 xi. 13 εχουσα Δ al  
 xii. 22 εσχατον + δε G M U Σ Θ  
 fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700  
 35 om ο ante χριστος —  
 42 κοδραντος —  
 xiii. 7 ακουασ —  
 14 ουδαια —  
 xiv. 22 om ο ιησους B D W 565 georg  
 56 ψευδομαρτυρον —  
 xv. 39 θεου ην N B L Γ Δ Θ Ψ  
 47 μαγδαλινη —  
 xvi. 14 κληρωκαρδιαν —  
 17 εκβαλλουσιν —

## 652

- i. 13 τεσσαρακ. + και νυκτος  
 τεσσαρακοντα M

- 17 αλεισιν ανθρωπων γενεσθαι —  
 27 απαντες NBL al pauc Or  
 ii. 9 σοι αι αμαρτιαι σου al pauc  
 11 om εγειραι και\* —  
 iii. 5 αυτους] αυτοισ —  
 20 om μητε —  
 33 η] και N B C U G Δ L fam 1,  
 565, al  
 iv. 8 om εν 2° \* —  
 20 om εν 2° \* B C W  
 26 βαλη ανθρωπος —  
 vi. 15 om ως —  
 24 η δε ειπε] και ειπε —  
 viii. 22 εισφερουσιν —  
 29 om με —  
 ix. 19 εως ποτε ανεξ. υμας· εως ποτε προς  
 υμας εσομαι\* —  
 43 κυλλον] κοιλον —  
 x. 37 om σου 1° —  
 46 om και 1° —  
 xii. 4 om παλιν X sah  
 14 διδασκεις + ειπον ουν ημιν  
 1220 M  
 27 πολυ] πολλα G al  
 xiii. 31 παρελευσεται A E F G H L  
 M S U X Δ al<sup>60</sup> (Mt.)  
 xiv. 16 ηλθον] απηλθον —  
 46 ε'αυτον τας χειρας αυτων] τας  
 χειρας αυτω N° B D L fam 1  
 fam 13, 565  
 50 και 1°] τοτε } (N fam 13 al  
 αυτον + οι μαθηται } pauc arm)  
 xv. 20 αυτω] αυτον —

## 1079

- i. 7 του υποδηματος L W al  
 syr<sup>bl. hier</sup> cop Clem Bas Aug.  
 19 om ολιγον N\* Σ\*  
 ii. 19 μετ' αυτων] μετ' αυτου —  
 iii. 21 ακουσαν sic —  
 29 βλασφηγησ\* al  
 v. 4 συντριφθαι\* —  
 vi. 4 om ο ιησους —  
 11 τον υποκατω] των υποδηματων  
 —  
 16 om ο C D U V Ω fam 13,  
 al pler  
 29 om αυτου 2° —

38	om και ante ιδετε	N B D	25	εισελθουσης	—
	L W fam 1, 33 al		45	προαγειν αυτους	1220 al
vii. 37	περισσως	—	50	om και λεγει αυτοις θαρσειτε*	—
viii. 3	om νηστεισ	—	51	ενεβη	—
ix. 12	αποκαταβιστα	—		εξιςταντο] εξεπλησσοντο	fam 1
14	om μαθητας*	—	55	om εκει	N B L Δ pesh
41	om οτι	K <sup>corr</sup> A N X Γ Σ		aeth θ	
	Φ fam 1, fam 13 al pler		56	κωμην η πολυν*	F M 282
x. 17	εκπορευομενου δε	—	vii. 11	om ο εστι δωρον*	syr
xii. 14	εξεστιν ουν	—	13	τον λογον] την εντολην	fam 1
xiii. 9	om και επι . . . σταθησθε	—		W	
xiv. 30	σημερον συ	—		πολλα τοιαυτα	N M fam 1,
xv. 4	om ουκ αποκρινη ουδεν	—		fam 13, 28, 579, 700	
32	om οι*	—	15	ουδεν γαρ*	—
xvi. 20	om αμην	—	21	λογισμοι*	—
				κλοπαι φονοι	W fam 1, 28,
				565, 700 al syr <sup>sin</sup>	
	1200		31	προσ] παρα	68, 517, 220
i. 15	om οτι . . . θεου	23, 13	viii. 12	om αυτου	1220 D M Γ
21	εις την συναγωγην εισελθων	—		fam 1 lat W syr <sup>sin</sup>	
ii. 16	om εσθιοντα	—	26	κωμην] πολυν	—
19	μετ' αυτων 2°	579 al		om εισελθης	—
22	μηγε	Θ C L Σ 579 al	29	ελεγεν	al
23	om εν	C L Δ al <sup>26</sup> fam 1	ix. 1	om οτι	131, 565 al
	Ψ 579 al		5	ηλιαν	482
iii. 8	om και απο ιερ. και απο της ιδουμ.	—		μια (ult)	—
26	εφ' εαυτον ανεστη	16, 330	32	επερωτησαι αυτον	565 al
iv. 6	om ηλιου . . . εκανματισθη*	—	37	εμε 2°] με	—
16	λαμβανουσιν] δεχονται	fam 1, 579		om ουκ εμε } om αλλα }	579 Georg.
21	επι] υπο	fam 13 N B 33	38	οιδαμεν	—
25	om αν	700 fam 13, 28 N	40	υμων 2°] ημων	U X al
	B C L Δ W		42	μαλλον αυτω	28, 475
27	μη κωνηται	—	50	αλληλοις] εαυτοις	—
31	επι την γην 1°	W 28 D L	x. 9	εξευξεν	1220 W D
	και μικροτερον	N B D M L	33	αυτον 1°] αυτω	al
	W Δ Θ 13, 28, 33, 579 al		49	αυτον] αυτω	69, 700, al
34	om χωρισ . . . αυτοις	—	xi. 2	δεδεμενην	—
v. 3	δησαι] δαμασαι	28	25	ημων 1°	346, al
13	δε] γαρ	28 al <sup>4</sup> hl Georg.		ημιν	—
32	περιεβλεπετο] περιστρεφετο	—		ημων 2°	—
34	θαρσει ante θυγατερ	C <sup>2</sup> al <sup>10</sup>	26	αφη	al
vi. 1	αυτου 2°] αυτω (sic)	—	xii. 1	om πυργον . . . απεδημισε	—
2	τελουνται δια των χειρων αυτου	—	12	παραιβολην ταυτην	al
	—		14	δουναι κησον καισαρι	N B C
18	γυναικα + φιλιππου	68, 76,		L Δ al k Ψ 33	
	122, al		25	εκαμισκονται	A F H 2 al
20	ηκουεν αυτου	—	27	θεος 1° + θεος	Θ M 33
				fam 13 al <sup>40</sup>	
			33	om εστιν	—

- xiii. 3 *επηρωτα* **N B L W Ψ** fam 13, 33, 28, 579, al pauc hl<sup>ms</sup>  
om κατ'ιδίαν min pauc sah 579  
*ιωαννης και ιακωβος* U 28 fam 13  
14 υπο] δια fam 1, 28 al<sup>10</sup> Φ 579 al  
15 om αυτου\* k  
24 om αυτησ —  
27 ακρων 2° fam 1 al pauc W al  
xiv. 1 *πωσ] τὸ πῶσ.* Σ  
15 υποδειξει 68  
*υμιν* Φ 59 al  
18 *ειπεν αυτοισ* al aeth 59, 700 al  
om εισ 238  
30 om πριν\* —  
31 *δεη με* A **N<sup>c</sup> B D<sup>2</sup> L N W<sup>2</sup>** F Σ al<sup>12</sup> fam 1, fam 13, 700, 579  
*οι παντες* 61  
43 om των ante πρεσ. A **N U** fam 1, fam 13, Or W 700  
54 ηκολουθει G fam 1, fam 13, W (Θ) Ψ 565, 700  
60 *επηρωτα* al  
68 om συ D al pauc 2  
xv. 12-13 repeats verse 9 instead of these —  
16 αυλησ + του αρχιερεωσ —  
om ο εστι πραιτωριον —  
29 om ουα **N<sup>c</sup>** L Δ d k (Mt.) Λ Ψ al  
34 ανεβοησεν M N 118, 209 al  
41 om ηκολουθουν αυτω και —

## 1219

- i. 4 om και κηρυσσων\*  
xiv. 65 αυτω 1° αυτον

## 1313

- i. 17 αλεισ γενεσθαι —  
26 ε] απ M C D W Δ Θ Σ al  
iv. 20 om και παραδεχονται —

- v. 11 om μεγαλη D L U 131 al  
23 om πολλα D syr<sup>sin</sup>  
vi. 40 om πρασαι 2° **N L Δ** 0149  
51 om εν αυτοισ al  
vii. 34 om και αναβλεψας... εστεναξε —  
viii. 27 om λεγων αυτοισ —  
ix. 8 om μονον μεθ' εαυτων —  
48 πυρ αυτων Ψ al syr<sup>sin</sup> hl\* pesh georg<sup>1</sup> sah boh  
xiii. 1 αι οικοδομαι 565  
xiv. 13 om και λεγει αυτοισ —  
22 τον αρτον M al<sup>10</sup> 1223 (Mt)  
65 om προφητευσον —

## 1318

- i. 11 ουρανων] + λεγουσα (cf Mt) 64 273 c f l  
12 εκβαλλει αυτον D Δ Θ fam 13, 33, 543, 238, 579, 839, 892  
22 εξεπλησσοντο + οι οχλοι —  
33 συνηγμενη 28, 700  
34 αυτον + τον χν ειναι (cf Lk) **N<sup>c</sup>** b M fam 13, 33, 543, 239, 472, 484  
ii. 17 ου γαρ for ουκ C L al<sup>15</sup> 245, 349, 517, 1071 al  
26 συν αυτω] μετ' αυτου D al<sup>10</sup> (W) 472, 476, (565, 700) al  
iii. 7 και γινουσ ο ιησους (cf Mt) 51, 234, 659  
8 om απο ante Ιεροσ. —  
14 om ινα 2° B al  
17 αυτου του Ιακωβου 242, 472, 474  
26 εμερισθη **N<sup>c</sup>** B L 579, 892  
28 αι βλασφ. D A **N B C E** F G H L Δ al mu  
34 om και οι αδελφοι μου 348, 1216  
iv. 8 om και ειδου... αυξανοντα —  
25 εαν for αν Ω M 237, 1071 al  
29 τον δρεπανον —  
37 om ηδη —  
41 οι ανεμοι **N<sup>c</sup>** E Φ fam 1, 31, 33, 472, 1071 al  
v. 4 ισχυσε 157 al mu **N V** fam 1, 28

- 9 και απεκρ. λεγ.] ο δε ειπε —  
 10 της χωρας] της πολεως —  
 11 προσ το ορος —  
 χοιρων + πολλων (36, 435, 76,  
 247, 487)  
 13 αγγελη + των χοιρων 892 sah  
 21 επ' αυτον] περι αυτον —  
 23 το θυγατριον] η θυγατηρ —  
 37 αυτω ουδενα Σ 20 al  
 του Ιακωβου F H 57, 124, al  
 41 ταβιθα D lat W 157, 225  
 k al  
 43 αυτοις ο Ιησους πολλα  
 vi. 2 διδασκειν εν τη συναγωγη N  
 B C L Δ Θ D 33 al  
 10 om εις οικιαν D lat arm  
 33 + και ante συνεδραμον (sic)  
 —  
 vii. 2 τινας των μαθητων] τους μαθητας  
 syr<sup>sin</sup>  
 19 om αυτου 36 al Georg  
 syr<sup>sin</sup>  
 25 γαρ] δε al  
 viii. 19 om πληρεις fam 13, al  
 pauc pap<sup>45</sup> lat al  
 22 βιθσαιδα C N Δ fam 1,  
 28, 33 fam 13 al pauc  
 ix. 3 επι την γην —  
 x. 13 αυτων αληται N B C L Δ  
 Θ Ψ 124, 509, 892 al  
 20 om ετι —  
 xi. 17 αυτοις λεγων 124  
 32 om οντως N N fam 1,  
 fam 13, 28, 565 k arm Θ 22,  
 700, 579 al  
 xii. 22 εσχατον ουν —  
 23 om ουν N B C L X Γ Δ Φ Ψ  
 al  
 xiii. 4 ταυτα συντελεισθαι παντα N  
 B 1342  
 28 ηδη αυτης M 106  
 xiv. 24 om το 2° N B C D<sup>2</sup> E F  
 L X 565  
 31 συναποθανειν σοι δεη με —  
 67 λεγει + αυτω (D) lat  
 xv. 34 λειμα E F G H S V al  
 mu  
 36 και περιθεις (om τε) Θ fam 1, 69  
 al pauc  
 41 ηκολουθησαν D al pauc  
 (Mt) Σ al  
 xvi. 1 om του ante σαββ.\* C<sup>2</sup> al 33  
 10 πενθουσι τε και —  
 1346  
 i. 35 om και απηλθεν B 28, 565 al  
 pauc lat boh  
 iii. 32 om ιδου\* 472, 569  
 iv. 26 σπορον αυτου\* Σ 157, 482  
 v. 40 om ανακειμενον . . . παιδιου\*  
 (add. ipse) hom  
 vi. 15 om οτι ηλιας εστιν αλλοι δε ελεγεν\*  
 —  
 vii. 5 om ου ante περιπ.\* —  
 11 om εαν —  
 15 απ' αυτου] δι' αυτου\* —  
 21 κακοι] πονηροι 241  
 viii. 19 om κλασματων vg  
 ix. 33 ηλθον fam 1 N B 565 lat  
 pesh  
 ωσ εις —  
 x. 1 προσ αυτον οχλοι —  
 44 om υμων\* —  
 51 λεγει] ειπεν N B C D L Δ  
 xi. 25 om ινα\* —  
 xii. 14 om δωμεν η μη δωμεν\* D  
 28 om εστι\* —  
 xiv. 20 εμβαπσας (Mt) —  
 xv. 1 αυτω πιλατω —  
 4 επηρωτησεν αυτον παλιν C  
 D k  
 17 στεφανον + εξ ακανθων\* fam  
 1 Θ d k  
 43 om του 2°  
 45 om τω\* —  
 xvi. 20 om και τον λογον βεβαιουντος\* —  
 1748  
 i. 6 om και 2° —  
 45 τοις ερημοις —  
 ii. 9 om και ante αρον D C L  
 33 fam 1 al pauc  
 20 ταις ημεραις εκειναις —  
 ηλθον] ηλθε U  
 iii. 8 om σταθηναι . . . 25 δυναται\* —  
 24

- 34 om και περιβλεψαμενος...αδελφοι μου\*  
 iv. 10 om συν\* —  
 19 om εισπορευομεναι —  
 40 om ουκ —  
 v. 16 της αγελης ante των χοιρων —  
 vi. 10 om αν —  
 41 om αναβλεψας...ιχθυας\* —  
 vii. 8 om ποιειτε —  
 ix. 10 προσ αυτους —  
 31 ανθρωπων] αμαρτωλων 700  
 x. 6 αρχην —  
 11 om επ'αυτην fam 1, 565, 28, al pauc  
 19 om μη φονευσης\* D fam 1 al pauc k  
 24 αποκριθεις και λεγει αυτοις παλιν —  
 42 κατακυριευουσιν D al<sup>5</sup>  
 xi. 26 om υμων 1° —  
 28 ταυτην την εξουσιαν —  
 xii. 15 om τι με πειραζετε\* —  
 17 ειπεν] λεγει — (Mt.)  
 23 αυτων] των επτα fam 1 al pauc  
 xiii. 14 ουπου ου δει] εν τοπω αγιω —  
 21 υμιν] ημιν —  
 28 om ηδη U al  
 xiv. 18 ειπεν + αυτοις —  
 om ο Ιησους al pauc  
 xv. 46 om και ante προσεκυλισε —  
 xvi. 12 om δε

## 1500

- vi. 53 γεννησαρ syr<sup>sin</sup> 1220  
 viii. 4 om οι ante μαθηται\* —  
 26 μηδε 2°] μη\* —  
 ix. 9 των νεκρων —  
 10 συζητουντες —  
 14 συζητουντας —  
 20 το πνευμα ευθεωσ —  
 24 om κυριε A<sup>5</sup> B C D L 346 lat arm etc.  
 x. 52 om δε —  
 xiv. 12 om των αζυμων οτε το πασχα εθνον —  
 16 ηυρον —  
 40 ηυρεν —

- 45 om ραββι 2°\* N B C D L M Δ  
 48 εξηλθατε A<sup>5</sup> B C D E H L Δ fam 1 fam 13  
 55-65 a leaf gone —  
 xv. 16 ms. ends with συγκα —

## 1546

- i. 9 ταις ημεραις εκειναις D Δ Σ al  
 24 ηλθες + προκαρου Eus.  
 34 πολλους + τους —  
 45 προσ] εισ —  
 iii. 8 απο των ιεροσολυμων —  
 14 om αυτους —  
 27 om και τοτε...διαρπασει —  
 iv. 2 αυτοις] αυτοις F H al  
 10 αυτον 1°] αυτω —  
 17 ευθυσ N B C L W Δ 33 al  
 v. 2 και ευθεωσ —  
 34 om και ισθι...μαστιγος σου 565 syr<sup>ior</sup> 1223  
 vi. 11 εξερχομενοι 700 al  
 20 αυτον 2°] αυτω —  
 25 om ητησατο λεγουσα\* W  
 27 σπεκουλατοραν D  
 28 om και ηγεγκε...πινακι\* 11  
 54 [corr. + οι ανδρες του τοπου]  
 vii. 18 εσθθεν —  
 22 ασελγειαι θ 69, 346, al Georg  
 viii. 7 + αυτα ante ευλογησας M N W Σ Φ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565  
 32 ο πετρος αυτον B L 892  
 ix. 15 om αυτον 2° 11  
 23 om ει —  
 27 αυτον 1°] αυτων —  
 x. 25 om vers. D eur lat.  
 39 om οι δε ειπον...βαπτισθησεθε\* —  
 46 om απο...αυτον 2° —  
 xii. 5 τους...τους] ους...ους N B L Δ Θ Ψ 33 fam 1 565, 700, 892, al  
 7 om προσ εαυτους fam 13, 28 Georg al  
 37 αυτον υιος al  
 xiii. 1 εισ + εκ A D F X Δ Θ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700 al

5	λεγειν + αυτοισ	N B L U	13	ωσει	al
	Ψ fam 1, 13, 33 al		33	om ηλθε και . . . ειπεν αυτη*	—
19	om γαρ	—	vi. 3	ο τεκτονος υιος και μαριασ	al
32	om οι 2°	N D L U Θ Σ		(+ του 33 fam 13 al 565 lat.)	
	28, 124, 565, 700			προς ημας ωδε	—
xiv. 12	om ημερα	11	15	om αλλοι δε ελεγον οτι προφητησ	
33	παραλαβον	11		εστιν	—
62	μετα] επι	G fam 1, 22, 11,	23	αυτη] αυτην	—
	28, 33, syr <sup>sin</sup>		27	ανενεχθηται	—
71	καταθεματιζειν	11, 565, 1223	28	om αυτην post εδωκεν 2°	D
xv. 20	om την πορφυραν και ενεδυσαν αυτον			33, 258 lat pesh arm	
	—		32	το πλοιον	—
			36	εχωσιν	al
			37	δωμεν] δωσωμεν	N N D fam 13,
				33 al	
			43	των κλασματων	—
			45	προς βηθσαιδαν εισ το περαν	—
			46	εισ] προσ	—
			48-9	om και ηθελε . . . της θαλασσης	—
			54	εκ] απο	—
			vii. 8	om αφεντες γαρ . . . των ανθρωπων	—
			22	δολοι	565 Θ cop georg
			26	συρα φοινικησα	E F G H
				M S T etc.	
			27	om λαβειν τον αρτον των τεκνων και	
				—	
			28	εσθiei υποκατω της τραπεζης	—
			32	επ ante αυτω	—
			viii. 3	απο μακροθεν	N B D L Θ N Δ
				fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565 georg	
			10	δαλμανουβα] μαλδουναθα	—
			23	επιλαβομενου	—
			26	κωμην + αυτων	—
			27	κεσαριασ	—
			ix. 5	om και αποκριθεισ ο πετροσ λεγει	
				τω ιησου	k
			12-13	om επι τον υιον . . . καθωσ γεγραπται	
				—	
			15	om ο	D
			26	ωσ	D
			36	τω μεσω	—
			37	ου δεχετε εμε	—
			45	τους ποδας τους δυο	—
			x. 1	οχλοι + πολλοι	124 pesh
				al	
			16	ευλογησεν	F G al
			22	στυгнаσας] στυгнаζων	—
			29	om η μητερα	—
			39	ειπον] λεγουσιν	4 Syr <sup>hl</sup>
			51	om τι σοι θελεισ . . . λεγει αυτω	—

## 1780

i. 7	ει μη for ειμι	—
14	om ο Ιησους	V al pauc
16	αυτου του σιμωνος τον αδελφον	—
24	ναζαρινε	fam 13 al
28	om ευθυσ	N Θ fam 1, 28,
	33, 565, 700 syr <sup>sin</sup>	al pauc
	(W Georg)	
31	και ευθεωσ αφηκεν	D lat Σ
33	om ην	U Γ
ii. 8	om οτι ουτως . . . εαυτοις	—
16	ιδοντες αυτον εσθιωτα] οντα	—
	om και αμαρτωλων 2°	U
22	παλαιουσ ασκουσ	—
25	επεινασε και αυτος και	22 al
26	αρχιερευσι	28
iii. 2	εν ante τοις	N C D H M
	boh Θ 346	
5	τω ανθρωπω] αυτω	—
6	εποιουν] εποιησαν	N C Δ 565
	al boh Θ	
7	om προς την θαλασσαν	—
	πληθος πολλυ	—
27	om εισελθων εισ την οικιαν αυτου	
	G	
31	αυτον] αυτω	—
35	μητηρ + μου	H* al <sup>60</sup>
iv. 6	om και δια . . . εξηρανθη	—
12	επιστρεφουσιν	346 al
37	λελαψ	— Ω fam 13, 28,
	700	
41	εφοβηθησαν + σφοδρα	al
v. 10	αποστελλη	—
11	om εκει	d

- xi. 3 ειπατε + αυτω Syr<sup>sin</sup>  
 10 η ερχομενη...δαβιδ] η βασιλεια του  
 πατροσ ημων δαβιδ Δ fam  
 1 al  
 13 om ηλθεν ειαρα...ει μη φυλλα —  
 14 καρπον εισ τον αιωνα μηδεις φαγοι  
 M  
 15 om των κολλ, και τας καθ. —  
 16 ηφιεν] ηφικεν —  
 18 γραμματεισ + του λαου —  
 27 και οι πρεσ. και οι γραμ. —  
 33 λεγω εγω —
- xii. 11 ημων] υμων —  
 14 καισαρι δουναι κηρσον —  
 22-23 οι γαρ επτα εσχον αυτην γυναικα εν  
 τη ουν αναστασει οταν αναστωσιν  
 τινος αυτων εσται γυνη k c  
 25 αγγελοι + θεου 69 al  
 33 om εστι παντων —  
 38 γραμματεων + και d D  
 41 εν τω γαζοφυλακιω —
- xiii. 4 om ταυτα 2° —  
 20 ημερασ 1° + εκεινασ E F G  
 M Δ fam 13, 28 al fam 1 Θ  
 Σ Ψ  
 21 om η N L U 565 69 al  
 plur k 700 W Ψ georg fam  
 13  
 εκει + ο χριστος —  
 25 om αι 2° W al  
 30 om οτι k georg al  
 ταυτα παντα N B C L Δ  
 fam 13 Θ Ψ 565, 700  
 34 om την 2° al
- xiv. 2 τω λαω al  
 17 Ιησουσ] κυριοσ —  
 25 πινω] πιω X al  
 32 γεθησημανη Θ Φ 38, 700 al  
 pler  
 41 om των fam 13 700 al  
 43 παρα] απο B  
 πρεσβυτερων + του λαου —  
 54 αυτω] αυτον —
- 64 οι δε + παλιν —  
 εκριναν 235  
 xv. 2 om αυτον 59  
 4 om παλιν U al  
 επηρωτα B U W Ψ fam 13  
 k vg hl al  
 8 ηρξαντο 124 al  
 9 λεγων + τινα  
 17 αυτω] αυτον al  
 40 om η 2° D Θ L 565 fam 13  
 28, 33, al  
 44 επηρωτα —
- 1816  
 ii. 19 om οι  
 iii. 20 ερχεται N B Γ al pauc  
 lat M  
 iv. 1 καθησαι  
 v. 5 om κραξων  
 41 κουμ<sup>2</sup>  
 vi. 33 υπαγοντασ...αυτουσ 2°  
 viii. 15 om λεγων  
 19 και ποσουσ M  
 ix. 5 σοι] συ  
 10 εκ] εν  
 25 εξ] απ C Δ al<sup>6</sup>  
 40 om γαρ\*  
 x. 26 προσ εαυτουσ λεγοντεσ  
 33 αυτω 2°] αυτον 28, 69, 282  
 xi. 28 σοι] σου  
 29 εγω ante ερω  
 xii. 19 τινοσ] τισ  
 44 εβαλλεν min pauc  
 xiii. 37 λεγω υμιν  
 xiv. 19 om και αλλοσ μη τι εγω N  
 B C L P Δ  
 27 οτι γεγρ.] γεγρ. γαρ N k  
 46 επεβαλλον 1220  
 72 om με  
 xv. 5 om ο δε...απεκριθη  
 19 om και τιθεντεσ...αυτω fin. D k  
 (Mt.)

## APPENDIX B

## I. COLLATION OF FAM Π WITH THE CAESAREAN TEXT IN MK. I AND XI

i. 1	χριστου + υιου του θεου	A E F G H Δ fam 1 fam 13, 565, 700
2	εν ησαια τω προφητη] εν τοις προφη- ταις + εγω ante αποστελλω	A E F G H W hel fam 1, 28 A Ν L P Γ W fam 1 fam 13, 700
4	βαπτιζων εν τη ερημω	A P W boh hel arm aeth fam 1 fam 13, 565 georg
5	παντες post εβαπτιζοντο om post ιεροσολυμιται εις τον ιορδανην] εν τω ιορδανη ποταμω	A P Γ W hel fam 1, 700 A P Γ Δ hel pesh fam 1 fam 13 georg
6	και ην] ην δε ο ιωαννης] ιωαννης	A D W Δ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 700 A D W Δ fam 13
7	om οτι + κυρασ ante λυσαι	A and all but Θ fam 1 fam 13, 700 A Ν B C L Δ W fam 1 fam 13, 700
8	εγω + μεν υμας βαπτιζω] εβαπτισα υμας αυτος + δε βαπτισει υμας	A D P W Γ Δ lat fam 1 fam 13 28, 700 A Ν B C L Δ W Θ fam 1, 28, 700 A Θ fam 1, 700 georg and all A fam 1 700 and all but D
9	om ο ante ιησουσ ραζαρεθ υπο ιωαννου εις τον ιορδανην	A Ν B L W fam 1, 700 D W E F H Θ fam 1 fam 13 georg A P W Γ Δ georg <sup>2</sup>
10	εκ] απο om του θεου  εις αυτον] επ' αυτον	A P Γ Δ fam 1, 700 A and all including Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 A Ν L P W Γ Δ Θ fam 1, 28, 565, 700
11	εκ των ουρανων ηκουσθη] εγενετο εκ των ουρανων σοι] ω	A B L P fam 1 fam 13, 700 g <sup>2</sup> A Γ W
12	ευθεωσ αυτον εκβαλλει	A D E M fam 13, 28, 565 A Ν B L W fam 1, 28, 565, 700
13	om επι om και τεσσαρακοντα νυκτας	A W Γ Δ hel pesh Θ A Θ fam 1, 28, 565, 700 g and all but L M 33 lat hel <sup>ms</sup>
14	om ο ante ιησουσ + της βασιλειας ante του θεου	A W Γ Θ 700 A D W Γ Δ lat fam 13, 700
15	λεγων + οτι	A B E F G H D Γ Δ Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700
16	και παραγων] περιπατων δε om τον ante σιμωνα + αυτου του ante σιμωνοσ τα δικτυα] αμφιβληστρον εις την θαλασσαν] εν τη θαλασση	A W Γ Δ hel Θ fam 1 A Θ fam 1, 565, 700 and all but D E F H S U V Y Σ Φ Ω al pler A W Δ Σ Φ A Θ fam 1, 700 and all but syr <sup>sin</sup>
17	+ γενησθαι ante αλιεισ	A Θ 565 georg and all but syr <sup>sin</sup>
18	ευθεωσ δικτυα + αυτων	A B C D W fam 1, fam 13, 28, 700 A Γ Δ lat fam 1 georg <sup>2</sup>
19	προβας + κειθεν δικτυα + αυτων	A C Γ Δ lat fam 13, 700 M Γ 1071 al

- 20 + ευθεωσ ante εκαλεσεν, om ante αφεντες A C D Γ fam 1
- 21 εισπορευονται A Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but min pauc  
καπερναιουμ A C L Γ pesh hel fam 1, 28, georg<sup>2</sup>  
ευθεωσ A B C D W Γ Δ Θ fam 13  
σαββασιν + εισελθων A B D W Γ lat hel arm Θ fam 1, 700  
εις την συναγαγην ειδιδασκε A B W Γ fam 1
- 22 και ουχ A fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but D lat  
om αυτων A Θ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but C M Δ 33 lat
- 23 om ευθυσ A C D W Γ Δ lat Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700
- 24 + εα ante τι A C L Γ Δ hel arm fam 1, fam 13, 28, 700  
οιδαμεν] οιδα A B C D Γ lat vg Θ fam 1, fam 13, 28, 565, 700
- 25 απο του ανθρωπου[ εξ αυτου A N B C E F M Γ fam 1 fam 13, 28 (565, 700) georg  
om το πνευμα το ακαθαρτον A fam 1 fam 13 28, 565, 700 g and all but W lat
- 26 απ αυτου] εξ αυτου A N B L Γ arm fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700  
C W Γ Δ hel.
- 27 τις η διδαχη η καινη αυτη A C D Γ Δ Θ fam 13, 28, 700, georg  
+ οτι ante κατ' A N B C L Γ Δ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700  
+ και ante τοις 1<sup>o</sup> A Γ hel arm fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565
- 28 εξηλθε δε] και εξηλθε αυτου + ευθυσ A D Γ Δ Σ Φ al pler
- 29 ευθεωσ A C Γ Θ 700  
εξελθοντες ηλθον A N C L Γ Δ hel (georg<sup>1</sup>)
- 30 om του ante σιμωνος A N B D E F G W Γ Θ 28  
ευθεωσ A C Γ Δ Θ fam 1, 565, 700
- 31 πυρετος + ευθεωσ A Γ Δ Θ fam 1, 565, 700
- 32 εδν A N C L W Γ Δ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 565, 700 georg<sup>2</sup>  
om παντες A Θ fam 1, 700 georg and all others
- 33 επισυνηγμενη A Δ hel arm Θ fam 1  
την θυραν A Θ fam 1 fam 13 and all but W
- 34 αυτα λαλειν] λαλειν τα δαιμονια A fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 g and all but lat syr<sup>sin</sup>  
om χριστον εινα A N E D F Γ Δ lat
- 35 εννυχον A Γ Δ fam 13, 565, 700  
εξηλθε + και απηλθεν A and all but B W 28, 565, lat
- 36 κατεδιωξαν A C D L W Γ Δ lat hel fam 1 fam 13
- 38 και εκει A D Γ fam 1, 700  
εξεληλυθα A C D W Γ Δ lat hel arm fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
- 39 ηλθεν] ην A C D W Γ Δ lat hel arm fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
- 40 γονυπετων + αυτον A C Δ hel arm fam 13, 28, 700, georg<sup>2</sup>  
λεγων + αυτω A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, and all but D W lat

	κυριε] οτι	A <b>N</b> Γ Δ <i>hel fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 georg<sup>1</sup></i>
41	λεγων] και λεγει + αυτω	A Θ <i>fam 1, 28, 700 and all but W</i> A B C D W L Γ Δ Θ <i>fam 13, 28, 565, 700</i>
42	και ευθυς] και ειποντοσ αυτου ευθεωσ	A C Γ Δ Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 georg</i>
43	εξεβαλεν αυτον ευθεωσ	A
44	ειπων] και λεγει	A Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13 georg and all but 28, 565, 700</i> B C E G S U Γ Θ <i>fam 1, 28</i> A <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 and all but W</i> A B C L Γ Δ Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565</i> A B W Γ Δ <i>lat hel arm Θ fam 1 fam 13, 700</i> A C D Γ Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 700 georg</i> A X Γ <i>g</i> (A) L Γ Δ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28 W georg (Θ 565)</i> A Θ <i>fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W and all but F</i> H <i>lat syr<sup>sin</sup> georg</i> A <i>565 and all but Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700</i> A Θ <i>fam 13, 565, 700 and all but syr<sup>sin</sup> fam 1, 28 W</i>
	μηδενι + μηδεν ο] α	
45	αυτον δυνασθαι φανερωσ εις πολλιν	
	επ] εν	
xi. 1	ιερουσαλημ βηθφαγη και βηθανιαν	
	αποστέλλει	
2	λεγων] και λεγει + αυτοισ	
	ουδεις ανθρωπων ουπω] ουπω ουδεις ανθρωπων κεκαθηκε λυσατε. . . και] λυσαντες	
3	λυετε τον πωλον] ποιειτε τουτο	
4	και απελθοντες] απηλθον δε και	
	την θυραν	
5	τινες δε] και τινες	
	λεγουσιν] ελεγον	
6	ειπον] ειπαν ειπεν] ενετειλατο οτι αυτοισ 2°	
7	αγουσιν] ηγαγον επιβαλλουσιν] επεβαλον ιματια] τα ιματια αυτων καθιζει] εκαθισεν	
	επ'αυτω	
8	ιματια + αυτων	
	εστρωσαν 1° οι δε post αλλοι των δεινδρων	
		W Y Σ Φ A D X <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28 georg</i> A X D Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W</i> A <b>N</b> B C L X Γ Δ A C Γ <i>hel syr<sup>sin</sup> W georg<sup>2</sup> (fam 1 fam 13, 28)</i> A <b>N</b> C D X Γ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700</i> A Θ <i>565, 700 and all but X fam 1 fam 13, 28 W</i> A Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, and all but 700 syr<sup>sin</sup></i> A L Δ Ψ A X Γ Θ <i>fam 13, 565, 700 georg</i> A X Γ A D X Γ <i>lat hel arm 565, 700 georg</i> A X Γ <i>lat fam 13 georg</i> A C X M E F Γ Θ <i>fam 13 (565) 700 georg<sup>1</sup></i> A Θ <i>fam 13 and all but D fam 1, 28, 565, 700</i> A N X Γ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28 W</i> A Θ <i>fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but W L</i> A <b>N</b> B C E F L Δ <i>fam 13 georg</i> A Θ <i>fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but fam 1</i> A <i>fam 1 fam 13, 700 and all but Θ 28, 565</i>

- 9 om τω νῆιστω  
A and all but k arm Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700 georg
- 10 και ευλογημενη  
βασιλεια + εν ονοματι κυριου  
om ειρηνη εν ουρανῳ και }  
δοξα] ωσαννα }  
A D M al pauc pesh  
A N X Γ hcl  
A and all but syr<sup>sin</sup> Θ georg (fam 1, 28, 700 W)
- 11 εισελθων] εισηλθεν  
ιεροσολυμα + ο ιησους  
και εισ το  
και περιβλεψαμενος  
ημερας] ωρας  
A and all but D Θ 565, 700  
A N X fam 13, 28 hcl  
A N X Γ D fam 1, 565, 700 georg  
A and all but D 700 lat  
A Θ fam 1, 565, 700 W and all but fam 13, 28
- 12 εξελθοντων + αυτων  
A and all but fam 13, 565
- 13 συκτην + μιαν  
om απο  
om εισ αυτην  
N M Y pesh hl  
X Y Γ Φ al pler  
A Θ fam 1, 28, 565, 700 and all but fam 13, W syr<sup>sin</sup>
- ωσ ευρησων τι] ει αρα τι ευρησει  
και ελθων  
A N B C L N U Δ fam 1, 28 W  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28 (700) W and all but 565 a f
- και μηδεν . . . ευρων] ουδεν ευρεν  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 W and all but 565 D a q
- om μονον  
A and all but fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W N 33 lat
- om ο ante καιροσ  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 and all but 700 W D
- 14 + και αποκριθεις ante ειπεν  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13 (565) 700 W and all but (D) a g<sup>2</sup>
- εκ σου εισ τον αιωνα  
φαγοι  
ηκουον  
A N X Γ fam 13, 700  
A N B C L N X Γ Δ Θ 565, 700  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 565, 700 and all but 28 W syr<sup>sin</sup>
- 15 ερχονται  
A N B C L N Γ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 565 W (g)
- εισελθων + ο ιησους  
+ τουσ ante αγοραζοντασ  
om εξεχεεν  
A N X Γ f q pesh Θ fam 13  
A N B C L M N U Σ al pauc  
A N B C E F Γ Δ fam 1
- 17 και ελεγεν] λεγων  
A N X Γ D Θ fam 1, 28, 565, 700 W georg<sup>2</sup>
- + αυτοισ post λεγων  
A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 565, 700 W and all but 28 georg B, syr<sup>sin</sup>
- + ου ante γεγραπται  
A and all but D lat Θ fam 1, 28, 700 g
- 18 δε] γαρ  
A fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 W and all but Θ 565 georg
- om αυτον 2°  
πασ γαρ] οτι πασ  
λαοσ] οχλοσ  
A al pauc  
A L N X Γ D fam 1 fam 13, 28 W  
A fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 W and all but Θ 700
- 19 εξεπορευοντο εξω της πολειωσ  
A B M Δ 565, 700 georg

20	και πρωι παραπορευομενοι	A N X Γ fam 13
21	ειπεν] λεγει	A fam 1 fam 13, 28 W and all but Θ 565, 700 georg
	εξηρανται	A fam 13, 28 W and all but D L N Δ Θ fam 1, 565, 700 georg
22	και αποκριθεις	A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 and all but W syr <sup>sin</sup>
	ειπεν] λεγει	A fam 1 fam 13, 28, W and all but Θ 565, 700 georg
	om ει	A B C L N X Γ Δ fam 1, 700 W georg
23	αμην + γαρ	A C L X Γ Δ fam 13 W
	+ οτι ante οσ	A B C L X N Γ Δ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 georg
	αν	Θ 28, 565, 700 W and all but fam 1 fam 13 A
	αρθητι...βληθητι	A Θ fam 13, 565, 700 and all but fam 1, 28 W georg <sup>1</sup>
	λαλει] λεγει	A C X Γ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 W georg
	εσται] γινεται	A fam 1 fam 13, 28 W and all except Θ (565, 700)
	γενησεται] εσται	A N X Γ fam 13
	οσα αν] ο εαν	A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 georg
24	οσα + εαν	A fam 1 fam 13 W and all except Θ 28, 565, 700
	αιτεισθε	A N X Γ fam 13, 28
	λαμβανετε	A and all but D Θ 565, 700
25	αφη	A and all except Θ 700 lat
	+ υμιν post αφη	A C D E G H N Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28
26	add. vers.	A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 700 W and all but X D 565 lat
27	ερχονται	A N X Γ D Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700
28	ελεγον] λεγουσιν	A N X Γ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W georg
	η τις] και τις	A N X (fam 13) 28, 700
	την εξουσιαν ταυτην εδωκεν	A fam 1 fam 13, 700 and all but Θ 28, 565 W georg lat arm syr <sup>sin</sup>
	+ ινα ταυτα ποιησ	A fam 13, 565, 700 W and all but arm Θ fam 1, 28, georg <sup>2</sup>
29	ενα λογον	A fam 1 fam 13, 700 and all but D lat Θ 28, 565 W georg <sup>1</sup>
	+ και ante αποκριθητε	A Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W and all but L Δ 33 georg <sup>2</sup>
	om καγω	N X Γ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W
30	om του ante ιωαννου	A and all but fam 1 W
	απ] εξ	A fam 1 (700) and all but D Θ fam 13, 28, 565 W
31	om τι ειπωμεν	A 28 and all but M lat syr <sup>sin</sup> Θ fam 1 fam 13, 565, 700 W georg
	om ημιν post ερει	N B E F G H N Θ fam 1 fam 13, 700
32	διατι + ουν	A N B C L Δ fam 1
	εαν] αλλ'	

εφθουντο	A and all but N lat arm Θ fam 13, 28, 565, 700 W georg <sup>2</sup>
απαντες	A B L X Γ Δ fam 13
ηδειςαν] ειχον	A fam 1 fam 13 (28) and all but D lat syr <sup>sin</sup> Θ 565, 700 W georg <sup>2</sup>
οτι + οντωσ	A X Γ W georg <sup>1</sup> arm
33 λεγουσι τω ιησου	A X Γ D fam 1, 565, 700 georg <sup>2</sup>

## II. COLLATION OF FAM II WITH A IN Mk. I AND XI

i. 2	ωσ] καθωσ	NBLΔ33 Θ fam 1, 565, 700
	ομ εμπροσθεν σου	NBDLW lat Θ 700
9	ναζαρεθ	DWEFH Θ fam 1 fam 13 georg
13	εν τη ερημω] εκει	syr <sup>sin</sup> arm fam 1, 28, 565, 700 georg
	+ οι ante αγγελιοι	all but AMΣ minn pauc
14	+ τον ante ιωαννην	NBLMWΔ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
15	+ και ante λεγων	BLMWΔΦ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
16	αδελφον + αυτου	EFHSUVYΦΩ hl al pler
19	δικτυα + αυτων	M Γ al pler
27	η διδαχη η καινη αυτη	CW ΓΔ
36	ο + τε	Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
44	μηδενι + μηδεν	BCEGSU Θ fam 1, 28
xi. 1	ομ και post ιερουσαλημ	all except A
2	+ ουπω ante ουδεις	ΥΣΦ W hl sah boh
	ομ πωποτε	all but A minn pauc
3	αποστελει	GU lat fam 1, 700 W
8	ομ δε post αλλοι 2°	hel fam 1
	εν τη οδω 2°	MNΘ 565, 700
13	συκην + μιαν	NMY pesh hl
	μακροθεν	XYΓΦ al pler
15	ομ και post εκβαλλειν	all except A
	εν αυτω] εν τω ιερω	all except A
19	οταν	NBCLΔ 33 Θ 28, 565 W
23	αν	all but A fam 1 fam 13
24	εαν	NΣ
26	ομ τοις ante ουρανοισ	CDM fam 1
30	ομ του post βαπτισμα	NXYΓ Σ Φ Ψ
31	διελογιζοντο	BCDGLMΔ Θ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 W
	διατι + ουν	NBEFGHNΘ fam 1 fam 13, 700

## III. INSTANCES WHERE A DIVERGES BOTH FROM FAM II AND THE CAESAREAN TEXT IN Mk I AND XI

i. 2	ωσ	DPWΓΣΦ al pl
	+ εμπροσθεν σου	ΓΔΣ al pl
9	ναζαρατ	PΣ pesh hl hier
13	εκει] εν τη ερημω	NBDLΘ fam 13, 33
	ομ οι ante αγγελιοι	MΣ 33 al pauc
14	ομ τον ante ιωαννην	EFGHSUVΓΘ al pler
15	ομ και ante λεγων	N <sup>a</sup> DEFGHSUVΓΣΩ al pler

16	σιμωνος] του σιμωνος	Δ fam 1 fam 13 al pauc
27	λεγοντες τισ η καινη αυτη διδαχη	CMWΘ 33 al mu (cf. fam 13)
35	και εκει	DW
36	om τε	CGΔΣ al pler
42	εκαθερισθη	B*CGΛΔΠ²ΣΩ fam 1, 565 al pauc
xi 1	και εις βηθσαγαη και βηθανιαν	al pauc
2	ουδεις πωποτε (om ουπω)	NBCDLXYΓΔΘΣ fam 13, 28, 565
*3	αποσπελλει	DXΓ al pler
8	εν τη οδω 2°] εις την οδον	
15	και τους πωλουντας εν τω ιερω] εν αυτω	
19	στε	DNXΓΣΦΠ² fam 1 fam 13, 700 al pler
24	οσα αν	XYΓΘΦ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565, 700
31	ελογιζοντο	NXYΓΣΦ 700 al pler

## APPENDIX C

## COLLATION OF A WITH FAM II IN Mk.

i. 2	ως	DEFGHMPUSUVΓ s
	σου + εμπροσθεν σου	ΓΔ unc⁸ al pler s
9	Ναζαρατ	P
13	εκει] εν τη ερημω om οι	NBDL33 fam 13 al pauc 178, 1318, 1500 M 33
14	om τον	116, 1200, 1318, EFGHSUVΓΘ al¹⁰
15	om και 1°	DEFGHSUVΓ al¹⁰
16	om αυτου	E²Δ fam 1 fam 13 (M)
19	om αυτων	NBCDLΔ unc⁶ al pl s
24	σοι] συ	114, 178, BΓΔ
27	η καινη αυτη διδαχη	
36	om τε	CGΔ unc⁸ al pler s
44	om μηδεν	1223, 1318, N LΔWD 33
ii. 4	προσεγγισαι αυτω	CDΓΔ unc⁷ al pler s
9	σου] σοι	CDSΓΔ al vix mu s
12	παντας] παντες	C*
15	αμαρτωλοι + ελθοντες	
16	μετα των τελωνων και αμαρτωλων εσθιοντα	
18	om και οι των φαρισαιων 2°	
21	μηγε] μη	all but fam II Δ 28, 33, fam 1
23	εν τοις σαββασιν δια των σποριμων	EGHMSUVΓ al longe pler s
24	ο ουκ εξεστιν τοις σαββασιν	28
iii. 1	εκει ην	
2	παρετηρουντο θεραπευσει αυτον	CDΔ fam 1, 1067, 238 all but fam II
4	εξ + εν	DE al¹⁰
10	εθεραπευσεν απτωνται] αψωνται αψων. + και	all but fam II all but fam II and U 28 lat

12	ποιησωσιν	all but fam II DL fam 13
17	αυτου ιακωβου	G, 28, 69 al <sup>10</sup>
20	om τον ante οικον ο οχλος	all but fam II 1219 BDΔ al <sup>10</sup>
25	στηναι] σταθηναι	all but fam II
28	τοis υιοis των ανθρωπων τα αμαρτη- ματα αι βλασφημιαi	<b>NBCDLΔ</b> fam 1, 28, fam 13, al <sup>10</sup> 1318 <b>NBCEFGHLΔ</b> al <sup>25</sup>
31	φωνουντες] ζητουντες	
32	σου 2° + και αι αδελφαι σου	116, 1223, 1318 DEFHMSUVr 22 fam 13 al <sup>100</sup>
35	om μου 2°	116 <b>NBDLΔ</b> al <sup>25</sup>
iv. 1	συνηχθησαν το πλοιον	565 al <sup>10</sup> [Matt] B <sup>2</sup> DΔ unc <sup>7</sup> al longe pl s
8	αυξανομενον	CDLΔ 238
10	ηρωτων	BLΔ 33 al pauc
11	τα παντα	BCLΔ unc <sup>8</sup> al pl s
15	εν ταις καρδιαis] απο της καρδιας	Luke
22	τι κρυπτον	<b>NCEFGLSVΔ</b> al pauc
28	om γαρ	<b>NBCL</b> al pauc
31	των επι της γης εστιν	
37	επεβαλλεν	<b>BCGHKSVD</b> al pl
38	επι 1°] εν	<b>NBCDLΔ</b> al <sup>15</sup>
v. 4	δαμασαι] δησαι	
6	αυτω] αυτον	BCLΔ
7	υφιστου] ζωντος	hl mg
8	το πνευμα το ακαθαρτον εξελθε εκ] απο	33 lat
9	επηρωτησεν	178 lat
10	παρεκαλουν αυτον 2°] αυτους	116, 652 Δ fam 1, 28, 565 116, 178 M jer lat
12	παντες ante οι	EFGHSUV al
13	om τα ακαθαρτα*	F al <sup>4</sup>
14	και οι	652, 1220, <b>NBCDLMΔ</b> al <sup>25</sup>
23	αυτη] αυτω	K al <sup>5</sup>
25	om τις	<b>NBCLΔ</b> al <sup>5</sup>
26	εαυτης] αυτης	116, 1220, 1223, 1318, L unc <sup>8</sup> al <sup>100</sup>
28	om εν εαυτη	all but fam II D and the Caesarean Text
34	αυτη] αυτω	fam 1
38	ερχονται	652, <b>NBCDFΔ</b> fam 1, 33 al <sup>5</sup>
40	οπου] ου	
43	γνοι	BDL
vi. 2	om ινα	EFGHMSUV fam 1 fam 13, 28 al <sup>80</sup>
4	ιδια ante πατριδι	<b>N<sup>c</sup>L</b>
9	ενδυσησθε	<b>NCDΔ</b> unc <sup>8</sup> al longe pl
10	λεγει	al pauc
	αν	DLΔ al pauc
14	ενεργουσιν αι δυναμεις	all but fam II and Δ 33

17	γαρ] δε ιωαννην + εν φυλακη } om εν τη φυλακη } εγαμησεν αυτην	D
22	ειπεν + δε ο εαν θελεις post με	boh all but fam II
24	αιτησωμαι	NBCDGLΔ
26	ηβηλησεν	all but fam II and fam 1
27	αποστειλας ο βασιλευς την κεφαλην αυτου	all but fam II all but fam II
30	οσα εποιησαν και οσα εδιδαξαν	this order all but fam II
31	αναπαυσασθε ευκαιρουν	1220, 1318, BCMΔ fam 13 al pauc 116, 1200, 1223, NBEFGHVTΔ
33	συνηλθον] συνεδραμον	
35	αυτου] αυτω om αυτω	all but D fam 13, 565
37	om αυτοις 1° δωσομεν	L fam 1, 33 LΔ 565 al pauc
38	λεγουσιν + αυτω	DM fam 13 al pauc
41	παραθωσιν	DT unc <sup>8</sup> al pler
45	ηνεγκασεν	
47	μονος + ην	U al <sup>6</sup>
48	εναντιος ο ανεμος	116, 389 N fam 1 al <sup>3</sup>
53	γεννησαρετ	116, 265 N BDLXΓ unc <sup>7</sup>
54	αυτον + οι ανδρες του τοπου εκεινου	ΓΔ fam 1 fam 13, 28, 33 al <sup>20</sup>
56	εισπορευοντο	LM al <sup>5</sup>
vii. 2	om εμεμψαντο	NBEGHLVXΓΔ al <sup>25</sup>
5	τον αρτον	all but fam II
6	περι υμων ησαιας	al pauc
8	βαπτισμον om αλλα	lat al pauc
	πολλα ποιετε	all but fam II F
11	εαν 1°] os αν	33
19	καθαριζων	116, 1220 NBEFGHLSXΔ Caes al mu
24	ηδυνηθη	all but fam II Δ
36	om αυτος	NBLWXΔ fam 1 al <sup>10</sup>
viii. 3	ηκασι	N DN fam 1, 28, 33 fam 13 al <sup>20</sup>
7	παρατεθηναι	pauc
8	om παντες	all but N M 33 fam II
12	εαυτου	L
13	αυτους] αυτου om το 1°	1200, 1223, EFGMSVX al pl
21	λεγει] ελεγεν πως ουπω	NBCEGHLSUVXΓΔ 1220, DMNUX al <sup>30</sup>
23	αυτω] αυτου	KΔ 28, 565, al <sup>10</sup>
27	om αυτου 2°	389 arm
29	om δε 2°	BL al pauc 72, 114, 178, 265, 389, 652, 1219, 1220, 1313, 1816
31	υπο] απο	XΓΔ unc <sup>7</sup> al pler

35	αν εαυτου ψυχην] ψυχην αυτου	DEFGHLSUXΓ al longe pl NBCLΔ fam 1, 33 al pauc
38	om αν	
ix. 2	εξ ο Ιησους παραλαμβάνει om τον 3°	389, 1220, 1318, BNΓΔ unc <sup>7</sup> al pler all but fam Π
3	ως γναφευς	
4	μωσει	
7	νεφελης + λεγουσα	DL (Δ) fam 1, 28, 33 al mu fam 1 fam 13, 28 al <sup>6</sup>
11	επηρωτησαν	N <sup>e</sup> B <sup>8</sup> LΔ fam 1, 28, 33, 565
12	αποκαθιστανει	all but fam Π N <sup>e</sup> L 28
13	om εν	389, 1200, GMΓ al <sup>30</sup>
16	εαυτους	K 116 EFGMVΓ al <sup>60</sup>
22	το πυρ	NBCLXΓΔ unc <sup>9</sup> al longe pl
23	το ante ει	NBCDL 346 k i
24	om κυριε	NBLΔ 33
26	τους ante πολλους	M al <sup>10</sup>
28	τον οικον ηδυνηθημεν	all but fam Π
34	om εν τη οδω	265 DΔ lat
37	εαν 1°] αν	NBCDLΔ fam 1 fam 13, 28
42	τουτων + των αυτω εστιν	NBCDLWΔ fam 1 al pauc
43	εισελθειν εις την ζωνη	NBCDLΔ 282, 565
45	αυτον] αυτην om την	1220 MNX fam 13, 28 al pauc
47	εις την βασιλειαν του θεου εισελθειν	
x. 7	pros την γυναικα] τη γυναικι	CLNΔ fam 1, al <sup>5</sup>
9	om ο 2°	G al pauc
10	του αυτου] τουτου	1220, 1223 BCLMNXΓΔ al <sup>60</sup>
14	και μη	NCDL fam 1 fam 13, al sat mu
19	ψευδομαρτυρησης + μη αποστερησης	NCDLNXΓ unc <sup>8</sup> al pler
20	εφη + αυτω, διδασκαλε εφυλαξα om τι επι υστερω	all but fam Π lat fam 1 D 28 Clem Or all but fam Π MN fam 13, 28, 565
21	om ει θελεις τελειος ειναи σε] σοι	all but fam Π MN fam 13, 28, 565 all but fam Π
24	om Ιησους αυτοις + τεκνια	N fam 1 al <sup>5</sup> (NBBCDFHMSUVXΓΔ)
25	ευκοπωτερον + δε διελθειν] εισελθειν	NNXΓΔ unc <sup>8</sup> al pl a k hl <sup>ms</sup>
28	om δε	1220 NBCXΓΔ unc <sup>8</sup> al <sup>70</sup>
34	αυτον ult.] αυτω	
34	αιτησομεν σε	NBCLΔ al
41	ηρξαντο αγανακτειν] ηγανακτησαν ιακωβου και ιωαννου] των δυο αδελφων	fam 1 al pauc 91 (Mt)
51	λεγει αυτω ο ιησους θελεις ποιησω σοι	XΓΠ <sup>ms</sup> unc <sup>8</sup> al pler DXΓΠ <sup>ms</sup> unc <sup>8</sup> al pl

52	λεγει] ειπεν	all but fam II
	τω ιησου] αυτω	<b>NBCDLM</b> <sup>ms</sup> Δ al <sup>20</sup>
xi. 1	ιερουσαλημ + και	565
2	om ουτω	} Lk
	ουδεις + πωποτε	
3	αποσπελλει	<b>NBCDEFHKLSVXΓΔ</b> al plus <sup>100</sup>
8	αλλοι 2 <sup>o</sup> + δε	all but fam II fam I
	εν τη οδω 2 <sup>o</sup> ] εις την οδον	D X Γ unc <sup>8</sup> al omn
13	om μιαν	all but fam <b>ΠNM</b>
	απομακροθεν	1220 <b>NBCDLMNΔ</b> al <sup>20</sup>
15	εκβαλλειν + και	
	εν τω ιερω] εν αυτω	
19	οτε	DNXΓ unc <sup>7</sup> al pler
23	εαν	fam I al pauc
24	αν	XΓ unc <sup>7</sup> al pler
26	τοις ουρανοις	EGHNUVXΓ al pler
27	βαπτισμα + το	<b>NBCDLΔ</b> 33
31	ελογιζοντο	EFHNSUVXΓ al pl
	om ουν	CLMSXΔ al <sup>30</sup>
xii. 1	εξεδετο	<b>KNBCL</b>
2	τω καιρω δουλον	N al <sup>8</sup>
5	αποκτενοντες	<b>NCDEUVΓ</b>
6	εχων υιον	CD
	προς αυτους εσχατον	NXT unc <sup>9</sup> al longe pl
12	την παραβολην προς αυτους	
16	οι δε ειπον] λεγουσιν	(Mt) lat
19	εξαναστησει	CHΓ al <sup>20</sup>
22	αυτην + ωσαντως και	al <sup>2</sup>
	εσχατη	EFMSUVXΓ al pl
23	η γυνη	D 13
25	εγκαμискονται	1200 F H al <sup>15</sup>
	οι εν	BEGHSVXΓ al sat mu
27	ο ante θεος 1 <sup>o</sup>	<b>NCEFGHMSUVΓ</b> al pl
30	διανοιας σου + και εξ ολης	
	της ψυχης σου	
	om παντων	DXΓ unc <sup>8</sup> al omn
33	σεαυτον	1318 <b>NDLSΓΔ</b> al <sup>10</sup>
41	εβαλλον	BDEGHLSXΓΔ al pl
43	βεβληκε] εβαλεν	178, 1220 BDLΔ 33 al <sup>15</sup>
xiii. 1	εις + εκ	DFXΔ fam I fam 13, 28
2	λιθον] λιθω	DEFHKSV al pl
3	επερωτων	EFGH
9	αρχαι	EFGHMVXΓ al pl
11	αν	D al pauc
15	εισελθατω	<b>NDLΔ</b> fam 13, 28
	αραι τι	<b>NDXΓΔ</b> unc <sup>8</sup> al omn
21	πιστευεται	<b>NBCDEFHLVΔ</b> al <sup>40</sup>
25	εκπιπτοντες	ΓΔ unc <sup>9</sup> al longe pl
27	om της }	all but U fam II fam I fam 13
	om του }	

28	απαλος γενηται θερος + εστιν	all but fam II all but fam II
31	παρελευσεται	EFGHLM SVXΔ al <sup>60</sup>
32	om της 2 <sup>o</sup>	1223, 1318, 1816 EFGHSUV al <sup>80</sup>
37	ο] α	Γ unc <sup>8</sup> al longe pler
xiv. 3	πολυτιμου	G fam 1 fam 13, 28, 565 (Mt Jn)
5	ηδυνατο	all but fam II L
9	om δε	CFHMUX al pl
10	om εις των δωδεκα	
11	οι δε] και αυτον ευκαιρως	NBCLMΔ al <sup>5</sup> all but fam II
19	λεγειν + αυτω εγω 1 <sup>o</sup> + ειμι ρα ββι	
20	εμου + την χειρα	(Mt)lat boh sah
21	εγενθη	LΔ 69 al pauc
27	διασκορπισθησονται om της ποιμνης	K 116, 1200, 1220 NBCDFGLNΔ al mu NXΓΔ
31	δε + πετρος	116, 652, 1220, CGMNSUΘ fam 1, 28, fam 13, 565, 700 W
	δεη με	1200 N <sup>o</sup> BLN al <sup>12</sup>
32	om αυτου	
35	προσελθων	72, 114, 116, 652, 1318 CDEGHLSUVX ΓΔ
36	το ποτηριον τουτο απ'εμου	NBCGLUXΔ al <sup>15</sup>
37	om και 3 <sup>o</sup> om τω	
40	αποκριθωσιν αυτω	NBCDL al <sup>10</sup>
41	om το 2 <sup>o</sup>	CDEFLSX al <sup>60</sup>
43	ο ιουδας om των ante πρεσβυτερων	B 1200 N U fam 1 fam 13 al pauc
47	om τις	NLM al <sup>10</sup>
48	εξηλατε	NBCDEHLΔ fam 1 fam 13
55	ψευδομαρτυριαν	S al <sup>6</sup> k (Mt)
58	καταλυω	Π
62	καθημενον εκ δεξιων	I fam 1, 33 al sat mu
64	την βλασφημιαν	DG fam 1 fam 13, 565
68	om αυτον	all but fam II M
69	παρεστηκοσιν	DNXΓ unc <sup>7</sup> al pler
xv. 10	παρεδωκεισαν	EGNVXΔ al mu
12	ον λεγετε] τον	NBCΔ fam 1 fam 13 al
20	αγουσιν σταυρωσουσιν	
22	μεθερμηνευομενος	CDLNΠΔ 33 fam 13
28	om vers.	BN
29	om εν	NBCDX al <sup>45</sup> k
32	του ισραηλ	DPV al <sup>10</sup>
34	σιβακθανει	CPXΓ unc <sup>8</sup> al pler
35	παρεστηκοτων] εκει εστηκοτων om οτι	goth  all but fam II

40	η του ιακωβου	EGHMSVXr al pl
41	οι αι αλλαι αιτεραι	1220 CLΔ al <sup>10</sup>
42	επειδη	
46	καθηκεν αυτον 2 <sup>o</sup> ] αυτο	1220 M
47	η Ιωσηφ	al pauc
xvi. 2	οι επι	all but fam II fam 1, 565 al
9	σαββατων] του σαββατου	all but fam II fam 1 al <sup>60</sup>
10	απελθουσα] πορευθεισα	all but fam II
14	υστερον + δε	D al <sup>10</sup> 72, 1220, 1318
	εγγερμενον + εκ νεκρων	72 CXΔ al <sup>20</sup> arm hl
17	παρακολουθησει ταυτα	C <sup>2</sup> 33
19	ανελημφθη	

## APPENDIX D

## K VARIANTS IN MARK

BY DAVID O. VOSS

In this list of the *K<sup>r</sup>* variants in Mark are included only those supported by at least six of the ten mss. studied. Every ms. has at least 80% of these variants; seven of the mss. have over 90%. There are three other variants found in four of the ten mss.; viz, viii. 25 ἀνέβλεψε for ἐνέβλεψε, xii. 41 ἔβαλον for ἔβαλλον, and xiv. 36 παρένεγκαι for παρένεγκε. There are four other variants in which three mss. agree, and perhaps twenty in which two agree. Only four of the ten mss. have more than 15 variants outside of those in this list.

Most of these variants, of course, are found in other types of manuscripts; but the ten which are marked with asterisk (\*) are peculiar to *K<sup>r</sup>*. All the *K<sup>r</sup>* mss. have at least eight of these ten variants, and no other ms. has as many as half of them, except the second hand of 488, which shows evident corruption to this type.

The importance of the *K<sup>r</sup>* text is that, according to von Soden, it is found in fully one half of the extant mss. of the fifteenth century.

The mss. used for this list are:

479	l	in	Scrivener,	Collation	of	20	Greek	mss.
201	m	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
480	n	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

241 k in Matthaei, Novum Testamentum Graece

246 p " " " " "

252 z " " " " "

66 d in Scrivener, Adversaria Critica Sacra, Isaac Gospels, Chicago 137, Chicago, Ill.

2322 Terrel Gospels, University of Texas (collated at Chicago)

685 Michigan 151, Ann Arbor, Mich.

- |        |                                      |         |                                   |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| i. 6   | add ὁ before Ἰωάννης                 | 5       | tr . . . μνήμασιν καὶ . . . ὄρεσι |
| 9      | add ὁ before Ἰησοῦς                  | 11      | τῷ ὄρει for τὰ ὄρη                |
| 12     | εὐθέως for εὐθύς                     | 16      | διηγῆσαντο δέ for καὶ διηγῆσαντο  |
| 16     | add τοῦ σίμωνος after αὐτοῦ          | 19      | πεποίηκε for ἐποίησε              |
| 27     | ἐαυτοῦς for αὐτοῦς                   | 26      | αὐτῆς for ἐαυτῆς                  |
| 30     | add τοῦ before Σίμωνος               | 40      | πάντας for ἅπαντας                |
| 34     | add at end χριστὸν εἶναι             | vi. 2   | om ὅτι                            |
| 37     | tr σε ζητοῦσι                        | 11      | ἐάν for ἄν                        |
| 38     | καὶ ἐκεῖ for κακεῖ                   | 15      | om ἥ                              |
| 38     | ἐλήλυθα for ἐξελήλυθα                | 17      | om τῇ                             |
| 44     | προσένεγκαι for προσένεγκε           | 20      | ἀκούων for ἀκούσας                |
| ii. 1  | tr εἰσῆλθε πάλιν                     | 29      | om τῷ                             |
| 8      | add αὐτοὶ after οὕτως                | 31      | εὐκαίρουν for ἡκαίρουν            |
| 9      | σου for σοι                          | 33      | om οἱ ὄχλοι                       |
|        | tr τὸν κράββατόν σου                 |         | αὐτοῦς for αὐτόν (1)              |
| 10     | tr ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς ἀφιέναι               | 37      | tr δηναρίων διακοσίων             |
| 26     | om τοῦ (2)                           | 44      | om ὥσει                           |
| iii. 7 | ἠκολούθησεν for ἠκολούθησαν          | 45      | ἀπολύσει for ἀπολύση              |
| 12     | tr φανερόν αὐτόν                     | 52      | tr αὐτῶν ἡ καρδία                 |
| 20     | μηδὲ for μήτε                        | 53      | γεννησαρέτ for Γεννησαρέτ         |
| 27     | οὐδεὶς δύναται for οὐ δύναται οὐδεὶς | vii. 4  | χαλκίων for χαλκίων               |
|        | διαρπάσῃ for διαρπάσει               | 24      | om τῇν                            |
| 32     | add καὶ αἱ ἀδελφαὶ σου after σου     | 26      | συραφονίκισσα                     |
|        | (2)                                  | 26      | ἐβάλῃ for ἐβάλλῃ                  |
| 34     | ἰδοὺ for ἴδε                         | 31      | add ὁ Ἰησοῦς after ἐξελθών        |
| 35     | add μου after μήτηρ                  | 32      | μογγιλάλων for μογγιλάλων         |
| iv. 4  | om τοῦ οὐρανοῦ                       | viii. 3 | νήστις for νήστεις                |
| 9      | om αὐτοῖς                            | 6       | add καὶ before εὐχαριστήσας       |
| 18     | om οὗτοί εἰσιν (2)                   | 13      | om τό (1)                         |
| 22     | om τι                                | 14      | add οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ after ἐπελά- |
| * 24   | ἀντιμετρηθήσεται for μετρηθήσεται    |         | θαντο                             |
| 30     | ὁμοιώσωμεν for ὁμοιώσωμεν            | 21      | λέγει for ἔλεγεν                  |
| 31     | κόκκον for κόκκῳ                     |         | οὕτω for οὕ                       |
| 33     | ἐδύναντο for ἠδύναντο                | 31      | add τῶν before ἀρχιερέων          |
| 37     | ἐπέβαλεν for ἐπέβαλλεν               |         | add τῶν before γραμματέων         |
| v.* 3  | οἰκησιν for κατοικήσιν               | 34      | ἀκολουθεῖν for ἐλθεῖν             |
| 3      | μνήμασι for μνημείois                | 38      | ἐάν for ἄν                        |
| 4      | ἰσχυσε for ἰσχυε                     | ix. 3   | κναφεύς for γραφεύς               |

- 4 μωυσῇ for Μωσει  
 6 λαλήσει for λαλήση  
 7 om λέγουσα  
 20 ἰδόν for ἰδών  
 25 add ὁ before ὄχλος  
 41 om τῷ  
 42 ἐάν for ἄν  
 48 om αὐτῶν  
 x. 2 om οἱ  
 8 tr σάρξ μία  
 14 om καὶ (2)  
 16 εὐλόγει for ὑπλόγει  
 \* 17 τις for εἰς  
 21 om τοῖς  
 24 om τοῖς (2)  
 \* 25 add γάρ before ἐστι  
 25 om τῆς (1)  
 27 om τῷ (1)  
 28 ἤρξατο δέ for καὶ ἤρξατο  
 29 add ἔνεκεν before τοῦ εὐαγγελίου  
 30 add καὶ πατέρα after ἀδελφάς  
 30 μητέρα for μητέρας  
 31 om οἱ  
 43 tr ὑμῶν διακονος  
 44 ἐάν for ἄν  
 51 ραββουὶ for ραββονί  
 \* 52 ἠκολούθησε for ἠκολούθει  
 xi. 1 βηθφαγή for Βηθφαγή  
 3 ἀποστέλλει for ἀποστελεῖ  
 5 ἐστῶτων for ἐστηκότων  
 14 φάγη for φάγοι  
 22 add ὁ before Ἰησοῦς  
 24 αἰτήσθε for αἰτεῖσθε  
 29 καὶ ἐγώ for ἐγώ  
 \* 30 om ἀποκρίθητέ μοι  
 32 om ἐάν  
 xii. 3 ἔδηραν for ἔδειραν  
 5 δαίροντες for δέροντες  
 ἀποκτενοντες for ἀποκτείνοντες  
 23 om οὖν  
 25 om οἱ  
 26 μωυσέος for Μωσέως  
 26 τοῦ for τῆς  
 \* 29 ὑμῶν for ἡμῶν  
 32 om θεός  
 33 om τῶν (2)  
 36 om τῷ (1)  
 om τῷ (2)  
 λέγει for εἶπεν (2)  
 43 βαλλόντων for βαλόντων  
 xiii. 2 tr ἀποκριθεὶς ὁ Ἰησοῦς  
 add ὧδε after ἀφεθῇ  
 9 ἀχθήσεσθε for σταθήσεσθε  
 11 ἄγωσω for ἀγαγῶσω  
 λαλήσετε for λαλήσητε  
 14 ἐστὼς for ἐστός  
 21 om καὶ  
 om ἡ  
 28 tr ἡδὴ ὁ κλάδος αὐτῆς  
 γινώσκεται for γινώσκετε  
 31 παρελεύσεται for παρελεύσονται  
 32 ἡ for καὶ  
 om τῆς (2)  
 add τῷ before οὐρανῷ  
 \* 33 om καὶ  
 xiv. 6 ἐν ἐμοὶ for εἰς ἐμέ  
 8 ἔσχεν for εἶχεν  
 9 ἐάν for ἄν  
 10 om ὁ (1)  
 11 ἀργύρια for ἀργύριον  
 12 ἐτοιμάσομεν for ἐτοιμάσωμεν  
 15 ἀνώγων for ἀνώγειν  
 22 add καὶ before εὐλογήσας  
 25 γενήματος for γεννήματος  
 \* 28 μετὰ δέ for ἀλλὰ μετὰ  
 30 add σύ after ὅτι  
 31 ἀπαρνήσωμαι for ἀπαρνήσομαι  
 32 προσεύξομαι for προσεύξωμαι  
 33 om τόν (2)  
 40 καταβαρυνόμενοι for βεβαρηνμένοι  
 41 om τό (2)  
 45 add αὐτῷ after λέγει  
 51 ἠκολούθησεν for ἠκολούθει  
 60 om τό  
 62 tr ἐκ δεξιῶν καθήμενον  
 68 οὔτε for οὐδέ  
 71 ὁμνῆσαι for ὁμνεῖν  
 72 τὸ ῥῆμα ὃ for τοῦ ῥήματος οὗ  
 xv. 18 add καὶ λέγειν before χαίρει  
 ὁ βασιλεὺς for βασιλεῦ  
 24 διαμερίζονται for διεμέριζον  
 29 οὐαὶ for οὐά  
 31 om δέ  
 32 add αὐτῷ after πιστεύσωμεν  
 33 ἐνάτης for ἐννάτης  
 34 ἐνάτη for ἐννάτη

- λιμᾶ for λαμμᾶ  
 om μου (1)  
 40 om καί (2)  
 42 tr παρασκευῇ ἦν  
 43 ἐλθών for ἦλθεν

- xvi. 1 om ἡ τοῦ  
 τὸν Ἰησοῦν for αἰτόν  
 8 om τάχῃ  
 9 add ὁ Ἰησοῦς after δέ  
 18 βλάψῃ for βλάψει



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Alexandrinus.

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*M. Parris*  
*fellows*

~~9/9/42~~ *Edward D. Hills*  
*Smith*  
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~~JUL 7 1972~~

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